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Property and Liability Insurance Entities



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CHECKLISTS & ILLUSTRATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property and Liability Insurance Entities

SEPTEMBER 2010

Checklists and Illustrative Financial
Statements for Property and Liability Insurance
Entities has not been approved, disapproved,
or otherwise acted upon by any senior technical
committees of the American Institute of Certified
Public Accountants or the Financial Accounting
Standards Board and has no official
or authoritative status



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FSP Section 17,000

Checklists and Illustrative Financial Statements for Property and Liability Insurance Entities

Letter to Customers

Dear Valued Customer,

The following checklists and illustrative materials have been developed by the AICPA Accounting and Auditing Publications Staff to serve as nonauthoritative practice aids for use by preparers of financial statements and by practitioners who audit, review, or compile financial statements. The auditor's and accountant's report checklists address those requirements most likely to be encountered when reporting on financial statements of a commercial corporation prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Relevant financial statement reporting and disclosure guidance issued through September 30, 2010, has been considered in the development of this edition of the checklist. The accounting guidance in this checklist has been conformed to reflect reference to FASB *Accounting Standards Codification* as it existed on September 30, 2010.

Any guidance issued subsequent to September 30, 2010, has not been included in this checklist; therefore, if your entity has a fiscal year-end after September 30, 2010, you need to consider the applicability of such guidance. In determining the applicability of newly issued guidance, its effective date also should be considered.

Recognizing that many entities have December 31 year-ends and in an effort to assist those users, this checklist includes guidance issued through September 30, 2010, which may become effective by December 31, 2010. This guidance is discussed in each section of the checklist when applicable. Additional questions appear and are indicated with an "A" or "B" reference. As determined by the effective date or early implementation decision

- entities for which this guidance has not been implemented should consider all questions with an "A" reference (for example, question 1A, question 2A, and so on) and should place an "N/A" mark by questions with a "B" reference.
- entities for which this guidance has been implemented should consider all questions with a "B" reference (for example, question 1B, question 2B, and so on) and should place an "N/A" mark by questions with an "A" reference.

Therefore, based upon the year-end of the entities and the decision to early implement (if allowed), the appropriate additional questions should be answered when provided.

We hope you find this checklist helpful as you perform your audit and compilation and review engagements. We would greatly appreciate your feedback on this checklist. You may e-mail these comments to A&APublications@aicpa.org or write to

A&A Publications AICPA 220 Leigh Farm Road Durham, NC 27707-8110

General

- .01 This publication includes the following information:
 - Financial Statements and Notes Checklist (FSP section 17,100)—For use by preparers of financial statements and by practitioners who audit, review, or compile them as they evaluate the adequacy of disclosures
 - Auditors' Reports Checklist (FSP section 17,200)—For use by auditors in reporting on audited financial statements
 - Supplemental Information for Property and Liability Insurance Companies That are Securities and Exchange Commission Registrants (FSP section 17,300)—For use by auditors of Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registrants
 - Illustrative Financial Statements and Disclosures (FSP section 17,400)
- .02 These checklists and illustrative materials are intended to be used in connection with engagements of nonpublic entities and are not intended to be used in connection with audits of public entities that are required to be audited under standards set by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB).
- .03 These checklists and illustrative materials have been developed by the AICPA Accounting and Auditing Publications staff to serve as nonauthoritative practice aids for use by preparers of financial statements and by practitioners who audit them. The auditor's and accountant's report checklists address those requirements most likely to be encountered when reporting on financial statements of a property and liability insurance entity prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). They do not include reporting requirements relating to other matters such as internal control or agreed-upon procedures. The financial statement and notes checklist includes disclosure considerations applicable to property and liability insurance entities in preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The checklist does not include disclosures prescribed by guidance whose applicability to property and liability insurance entities is considered to be remote.
- .04 Users of the financial statements and notes checklist should remember that it is a disclosure checklist only and not a comprehensive U.S. GAAP application or measurement checklist. Accordingly, application and measurement issues related to preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP are not included in the checklist.
- .05 The AICPA Accounting and Auditing Publications staff has included guidance from the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification™ (ASC) as it existed on September 30, 2010. Questions are derived primarily from the content of the "Presentation" (section 45) and "Disclosure" (section 50) sections of FASB ASC. The AICPA Accounting and Auditing Publications staff has included presentation and disclosure items deemed most likely to be encountered when reporting on the financial statements of a property and liability insurance entity prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Thus, not all paragraphs of the "Presentation" and "Disclosure" sections of FASB ASC have been included. Users should evaluate whether circumstances exist for which the relevant presentation and disclosure guidance is not provided in these checklists and illustrative materials and refer directly to FASB ASC as appropriate. These checklists and illustrative materials note significant areas where "Presentation" and "Disclosure" paragraphs were deemed too specific for this general publication and, where noted, users are urged to consult FASB ASC as necessary.
- .06 The checklists and illustrative financial statements should be used by, or under the supervision of, persons having adequate technical training and proficiency in the application of U.S. GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards, and other relevant technical guidance.
- .07 In some cases, this checklist uses the term *Additional Presentation Information* or *Additional Disclosure Information* to further illustrate an item. In such cases, the information contained under those headings continues to be authoritative guidance and is included to further clarify a presentation or disclosure requirement or to add additional useful information.

.08 Relevant financial statement reporting and disclosure guidance issued through September 30, 2010, has been considered in the development of this edition of the checklist. This includes relevant guidance issued up to and including the following:

- FASB Accounting Standards Updates issued through September 30, 2010
- Statement on Auditing Standards No. 120, Required Supplementary Information (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 558)
- Interpretation No. 4, "Appropriateness of Identifying No Significant Deficiencies or No Material Weaknesses in an Interim Communication," of AU section 325, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9325 par. .11–.13)
- Statement of Position 09-1, Performing Agreed-Upon Procedures Engagements That Address the Completeness, Accuracy, or Consistency of XBRL-Tagged Data (AICPA, Technical Practice Aids, AUD sec. 14,440)
- Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 16, Reporting on Controls at a Service Organization (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AT sec. 801)
- Interpretation No. 8, "Including a Description of Tests of Controls or Other Procedures, and the Results Thereof, in an Examination Report," of AT section 101, Attest Engagements (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AT sec. 9101 par. .70–.72)
- Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services No. 19, Compilation and Review Engagements (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 2)
- Interpretation No. 31, "Preparation of Financial Statements for Use by an Entity's Auditors," of AR section 100, Compilation and Review of Financial Statements (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 2, AR sec. 9100 par. .136–.137)
- PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 7, Engagement Quality Review (AICPA, PCAOB Standards and Related Rules, Standards, AU-P sec. 162)

.09 Any guidance issued subsequent to September 30, 2010, has not been included in this checklist; therefore, if your entity has a fiscal year-end after September 30, 2010, you need to consider the applicability of such guidance. In determining the applicability of newly issued guidance, its effective date should also be considered.

