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RE view

Simpson apparently forgets the flights of poetry of the young Natty in The Deerslayer, to which some readers (like D. H. Lawrence) have responded with ardor.

Reading Simpson is a joy. His theses are clearly stated, and extensive historical research effortlessly marshalled. The political issues he examined are skillfully woven into the fabric of the argument. And Simpson’s own prose style is a triumph: a matrix of British academic prose spiked with the energy of American locutions and idioms—American English at its best.

Lance Schachterle            Worcester Polytechnic Institute


Two thousand nine hundred and fifty-two pages of Poe. What a lot of Poe for only $55.00—less than two cents a page. These two handsome volumes in the Library of America series do indeed rival the famous Pléiade editions of French classical authors in heft and feel, in typeface and binding (complete with maroon ribbon bookmark), not to mention quality of editing.

Both volumes have been edited with care and intelligence, with the convenience of the reader obviously in mind. For example, Quinn includes the illustrations to the four “plate articles”: “Some Account of Stonehenge, the Giant’s Dance,” “The Island of the Fay,” “Morning on the Wissahiccon,” and “Byron and Miss Chaworth,” thereby making a lot more sense out of these pieces by providing the context.

For his splendid Essays and Reviews volume Thompson has used the original source for almost all of them. He includes over 125 out of the nearly 1000 pieces that Poe printed (and reprinted) during his lifetime in one volume that easily fits into the hand. What a pleasure not to have to refer so often to those seventeen little volumes of the 1902 Harrison edition, with its inconvenient index. This is a real boon to all but the most specialized scholar, and a revelation to the General Reader for whom presumably the entire series is being published. These 1500 pages of essays, reviews, marginalia, etc. on a variety of subjects, may at last convince her or him that Poe was not just a writer of spooky stories. Here is the whole of Poe before us at last in a readable and (considering the price of books these days) affordable form.
The Essays and Reviews are conveniently arranged under six separate subsections: Theory of Poetry, Reviews of British and Continental Authors, Reviews of American Authors and American Literature, Magazines and Criticism, The Literary and Social Scene, and Articles and Marginalia. The reviews are arranged alphabetically by author, thus making it easy to locate them without consulting the very useful index. Readers interested in dates of publication will find the name of the periodical and date of publication at the end of each selection. And Thompson provides another useful aid in his note on the texts: a chronological short-title catalog containing the original publication data of the texts he reprints in this edition.

Quinn’s edition of Poetry and Tales includes The Narrative of Arthur Gordon Pym (reprinted from the first edition), “The Unparalleled Adventures of One Hans Pfall,” “The Journal of Julius Rodman,” and Eureka, using Roland W. Nelson’s 1975 dissertation edition as text. Poe’s Preface to Tales of the Grotesque and Arabesque and his description of “The Folio Club” are both found at the beginning of the Tales section. It was a good idea to print these in this volume, although their placement together here may be slightly misleading to the casual reader.

Poetry and Tales preserves the spellings, punctuation, capitalization, and wording of the original texts. Quinn sets forth his procedure as follows: “Although typographical errors have been corrected, errors for which Poe was presumably responsible have not....The reader may be advised that [errors in foreign words and phrases] are not misprints but rather accurate transcriptions of what Poe, for whatever reason, let stand uncorrected.” The notes to this volume include translations of foreign phrases, explanations of terms, and other useful information, but they do not presume to supply critical interpretations.

In all but one case Quinn reprints the last-revised versions in which Poe’s own editorial hand can be discerned. He deliberately rejected Poe’s revised text of “The Island of the Fay” in favor of the earliest one because Poe later omitted allusions to the plate. When Quinn does not use the original source he reprints texts from the Mabbot or Stovall editions, as, for example, in those cases where they had access to the Lorimer Graham copy of The Raven and Other Poems. In view of this it seems likely that these volumes will be widely used by students and scholars as well as by General Reader.

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