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AICPA Professional Standards: Statement on standards for consulting services as of June 1, 1992

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Management Advisory Services Executive Committee

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AICPA PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

Volume 2

Accounting & Review Services

Code of Professional Conduct

Bylaws

International Accounting

International Auditing

Consulting Services

Quality Control

Quality Review

Tax Practice

As of June 1, 1992

AICPA

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

CS

STATEMENT ON STANDARDS FOR CONSULTING SERVICES

Statements on Standards for Consulting Services are issued by the AICPA Management Advisory Services Executive Committee, the senior technical committee of the Institute designated to issue pronouncements in connection with consulting services. Council has designated the AICPA Management Advisory Services Executive Committee as a body to establish technical standards under Rule 202 of the Institute's Code of Professional Conduct. Members should be prepared to justify departures from this Statement.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<i>Section</i>		<i>Paragraph</i>
100	Consulting Services: Definitions and Standards	.01-.10
	Introduction01-.04
	Definitions05
	Standards for Consulting Services06-.08
	Consulting Services for Attest Clients09
	Effective Date10

[The next page is 15,011.]

CS Section 100

Consulting Services: Definitions and Standards

Effective for engagements accepted on or after January 1, 1992, unless otherwise indicated.

Introduction

.01 Consulting services that CPAs provide to their clients have evolved from advice on accounting-related matters to a wide range of services involving diverse technical disciplines, industry knowledge, and consulting skills. Most practitioners, including those who provide audit and tax services, also provide business and management consulting services to their clients.

.02 Consulting services differ fundamentally from the CPA's function of attesting to the assertions of other parties. In an attest service, the practitioner expresses a conclusion about the reliability of a written assertion that is the responsibility of another party, the asserter. In a consulting service, the practitioner develops the findings, conclusions, and recommendations presented. The nature and scope of work is determined solely by the agreement between the practitioner and the client. Generally, the work is performed only for the use and benefit of the client.

.03 Historically, CPA consulting services have been commonly referred to as management consulting services, management advisory services, business advisory services, or management services. A series of Statements on Standards for Management Advisory Services (SSMASs) previously issued by the AICPA contained guidance on certain types of consulting services provided by members. This Statement on Standards for Consulting Services (SSCS) supersedes the SSMASs and provides standards of practice for a broader range of professional services, as described in paragraph .05.

.04 This SSCS and any subsequent SSCSs apply to any AICPA member holding out as a CPA while providing Consulting Services as defined herein.

Definitions

.05 Terms established for the purpose of SSCSs are as follows:

Consulting Services Practitioner. Any AICPA member holding out as a CPA while engaged in the performance of a Consulting Service for a client, or any other individual who is carrying out a Consulting Service for a client on behalf of any Institute member or member's firm holding out as a CPA.

Consulting Process. The analytical approach and process applied in a Consulting Service. It typically involves some combination of activities relating to determination of client objectives, fact-finding, definition of the problems or opportunities, evaluation of alternatives, formulation of proposed action, communication of results, implementation, and follow-up.

Consulting Services. Professional services that employ the practitioner's technical skills, education, observations, experiences, and knowledge of

the consulting process.¹ Consulting Services may include one or more of the following:

- a. *Consultations*, in which the practitioner's function is to provide counsel in a short time frame, based mostly, if not entirely, on existing personal knowledge about the client, the circumstances, the technical matters involved, client representations, and the mutual intent of the parties. Examples of consultations are reviewing and commenting on a client-prepared business plan and suggesting computer software for further client investigation.
- b. *Advisory services*, in which the practitioner's function is to develop findings, conclusions, and recommendations for client consideration and decision making. Examples of advisory services are an operational review and improvement study, analysis of an accounting system, assistance with strategic planning, and definition of requirements for an information system.
- c. *Implementation services*, in which the practitioner's function is to put an action plan into effect. Client personnel and resources may be pooled with the practitioner's to accomplish the implementation objectives. The practitioner is responsible to the client for the conduct and management of engagement activities. Examples of implementation services are providing computer system installation and support, executing steps to improve productivity, and assisting with the merger of organizations.
- d. *Transaction services*, in which the practitioner's function is to provide services related to a specific client transaction, generally with a third party. Examples of transaction services are insolvency services, valuation services, preparation of information for obtaining financing, analysis of a potential merger or acquisition, and litigation services.
- e. *Staff and other support services*, in which the practitioner's function is to provide appropriate staff and possibly other support to perform tasks specified by the client. The staff provided will be directed by the client as circumstances require. Examples of staff and other support services are data processing facilities management, computer programming, bankruptcy trusteeship, and controllership activities.
- f. *Product services*, in which the practitioner's function is to provide the client with a product and associated professional services in

¹ The definition of Consulting Services excludes the following:

- a. Services subject to other AICPA Technical Standards such as Statements on Auditing Standards (SASs), Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAEs), or Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARSs). (These excluded services may be performed in conjunction with Consulting Services, but only the Consulting Services are subject to the SSCS.)
- b. Engagements specifically to perform tax return preparation, tax planning/advice, tax representation, personal financial planning or bookkeeping services; or situations involving the preparation of written reports or the provision of oral advice on the application of accounting principles to specified transactions or events, either completed or proposed, and the reporting thereof.
- c. Recommendations and comments prepared during the same engagement as a direct result of observations made while performing the excluded services.

support of the installation, use, or maintenance of the product. Examples of product services are the sale and delivery of packaged training programs, the sale and implementation of computer software, and the sale and installation of systems development methodologies.