.10 These checklists contain numerous references to accounting and auditing guidance. Abbreviations and acronyms used in such references include the following:

| AAG-PLI= | AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide <i>Property and Liability Insurance Entities</i> (with conforming changes as of June 1, 2010) |
|-----------|--|
| AR= | Reference to a section number in AICPA <i>Professional Standards</i> for compilation and review standards |
| AU= | Reference to a section number in AICPA <i>Professional Standards</i> for U.S. auditing standards that are applicable to nonissuers |
| AU-P= | Reference to a section number in AICPA <i>PCAOB Standards and Related Rules</i> for standards of the PCAOB that are applicable to issuers |
| AUD= | Reference to a section number in AICPA <i>Technical Practice Aids</i> Statements of Position—Auditing and Attestation |
| FASB ASC= | Reference to a topic, subtopic, section, or paragraph in Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification $^{\text{TM}}$ |
| SOP= | AICPA Statement of Position |

.11 The accounting guidance in this checklist has been conformed to reflect reference to FASB ASC as it existed on September 30, 2010.

.12 On June 30, 2009, FASB issued FASB Statement No. 168, *The* FASB Accounting Standards Codification[™] and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles—a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162, which is codified in FASB ASC 105, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. On the effective date of this

statement, FASB ASC is the authoritative source of U.S. accounting and reporting standards for nongovernmental entities, in addition to guidance issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). At that time, FASB ASC supersedes all then-existing, non-SEC accounting and reporting standards for nongovernmental entities. Once effective, all other nongrandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in FASB ASC is nonauthoritative. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. See the FASB website at www.fasb.org for further information.

Instructions

- .13 Within these checklists are a number of questions or statements that are accompanied by references to applicable authoritative guidance. The financial statements and notes checklist is organized into seven discrete sections. Disclosures listed in the "Presentation," "Assets," "Liabilities," "Equity," "Revenue," and "Expenses" sections are common to most property and liability insurance entities. Those listed in the "Broad Transactions" sections are required when circumstances dictate.
- .14 The checklists provide spaces for checking off or initialing each question or point to indicate that it has been considered. Carefully review the topics listed and consider whether they represent potential disclosure items for the reporting entity for which you are preparing or auditing financial statements. Users should check or initial
 - *Yes*—If the disclosure is required and has been made appropriately.
 - *No*—If the disclosure is required but has not been made.
 - *N/A (Not Applicable)*—If the disclosure is not applicable to the organization.
- .15 It is important that the effect of any "No" response be considered on the auditor's or accountant's report. For audited financial statements, a "No" response that is material to the financial statements may warrant a departure from an unqualified opinion as discussed in paragraphs .20–.64 of AU section 508. For reviewed or compiled financial statements, a "No" response that is material to the financial statements may warrant a departure from a standard report as discussed in paragraphs .50–.58 of AR section 100. If a "No" response is indicated, the Accounting and Auditing Publications staff recommends that a notation be made in the margin to explain why the disclosure was not made (for example, because the item was not considered to be material to the financial statements).
- .16 Users may find it helpful to use the right margin for certain other remarks and comments as appropriate, including the following:
 - a. For each disclosure for which a "Yes" is indicated, a notation as to where the disclosure is located in the financial statements and a cross-reference to the applicable working papers where the support to a disclosure may be found
 - b. For items marked as "N/A," the reasons for which they do not apply in the circumstances of the particular report
 - c. For each disclosure for which a "No" response is indicated, a notation as to why the disclosure was not made (for example, because the item was not considered to be material to the financial statements)
- .17 This checklist includes guidance mandatorily effective for annual reporting periods ending on or before September 30, 2010. Recognizing that many entities have December 31 year-ends, this checklist also includes guidance issued through September 30, 2010, which may become effective for annual reporting periods ending on or before December 31, 2010, either because of the effective date or an entity's decision to early adopt (where permitted). Any guidance included herein not yet mandatorily effective for annual reporting periods ending on or before September 30, 2010, is described in footnotes within each section of the checklist where applicable.
- .18 Where this aforementioned type of dual guidance is provided, the checklist questions are segregated into those denoted with "A" references and those denoted with "B" references. Checklist questions pertain-

ing to guidance mandatorily effective for annual reporting periods ending on or before September 30, 2010, absent an entity's decision to early adopt any superseding guidance (where applicable and permissible), are denoted with "A" references. Entities to which the "A" references apply should place an "N/A" mark in the related checklist questions denoted with a "B" reference. Checklist questions pertaining to guidance issued through September 30, 2010, which may become effective for entities with annual reporting periods ending on or before December 31, 2010, either because of the effective date or an entity's decision to early adopt (where permitted), are denoted with a "B" reference. Entities to which the "B" references apply should place an "N/A" mark by questions denoted with an "A" reference. Therefore, depending upon your entity's (ies') year-end(s) and decision(s) to early adopt (where permitted), the appropriate alternative questions should be answered when provided.

- .19 These checklists and illustrative materials have been prepared by the AICPA staff. They have not been reviewed, approved, disapproved, or otherwise acted on by any senior technical committee of the AICPA and do not represent official positions or pronouncements of the AICPA.
- .20 The use of these or any other checklists requires the exercise of individual professional judgment. These checklists are not substitutes for the original authoritative guidance. Users of these checklists and illustrative materials are urged to refer directly to applicable authoritative guidance when appropriate. The checklists and illustrative materials may not include all disclosures and presentation items promulgated, nor do they represent minimum standards or requirements. Additionally, users of the checklists and illustrative materials are encouraged to tailor them as required to meet specific circumstances of each particular engagement. As an additional resource, users may call the AICPA Technical Hotline at (877) 242-7212.
- **.21** The primary purpose of the property and liability insurance business is the spreading of risks. The term *risk* generally has two meanings in insurance. It can mean either a peril insured against (for example, fire is a risk to which most property is exposed) or a person or property protected (for example, young drivers, who many insurance companies believe are not good risks). For a payment known as a premium, insurance companies undertake to relieve the policyholder of all or part of a risk and to spread the total cost of similar risks among large groups of policyholders.
- .22 The functions of the property and liability business include marketing; underwriting (for example, determining the acceptability of risks and the amounts of the premiums); billing and collecting premiums; investing and managing assets; investigating and settling claims made under policies; and paying expenses associated with these functions.
- .23 In conducting its business, an insurance entity accumulates a significant amount of investable assets. In addition to funds raised as equity and funds retained as undistributed earnings, funds accumulate from premiums collected in advance; from sums held for the payment of claims in the process of investigation, adjustment, or litigation; and from sums held for payment of future claims settlement expenses. The accumulation of these funds, their investment, and the generation of investment income are major activities of insurance companies.
- .24 Property and liability insurance entities must file an annual statement, prepared on the basis of statutory accounting practice (SAP), with each state in which the entities are licensed. The primary purpose of the extensive regulatory laws enacted by the states has been the protection of the policyholders. The annual statements filed with the regulatory authorities are used to monitor the financial condition of insurance entities in the periods between examinations by state or zone auditors.
- .25 The National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) codified SAPs for certain insurance entities, resulting in a revised *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*. The insurance laws and regulations of the states require insurance companies domiciled in the states to comply with the guidance provided in the NAIC *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual* except as prescribed or permitted by state law.
- **.26** FASB ASC 944-505-50 provides guidance that requires insurance entities to disclose a description of the prescribed or permitted SAP and the related monetary effect on statutory surplus of using an accounting practice that differs from either state prescribed SAPs or NAIC SAPs.
- .27 Additionally, FASB ASC 944-505-50 provides specific guidance for disclosures which must be made if (a) state prescribed SAPs differ from NAIC SAP's or (b) permitted state SAPs differ from either state

prescribed SAPs or NAIC SAPs, and the use of prescribe or permitted SAPs (individually or in the aggregate) results in reported surplus or risk-based capital that is significantly different from the statutory surplus or risk-based capital that would have been reported had NAIC SAPs been followed, and provides that those disclosures must be applied by entities preparing U.S. GAAP financial statements that are U.S. insurance entities, U.S. entities with a U.S. insurance subsidiary, or foreign entities with a U.S. insurance subsidiary. If a foreign insurance entity that does not have a U.S. insurance subsidiary prepares U.S. GAAP financial statements or is included in its parent's consolidated U.S. GAAP financial statements, the notes to the financial statements should disclose permitted regulatory accounting practices that significantly differ from the prescribed regulatory accounting practices of its respective regulatory authority and their monetary effects.

.28 We hope you find this checklist helpful as you perform your audit engagements. We would greatly appreciate your feedback on this checklist. You may e-mail these comments to AandAPublications@aicpa.org.

Recognition

Anne Mundinger, CPA AICPA 220 Leigh Farm Road Durham, NC 27707-8110

FSP Section 17,100

Financial Statements and Notes Checklist

.01 Checklist Questionnaire. This financial statement disclosure checklist is organized into sections. Carefully review the topics listed and consider whether they represent potential disclosure items for the entity for which you are preparing, compiling, reviewing, or auditing financial statements. Place a check mark by the topics or sections that are applicable and complete those sections of the checklist. Other sections may be marked "N/A" or left blank. For example, if the entity had a change in accounting principle, place a check mark by the section "Accounting Changes" and complete that section of the checklist. On the other hand, if the entity did not have a change in accounting principle, do not place a check mark by "Accounting Changes" and skip that section when completing the checklist.

| | | | Place ✓ by Sections Applicable |
|-----|--------|--|--|
| I. | Presen | tation | |
| | A. | Presentation of Financial Statements (Financial Accounting Standards Board [FASB] <i>Accounting Standards Codification</i> [ASC] 205-10) | |
| | В. | Presentation of Discontinued Operations in the Financial Statements (FASB ASC 205-20) | |
| | C. | Presentation of the Balance Sheet (FASB ASC 210-10) | |
| | D. | Presentation of Offsetting in the Balance Sheet (FASB ASC 210-20) | |
| | E. | Presentation of Comprehensive Income (FASB ASC 220-10) | |
| | F. | Presentation of the Income Statement (FASB ASC 225-10) | |
| | G. | Presentation of Extraordinary and Unusual Items in the Income Statement (FASB ASC 225-20) | |
| | H. | Presentation of the Statement of Cash Flows (FASB ASC 230-10) | |
| | I. | Presentation of the Notes to Financial Statements (FASB ASC 235-10) | |
| | J. | Presentation of Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (FASB ASC 250-10) | |
| | K. | Presentation of Changing Prices (FASB ASC 255-10) | |
| | L. | Presentation of Earnings Per Share (FASB ASC 260-10) | |
| | M. | Presentation Regarding Interim Reporting (FASB ASC 270-10) | |
| | N. | Presentation Regarding Income Taxes for Interim Reporting (FASB ASC 270-740) | |
| | O. | Presentation of Risks and Uncertainties (FASB ASC 275-10) | |
| | P. | Presentation Regarding Segment Reporting (FASB ASC 280-10) | |
| II. | Assets | | |
| | A. | Receivables (FASB ASC 310-10) | |
| | B. | Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (FASB ASC 310-20) | |
| | C. | Loans and Debt Securities Acquired With Deteriorated Credit Quality (FASB ASC 310-30) | |
| | D. | Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (FASB ASC 310-40) | |
| | E. | Investments—Debt and Equity Securities (FASB ASC 320-10) | |
| | F. | Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (FASB ASC 323-10) | |
| | G. | Cost Method Investments (FASB ASC 325-20) | |
| | Н | Investments in Insurance Contracts (FASR ASC 325-30) | |