Standards for Consulting Services

.06 The general standards of the profession are contained in Rule 201 of the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct [ET section 201.01] and apply to all services performed by members. They are as follows:

Professional competence. Undertake only those professional services that the member or the member's firm can reasonably expect to be completed with professional competence.

Due professional care. Exercise due professional care in the performance of professional services.

Planning and supervision. Adequately plan and supervise the performance of professional services.

Sufficient relevant data. Obtain sufficient relevant data to afford a reasonable basis for conclusions or recommendations in relation to any professional services performed.

.07 The following additional general standards for all Consulting Services are promulgated to address the distinctive nature of Consulting Services in which the understanding with the client may establish valid limitations on the practitioner's performance of services. These Standards are established under Rule 202 of the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct [ET section 202.01].

Client interest. Serve the client interest by seeking to accomplish the objectives established by the understanding with the client while maintaining integrity and objectivity.²

Understanding with client. Establish with the client a written or oral understanding about the responsibilities of the parties and the nature, scope, and limitations of services to be performed, and modify the understanding if circumstances require a significant change during the engagement.

Communication with client. Inform the client of (a) conflicts of interest that may occur pursuant to interpretations of Rule 102 of the Code of Professional Conduct [ET section 102.03],³ (b) significant reservations con-

² Article III of the Code of Professional Conduct [ET section 54.02] describes *integrity* as follows:

"Integrity requires a member to be, among other things, honest and candid within the constraints of client confidentiality. Service and the public trust should not be subordinated to personal gain and advantage. Integrity can accommodate the inadvertent error and the honest difference of opinion; it cannot accommodate deceit or subordination of principle."

Article IV of the Code of Professional Conduct [ET section 55.01] differentiates between *objectivity* and *independence* as follows:

"Objectivity is a state of mind, a quality that lends value to a member's services. It is a distinguishing feature of the profession. The principle of objectivity imposes the obligation to be impartial, intellectually honest, and free of conflicts of interest. Independence precludes relationships that may appear to impair a member's objectivity in rendering attestation services."

³ Interpretation 102-2 [ET section 102.03] on Conflicts of Interest states, in part, the following:

"A conflict of interest may occur if a member performs a professional service for a client or employer and the member or his or her firm has a significant relationship with another person, entity, product, or service that could be viewed as impairing the member's objectivity. If this significant relationship is disclosed to and consent is obtained from such client,

cerning the scope or benefits of the engagement, and (c) significant engagement findings or events.

.08 Professional judgment must be used in applying Statements on Standards for Consulting Services in a specific instance since the oral or written understanding with the client may establish constraints within which services are to be provided. For example, the understanding with the client may limit the practitioner's effort with regard to gathering relevant data. The practitioner is not required to decline or withdraw from a consulting engagement when the agreed-upon scope of services includes such limitations.

Consulting Services for Attest Clients

.09 The performance of Consulting Services for an attest client does not, in and of itself, impair independence.⁴ However, members and their firms performing attest services for a client should comply with applicable independence standards, rules and regulations issued by the AICPA, the state boards of accountancy, state CPA societies, and other regulatory agencies.

Effective Date

.10 This section is effective for engagements accepted on or after January 1, 1992. Early application of the provisions of this section is permissible.

(Footnote Continued)

employer, or other appropriate parties, the rule shall not operate to prohibit the performance of the professional service”

⁴ AICPA independence standards relate only to the performance of attestation services; objectivity standards apply to all services. See footnote 2.

CS TOPICAL INDEX

References are to CS section and paragraph numbers.

A	DUE PROFESSIONAL CARE
ATTEST SERVICES	. General Standards 100.06
. Consulting Services for Attest Clients 100.09	J
. Versus Consulting Service 100.02	JUDGMENT
C	. Consulting Services 100.08
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS	P
. Consulting Services 100.01–.10	PLANNING AND SUPERVISION
CLIENTS	. General Standards 100.06
. Communications to Client 100.07	S
. Consulting Services for Attest Clients 100.09	SCOPE LIMITATIONS
COMMUNICATION	. Consulting Services 100.08
. Consulting Services 100.07	STATEMENTS ON STANDARDS FOR CON-
CONDUCT, CODE OF PROFESSIONAL	SULTING SERVICES
. Applicability to Consulting Services 100.06–.07	. No. 1 100.01–.10
CONSULTING SERVICES	SUFFICIENT RELEVANT DATA
. Attest Clients 100.09	. General Standard 100.06
. Background 100.01–.04	T
. Performance Standards 100.06–.08	TERMINOLOGY
. Relationship With Clients 100.07	. Consulting Process 100.05
. Scope 100.01–.02; 100.05	. Consulting Services 100.05
. Scope Limitations 100.08	. Consulting Services Practitioner 100.05
. Terminology 100.05	
. Versus Attest Services 101.02	
D	
DEFINITIONS —See Terminology	