| | | | Place ✓ by Sections Applicable |
|------|---------|--|--|
| | I. | Inventory (FASB ASC 330-10) | |
| | J. | Capitalized Advertising Costs (FASB ASC 340-20) | |
| | K. | Insurance Contracts That Do Not Transfer Insurance Risks (FASB ASC 340-30) | |
| | L. | Goodwill (FASB ASC 350-20) | |
| | M. | General Intangibles Other Than Goodwill (FASB ASC 350-30) | |
| | N. | Property, Plant, and Equipment (FASB ASC 360-10) | |
| III. | Liabili | | |
| | A. | Insurance-Related Assessment Liabilities (FASB ASC 405-30) | |
| | В. | Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations (FASB ASC 410-20) | |
| | C. | Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations—Environmental Obligations (FASB ASC 410-30) | |
| | D. | Exit or Disposal Cost Obligations (FASB ASC 420-10) | |
| | E. | Commitments (FASB ASC 440-10) | |
| | F. | Loss Contingencies (FASB ASC 450-20) | |
| | G. | Gain Contingencies (FASB ASC 450-30) | |
| | H. | Guarantees (FASB ASC 460-10) | |
| | I. | Debt—Overall (FASB ASC 470-10) | |
| | J. | Debt—Debt With Conversion and Other Options (FASB ASC 470-20) | |
| | K. | Participating Mortgage Loans (FASB ASC 470-30) | |
| | L. | Debt Modifications and Extinguishments (FASB ASC 470-50) | |
| | M. | Troubled Debt Restructuring by Debtors (FASB ASC 470-60) | |
| | N. | Distinguishing Liabilities From Equity (FASB ASC 480-10) | |
| IV. | Equity | | |
| | A. | Equity (FASB ASC 505-10) | |
| | B. | Treasury Stock (FASB ASC 505-30) | |
| | C. | Equity-Based Payments to Nonemployees (FASB ASC 505-50) | |
| V. | Reven | | |
| | A. | Revenue Recognition—Products (FASB ASC 605-15) | |
| | В. | Revenue Recognition—Services (FASB ASC 605-20) | |
| | C. | Multiple Element Arrangements (FASB ASC 605-25) | |
| | D. | Milestone Method Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-28) | |
| | E. | Gains and Losses—Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-40) | |
| | F. | Principal Agent Considerations—Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-45) | |
| | G. | Customer Payments and Incentives (FASB ASC 605-50) | |
| VI. | Expens | | |
| | A. | Compensation (FASB ASC 710-10) | |
| | B. | Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits (FASB ASC 712-10) | |
| | C. | Defined Benefit Plans—Compensation (FASB ASC 715-20) | |
| | D. | Defined Benefit Plans—Other Postretirement (FASB ASC 715-60) | |
| | E. | Defined Contribution Plans (FASB ASC 715-70) | |
| | F. | Multiemployer Plans (FASB ASC 715-80) | |
| | G. | Stock Compensation (FASB ASC 718-10) | |
| | Н. | Employee Stock Ownership Plans (FASB ASC 718-40) | |
| | I. | Stock Compensation—Income Taxes (FASB ASC 718-740) | |
| | J. | Insurance Costs (FASB ASC 720-20) | |
| | K. | Advertising Costs (FASB ASC 720-35) | |
| | L. | Research and Development Expenses (FASB ASC 730-10) | |
| | M. | Research and Development Arrangements (FASB ASC 730-20) | |

| | | | Place ✓ by Sections Applicable |
|------|-----|--|--|
| | N. | Income Taxes (FASB ASC 740-10) | |
| | O. | Intraperiod Tax Allocations (FASB ASC 740-20) | |
| | P. | Income Taxes—Other Considerations or Special Areas (FASB ASC | |
| | | 740-30) | |
| | Q. | Income Taxes—Interim Reporting (FASB ASC 740-270) | |
| VII. | - | Transactions | |
| | A. | Business Combinations (FASB ASC 805-10) | |
| | B. | Identifiable Assets and Liabilities, and Any Noncontrolling | |
| | | Interest—Business Combinations (FASB ASC 805-20) | |
| | C. | Goodwill or Gain From Bargain Purchase, Including Consideration | |
| | | Transferred (FASB ASC 805-30) | |
| | D. | Business Combinations—Related Issues (FASB ASC 805-50) | |
| | E. | Collaborative Arrangements (FASB ASC 808-10) | |
| | F. | Consolidation (FASB ASC 810-10) | |
| | G. | Derivatives and Hedging (FASB ASC 815-10) | |
| | H. | Embedded Derivatives (FASB ASC 815-15) | |
| | I. | Fair Value Hedging (FASB ASC 815-25) | |
| | J. | Cash Flow Hedges (FASB ASC 815-30) | |
| | K. | Net Investment Hedges (FASB ASC 815-35) | |
| | L. | Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (FASB ASC 815-40) | |
| | M. | Weather Derivatives (FASB ASC 815-45) | |
| | N. | Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (FASB ASC 820-10) | |
| | O. | Financial Instruments (FASB ASC 825-10) | |
| | P. | Financial Instruments—Registration Payment Arrangements (FASB ASC 825-20) | |
| | Q. | Foreign Currency Transactions (FASB ASC 830-20) | |
| | R. | Foreign Currency Matters—Translation of Financial Statements (FASB ASC 830-30) | |
| | S. | Capitalization of Interest (FASB ASC 835-20) | |
| | T. | Imputation of Interest (FASB ASC 835-30) | |
| | U. | Leases—Overall (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-10) | |
| | V. | Operating Leases (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-20) | |
| | W. | Capital Leases (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-30) | |
| | X. | Sale-Leaseback Transactions (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-40) | |
| | Y. | Leases—Overall (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-10) | |
| | Z. | Operating Leases (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-20) | |
| | AA. | Capital Leases (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-30) | |
| | BB. | Nonmonetary Transactions (FASB ASC 845-10) | |
| | CC. | Related Party Disclosures (FASB ASC 850-10) | |
| | DD. | Reorganizations (FASB ASC 852-10 and FASB ASC 852-20) | |
| | EE. | Subsequent Events (FASB ASC 855-10) | |
| | FF. | Transfers and Servicing (FASB ASC 860-10) | |
| | GG. | Sales of Financial Assets (FASB ASC 860-20) | |
| | HH. | Secured Borrowing and Collateral (FASB ASC 860-30) | |
| | II. | Servicing Assets and Liabilities (FASB ASC 860-50) | |
| | JJ. | Financial Services—Insurance Activities (FASB ASC 944-20) | |
| | KK. | Financial Services—Acquisition Costs (FASB ASC 944-30) | |
| | LL. | Financial Services—Claims Cost and Liabilities for Future Policy | |
| | | Benefits (FASB ASC 944-40) | |
| | MM. | Financial Services—Policyholder Dividends (FASB ASC 944-50) | |
| | NN. | Financial Services—Premium Deficiency and Loss Recognition (FASB ASC 944-60) | |

I. Presentation

A.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Pres | entation of Financial Statements (FASB ASC 205-10) | | | |
| Prese | ntation | | | |
| Com | parative Financial Statements | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented the statement of financial position, the income statement, and the statement of changes in equity for one or more preceding years, as well as for the current year? [FASB ASC 205-10-45-2] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented appropriate explanations | | | |
| ۷. | of changes related to any differences in the manner of or basis for presenting corresponding items for two or more periods? [FASB ASC 205-10-45-3] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented, or at least referred to, if issuing comparative statements, notes and other disclosures in the financial statements of the preceding year(s) in the current year, to the extent that they continue to be of significance? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 205-10-45-4] | | | |
| | osure | | | |
| | nges Affecting Comparability | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed information that will explain a change in the manner of or basis for presenting corresponding items for two or more periods (for example, any change in practice that affects comparability of financial statements must be disclosed), if changes have occurred? [FASB ASC 205-10-50-1] | | | |
| Othe | r Guidance | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented, for a full presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP), the following financial statements: | | | |
| | a. Balance sheet? | | | |
| | b. Statement of income (operations)? | | | |
| | c. Statement of retained earnings or changes in shareholders' equity? | | | |
| | d. Statement of cash flows? | | | |
| | e. Description of accounting policies? | | | |
| | f. Notes to the financial statements? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented each financial statement with a suitable title? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly presented a reference to the notes, which are an integral part of the financial statements? [Common Practice] | | | |

Yes No N/A

The following table summarizes the titles used to describe the statement of assets, liabilities, and equity in the financial statements a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

| BALANCE SHEET TITLE | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | <u>2009</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Balance sheet | 476 | 478 | 577 | 578 |
| Statement of financial position | 24 | 22 | 23 | 21 |
| Statement of financial condition | _ | | | 1 |
| Total entities | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 |
| | | | | |

2008–2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006–2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

B. Presentation of Discontinued Operations in the Financial Statements (FASB ASC 205-20)

Presentation

- 1. Has the entity properly presented, as discontinued operations, the results of operations of a *component of an entity* (as that phrase is defined in FASB ASC glossary) that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale under the requirements of FASB ASC 360-10-45-9, in accordance with FASB ASC 205-20-45-3 if both of the following conditions are met:
 - a. The operations and cash flows of the component have been (or will be) eliminated from the ongoing operations of the entity as a result of the disposal transaction?
 - b. The entity will not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after the disposal transaction?
 [FASB ASC 205-20-45-1]
- 2. Has the entity properly presented, in a period in which a component of an entity either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale, in the income statement for current and prior periods, the results of operations of the component (including any gain or loss recognized in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10-35-40 and 360-10-40-5), in discontinued operations?

3. Has the entity properly presented the results of operations of a component of an entity classified as held for sale in discontinued operations in the period(s) in which they occur? [FASB ASC 205-20-45-3]

[FASB ASC 205-20-45-3]

4. Has the entity properly presented the results of discontinued operations, less applicable income taxes (benefit), as a separate component of income before extraordinary items? [FASB ASC 205-20-45-3]

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| 5. | on th | the entity properly presented the gain or loss recognized he disposal either on the face of the income statement or le notes to the financial statements? BB ASC 205-20-45-3] | | | |
| 6. | prev rectl prior riod | the entity properly presented adjustments to amounts riously reported in discontinued operations that are diy related to the disposal of a component of an entity in a reperiod and classified them separately in the current pein discontinued operations? 6B ASC 205-20-45-4] | | | |
| Allo | cation | of Interest to Discontinued Operations | | | |
| 7. | ued buye resu | the entity properly presented, as allocated to discontinoperations, interest on debt that is to be assumed by the er and interest on debt that is required to be repaid as a lt of a disposal transaction? 6B ASC 205-20-45-6] | | | |
| Disp | | Group Classified as Held for Sale | | | |
| 8. | Has a distinct the street the str | the entity properly presented the assets and liabilities of sposal group that is classified as held for sale separately ne asset and liability sections, respectively, of the statet of financial position? (<i>Note</i> : These assets and liabilities ald not be offset and presented as a single amount. Furmajor classes of assets and liabilities classified as held sale should be separately disclosed either on the face of statement of financial position or in the notes to the finanstatements.) 6B ASC 205-20-45-10] | | | |
| Disci | losure | | | | |
| 9. | Has in th which | the entity properly disclosed the following information are notes to the financial statement that cover the period in the long-lived asset (disposal group) either has been sold as classified as held for sale under the requirements of B ASC 360-10-45-9: | | | |
| | a. | A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the expected disposal, the expected manner and timing of that disposal, and, if not separately presented on the face of the statement, the carrying amount(s) of the ma- jor classes of assets and liabilities included as part of a disposal group? | | | |
| | b. | The gain or loss recognized in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10-35-40 and FASB ASC 360-10-40-5 and if not separately presented on the face of the income statement, the caption in the income statement that includes that gain or loss? | | | |
| | с. | If applicable, amounts of revenue and pretax profit or loss reported in discontinued operations? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | If applicable, the segment in which the long-lived asset (disposal group) is reported under FASB ASC 280? [FASB ASC 205-20-50-1] | | | |
| 10. | and the s cial s | the entity properly disclosed the major classes of assets liabilities classified as held for sale either on the face of statement of financial position or in the notes to the finan- statements? | | | |
| C1 | _ | 5B ASC 205-20-50-2] | | | |
| | _ | a Plan of Sale | | | |
| 11. | sell and appling assettions | the entity properly disclosed, if the entity decides not to a long-lived asset previously classified as held for sale, either FASB ASC 360-10-35-44 or FASB ASC 360-10-35-45 ies, is a description of the facts and circumstances lead-to the decision to change the plan to sell the long-lived t (disposal group) and its effect on the results of operase for the period and any prior periods in the notes to the acial statements that include the period of that decision? BB ASC 205-20-50-3 | | | |
| Cont | tinuing | g Cash Flows | | | |
| 12. | | the entity properly disclosed the following, for each dis- inued operation that generates continuing cash flows: | | | |
| | a. | The nature of the activities that give rise to continuing cash flows? | | | |
| | b. | The period of time continuing cash flows are expected to be generated? | | | |
| | С. | The principal factors used to conclude that the expected continuing cash flows are not direct cash flows of the disposed component? | | | |
| | d. | Additionally, for each discontinued operation in which the ongoing entity will engage in a "continuation of activities" with the disposed component after its disposal and for which the amounts presented in continuing operations after the disposal transaction include a continuation of revenues and expenses that were intra-entity transactions before the disposal transaction, are those intra-entity amounts before the disposal transaction disclosed for all periods for comparability purposes? | _ | | |
| | е. | Are the types of continuing involvement, if any, that the entity will have after the disposal transaction disclosed in the period in which the operations are initially classified as discontinued? [FASB ASC 205-20-50-4 and FASB ASC 205-20-55 par. 9–12] | | | |

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| 13. | If the occurrence of a significant event or circumstance at any time during the assessment period results in an expectation that the criteria for reporting discontinued operations in FASB ASC 205-20-45-1 will be met by the end of the assessment period, is the component's operations presented as discontinued operations? [FASB ASC 205-20-55-22] | | | |
| Adju | stments to Previously Reported Amounts | | | |
| 14. | Has the entity properly disclosed the nature and amount of adjustments to amounts previously reported in discontinued operations that are directly related to the disposal of a component of an entity in a prior period? [FASB ASC 205-20-50-5] | | | |
| Con | inuing Involvement by Ongoing Entity | | | |
| 15. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for each discontinued operation in which the ongoing entity will engage in a continuation of activities with the disposed component after its disposal, and for which the amounts presented in continuing operations after the disposal transaction include a continuation of revenues and expenses that were intraentity transactions (eliminated in consolidated financial statements) before the disposal transaction, intraentity amounts before the disposal transaction for all periods presented? Further, has the entity properly disclosed the types of continuing involvement, if any, that the entity will have after the disposal transaction? (That information should be disclosed in the period in which operations are initially classified as discontinued.) [FASB ASC 205-20-50-6] | | | |
| Pres | entation of the Balance Sheet (FASB ASC 210-10) | | | |
| Prese | entation | | | |
| 1. | For classified balance sheets, are assets and liabilities segregated into current and noncurrent classifications with totals presented for current assets and current liabilities? [FASB ASC 210-10-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | Are significant categories of current liabilities, such as accounts payable, accrued expenses, deferred revenue, interest payable, and amounts due to officers and employees, segregated and presented separately? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 3. | Are assets not expected to be realized during the current operating cycle classified as noncurrent? [FASB ASC 210-10-45 par. 3–4] | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity made disclosures related to any restrictions on cash (common practice) and is any cash restricted regarding withdrawal or use for other than current operations excluded from current assets? [FASB ASC 210-10-45-4] | | | |

C.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | 5. | If a classified balance sheet is presented, is a total for current liabilities shown? [FASB ASC 210-10-45-5] | | | |
| | 6. | Are bank overdrafts reclassified to and presented separately in current liabilities? [Common Practice] | | | |
| | 7. | Are held checks (those written before but not released until after the balance sheet date) reclassified to accounts payable? [Common Practice] | | | |
| | 8. | Are current portions of debt obligations presented as current liabilities? [FASB ASC 210-10-45-9] | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amounts at which current assets are stated, supplemented by information that reveals, for the various classifications of inventory items, the basis upon which their amounts are stated, and where practicable, an indication of the method of determining the cost? [FASB ASC 210-10-50-1] | | | |
| D. | Pres | sentation of Offsetting in the Balance Sheet (FASB ASC 210- | | | |
| | Pres | entation | | | |
| | Righ | nt of Setoff | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented and exercised its option, if it has a valid right of setoff, to offset the related asset and liability and present the net amount? [FASB ASC 210-20-45-2] | | | |
| E. | Pres | sentation of Comprehensive Income (FASB ASC 220-10) | | | |
| | | entation | | | |
| | Rep | orting Comprehensive Income | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented a full set of financial statements for the period which include (<i>a</i>) financial position at the end of the period, (<i>b</i>) earnings (net income) for the period, (<i>c</i>) comprehensive income (total nonowner changes in equity) for the period, (<i>d</i>) cash flows during the period, and (<i>e</i>) investments by and distributions to owners during the period? [FASB ASC 220-10-45-3] | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly presented all components of comprehensive income in the financial statements in the period in which they are recognized and presented them with the components of other comprehensive income (OCI)? [FASB ASC 220-10-45-5] | | | |
| | Clas | sifications Within Comprehensive Income | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly presented an amount for net income, even if the entity has no items of OCI and does not present that fact? [FASB ASC 220-10-45-6] | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| Δltei | nativ | e Formats for Reporting Comprehensive Income | | | |
| 4. | Has its c the stitu | the entity properly presented comprehensive income and omponents in a financial statement that is displayed with same prominence as other financial statements that control a full set of financial statements? SB ASC 220-10-45-8] | | | |
| 5. | a state com | the entity properly presented the components of OCI and I comprehensive income below the total for net income in atement that reports results of operations or in a separate ement of comprehensive income that begins with net interest (<i>Note</i> : This subtopic does not require a specific format, the above presentation is encouraged.) SB ASC 220-10-45-9] | | | |
| 6. | ther one tota | the entity properly presented the components of OCI einet of related tax effects, or before related tax effects with amount shown for the aggregate tax effect related to the l of OCI items? SB ASC 220-10-45-11] | | | |
| 7. | expe clud mer in th | the entity properly presented the amount of income tax ense or benefit allocated to each component of OCI (inling reclassification adjustments) on the face of the statent in which those components are displayed or presented ne notes to the financial statements? SB ASC 220-10-45-12] | | | |
| Repo sition | orting | OCI in the Equity Section of a Statement of Financial Po- | | | |
| 8. | riod reta ance com | the entity properly presented the total of OCI for a pell, transferred to a component of equity, separately from ined earnings and additional paid-in-capital in the bale sheet with a descriptive title such as "accumulated other aprehensive income?" SB ASC 220-10-45-14] | | | |
| 9. | each bala uity | the entity properly presented accumulated balances for a classification within accumulated OCI on the face of the ince sheet, in the statement of changes in shareholders' eq., or in the notes? SB ASC 220-10-45-14] | | | |
| 10. | | items included in OCI classified separately based on their are, including the following: | | | |
| | a. | Foreign currency translation adjustments? | | | |
| | b. | Gains and losses on foreign currency transactions that are designated as, and are effective as, economic hedges of a net investment in a foreign entity, commencing as of the designation date (see FASB ASC 830-20-35-3[a])? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | С. | Gains and losses on intraentity foreign currency transactions that are of a long term investment nature (that is, settlement is not planned or anticipated in the foreseeable future), when the entities to the transaction are consolidated, combined, or accounted for by the equity method in the reporting entity's financial statements (see FASB ASC 830-20-35-3[b])? | | | |
| | d. | Gains and losses (effective portion) on derivative instruments that are designated as, and qualify as, cash flow hedges (see FASB ASC 815-20-35-1[c])? | | | |
| | е. | Unrealized holding gains and losses that result from a debt security being transferred into the available-forsale category from the held-to-maturity category (see FASB ASC 320-10-35-10[c])? | | | |
| | f. | Subsequent decreases (if not an other-than-temporary impairment) or increases in the fair value of available-for-sale securities previously written down as impaired (see FASB ASC 320-10-35-18)? | | | |
| | g. | Gains or losses associated with pension or other postre- tirement benefits (that are not recognized immediately as a component of net periodic benefit cost) (see FASB ASC 715-20-50-1[j])? | | | |
| | h. | Prior service costs or credits associated with pension or other postretirement benefits (see FASB ASC 715-20-50-1[j])? | | | |
| | i. | Transition assets or obligations associated with pension or other postretirement benefits (that are not recognized immediately as a component of net periodic benefit cost) (see FASB ASC 715-20-50-1[j])? [FASB ASC 220-10-45-13 and FASB ASC 220-10-55-2] | | | |
| 11. | ing in part as part the fincon | reclassification adjustments made to avoid double count- in comprehensive income of items that are displayed as of net income for a period that also had been displayed art of OCI in that period or other periods presented on face of the financial statement in which comprehensive me is reported or disclosed in the notes? 6B ASC 220-10-45-15] | | | |
| Inter | im-Pe | riod Reporting | | | |
| 12. | inco | the entity properly presented a total for comprehensive me in condensed financial statements of interim periods? 6B ASC 220-10-45-18] | | | |
| Prese | entatio | on of the Income Statement (FASB ASC 225-10) | | | |
| Prese | ntatio | n | | | |
| 1. | recog corre Chan | the entity properly presented all items of profit and loss gnized during the period, with the sole exception of error ections as addressed in FASB ASC 250, <i>Accounting ages and Error Corrections</i> , in order to present net income? BB ASC 225-10-45-1] | | | |

F.

G.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Disc | losure | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity disclosed the following information in the notes to the financial statements in the period(s) in which business interruption insurance recoveries are recognized: | | | |
| | <i>a.</i> The nature of the event resulting in business interruption losses? | | | |
| | b. The aggregate amount of business interruption insurance recoveries recognized during the period and the line item(s) in the statement of operations in which those recoveries are classified (including amounts reported as an extraordinary item pursuant to FASB ASC 225-20)? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 225-30-50-1] | | | |
| | sentation of Extraordinary and Unusual Items in the Income ement (FASB ASC 225-20) | | | |
| Pres | entation | | | |
| Pres | sentation of Extraordinary Items | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented extraordinary items segregated from the results of ordinary operations and shown separately in the income statement, with disclosure of the nature and amounts thereof? [FASB ASC 225-20-45-9] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented extraordinary items (including applicable income taxes) segregated and following income before extraordinary items and before net income? [FASB ASC 225-20-45-10] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented the caption "extraordinary items" to identify and present separately the effects of events and transactions, other than disposals of components of an entity, that meet the criteria for classification as extraordinary as discussed in paragraphs 1–6 of FASB ASC 225-20-45? (<i>Note</i> : The nature of an extraordinary event or transaction and the principal items entering into the determination of an extraordinary gain or loss should be described.) [FASB ASC 225-20-45-11] | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented earnings per share (EPS) data for extraordinary items either on the face of the income statement or in the related notes, as prescribed by FASB ASC 260-10-45? [FASB ASC 225-20-45-12] | | | |
| Adi | ustment of Amounts Reported in Prior Periods | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented any extraordinary items that were reported in prior periods and that have been adjusted during the current period, including separate presentation concerning year of origin, nature, and amount, and have those items been classified separately in the current period as an extraordinary item? [FASB ASC 225-20-45-13] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Pres | entation of Unusual or Infrequently Occurring Items | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented material events or transactions that are either unusual in nature or of infrequent occurrence, but not both (and therefore not meeting the criteria for extraordinary items), (a) as a separate component of income from continuing operations and (b) accompanied by disclosure of the nature and financial effects of each event? [FASB ASC 225-20-45-16] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |
| Unu | sual or Infrequently Occurring Items | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed the nature and financial effects of each event or transaction that is unusual in nature or occurs infrequently, but not both, on the face of the income statement, or alternatively, in notes to the financial statements? [FASB ASC 225-20-50-3] | | | |
| Inte | rim Reporting | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly disclosed extraordinary items separately and included in the determination of net income for the interim period or periods in which they occurred? [FASB ASC 225-20-50-4] | | | |
| Pres | entation of the Statement of Cash Flows (FASB ASC 230-10) | | | |
| | entation | | | |
| Casł | n and Cash Equivalents | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented the change during the period in cash and cash equivalents and presented an explanation for the change? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-4] | | | |
| Casł | n Flows From Investing Activities | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented cash flows from purchases, sales, and maturities of available-for-sale securities as cash flows from investing activities and presented these amounts as gross amounts in the statement of cash flows? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-11] | | | |
| Casł | n Flows From Operating Activities | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented cash payments made to settle an asset retirement obligation in the statement of cash flows as an operating activity? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-17(e)] | | | |
| Acq | uisitions and Sales of Certain Securities and Loans | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented cash receipts and cash payments resulting from purchase and sales of securities classified as trading securities, as prescribed in FASB ASC 320, <i>Investments—Debt and Equity Securities</i> , based on the nature and purpose for which the securities were acquired? | | | |

H.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 5. | mer othe carr flov | s the entity properly presented cash receipts and cash paynts resulting from the purchase or sale of securities and er assets that were acquired for resale and that are being ried at market value in a trading account as operating cash vs? SB ASC 230-10-45-20] | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented cash receipts and cash payments resulting from the purchase or sale of loans that were acquired for resale and that are being carried at market value or at the lower of cost or market values as operating cash flows? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-21] | | | | |
| Repo | orting | Operating, Investing, and Financing Activities | | | |
| 7. | flow and and onc (<i>No</i> rate item that | the entity properly presented, in the statement of cash was, net cash provided or used by the operating, investing, financing activities and the effect of those flows on cash cash equivalents during the period in a manner that reciles beginning and ending cash and cash equivalents? te: Although not required, the entity may present separe presentation of cash flows pertaining to extraordinary as or discontinued operations in those categories provided the presentation is consistent for all periods effective.) SB ASC 230-10-45-24] | | | |
| 8. | met | the entity properly presented the following, if the direct shod of reporting net cash flow from operating activities, encouraged by FASB ASC 230-10-45-25, is used: | | | |
| | a. | Cash received from customers? | | | |
| | b. | Interest and dividends received? | | | |
| | С. | Other operating cash receipts? | | | |
| | d. | Cash paid to employees and suppliers? | | | |
| | e. | Interest paid? | | | |
| | f. | Income taxes paid and, separately, the cash that would have been paid for income taxes if increases in the value of equity instruments issued under share-based payment arrangements that are not recognizable as a cost of goods or services for accounting purposes also had not been deductible in determining taxable income (FASB ASC 230-10-45-14[e])? | | | |
| | g. | Other operating cash payments (if any)? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-25] | | | |
| 9. | ince in a mer con flow acti | n other-than-insignificant financing element is present at eption, other than a financing element inherently included an at-the-market derivative instrument with no prepaynts (that is, the forward points in an at-the-money forward tract), does the borrower report all cash inflows and out-vs associated with that derivative instrument as financing vities? SB ASC 230-10-45-27] | | | |

| | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|---|------------|----|-----|
| Reconciliation of Net Income and Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities | | | |
| 10. Has the entity properly presented, if the direct method of reporting net cash flow from operating activities is not used, the net cash flow from operating activities indirectly, by adjusting net income to reconcile it to net cash flow from operating activities? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-28] | | | |
| 11. Has the entity properly presented a reconciliation of net income to net cash flow from operating activities, including separate reporting of all major classes of reconciling items? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-29] | | | |
| 12. Has the entity properly presented, if the direct method is used, a separate reconciling schedule to reconcile net income to net cash flow from operating activities? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-30] | | | |
| 13. Has the entity properly presented, if the indirect method is used, a separate reconciling schedule to reconcile net income to net cash flow from operating activities either within the statement of cash flows or in a separate schedule, with the statement of cash flows presenting only the net cash flow from operating activities? [FASB ASC 230-10-45-31] | | | |

The following table summarizes the methods used to report cash flows from operating activities in the financial statements of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

METHOD OF REPORTING CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

| | <u>2009</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Indirect method | 495 | 495 | 594 | 594 |
| Direct method | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Total entities | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 |

2008-2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006-2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

Disclosure

Cash Equivalents Policy

14. Has the entity properly disclosed the accounting policy for determining which items are treated as cash equivalents? [FASB ASC 230-10-50-1]

Interest and Income Taxes Paid

15. Has the entity properly disclosed, if the indirect method of reporting net cash flow from operating activities is used, the amounts of interest paid (net of amounts capitalized) and income taxes paid during the period in related disclosures? [FASB ASC 230-10-50-2]

Noncash Investing and Financing Activities

16. Has the entity properly disclosed investing and financing activities that affect recognized assets or liabilities, but that do not result in cash receipts or cash payments in the period?

[FASB ASC 230-10-50-3]

17. Has the entity properly disclosed only the cash portion of any transactions that are part cash and part noncash in the statement of cash flows, or if there are a significant amount of transactions, elsewhere in the financial statements with clear reference to the statement of cash flows?

[FASB ASC 230-10-50 par. 5-6]

I. Presentation of the Notes to Financial Statements (FASB ASC 235-10)

The following table lists accounting policies that were most frequently included in the summary of accounting policies of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

| | Number of Companies | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|------|--|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | |
| Revenue recognition | 485 | 486 | 587 | 590 | |
| Consolidation policy | 477 | 481 | 561 | 570 | |
| Use of estimates | 476 | 469 | 582 | 567 | |
| Property | 475 | 453 | 570 | 572 | |
| Cash equivalents | 474 | 475 | 551 | 546 | |
| Depreciation methods | 456 | 469 | 513 | 514 | |
| Amortization of intangibles | 456 | 451 | 548 | 540 | |
| Interperiod tax allocation | 449 | 438 | 534 | 508 | |
| Impairment | 436 | 415 | 517 | 546 | |
| Financial instruments | 435 | 440 | 502 | 506 | |
| Inventory pricing | 429 | 416 | 506 | 514 | |
| Stock-based compensation | 414 | 408 | 493 | 507 | |
| Translation of foreign currency | 383 | 376 | 445 | 428 | |
| Nature of operations | 365 | 363 | 376 | 286 | |
| Earnings per share calculation | 297 | 300 | 351 | 368 | |
| Accounts receivable | 349 | 333 | 381 | 386 | |
| Advertising costs | 244 | 250 | 293 | 288 | |
| Employee benefits | 229 | 195 | 217 | 185 | |
| Research and development costs | 185 | 172 | 228 | 224 | |
| Credit risk concentrations | 181 | 190 | 213 | 211 | |
| Fiscal years | 150 | 145 | 165 | 168 | |
| Environmental costs | 129 | 131 | 145 | 144 | |
| Capitalization of interest | 98 | 86 | 102 | 92 | |

2008-2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006-2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| Discl | osure | | | | |
| Wha | t to Di | sclose | | | |
| 1. | Do the disclosures for the entity properly identify and describe all significant accounting principles followed by the reporting entity and the methods of applying those principles that materially affect the determination of financial position, cash flows, and results of operations? [FASB ASC 235-10-50-3] | | | | |
| 2. | wher | the entity properly disclosed the following information, a those principles and methods identified in FASB ASC 0.0-50-3 include all instances in which there | | | |
| | a. | is a selection from existing acceptable alternatives? | | | |
| | b. | are principles and methods peculiar to the industry in which the reporting entity operates, even if such principles and methods are predominantly followed in that industry? | | | |
| | с. | are unusual or innovative applications of U.S. GAAP? [FASB ASC 235-10-50-3] | | | |
| Avoi | d Dup | olicate Details of Disclosures | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> disclosed duplicating details (for example, composition of inventories or of plant assets) presented elsewhere as a part of the financial statements? [FASB ASC 235-10-50-5] | | | | |
| Form | nat | | | | |
| 4. | cant eithe cial s title? | the entity properly disclosed a description of all signifiaccounting policies of the reporting entity, presented as r a separate summary preceding the notes to the finantatements or as the initial note under the same or similar B ASC 235-10-50-6] | | | |
| | | | | | |

J. Presentation of Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (FASB ASC 250-10)

The following table lists accounting changes that were most frequently reported in the financial statements of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

ACCOUNTING CHANGES

| | Number of Companies | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | <u>2009</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> | |
| Noncontrolling interests | 96 | * | * | * | |
| Fair value measurements | 51 | 175 | 2 | _ | |
| Business combinations | 46 | * | * | * | |
| | | | | (conti | ıued) |

NI/ A

MI

Vac

| | | | <u> 105</u> | <u> N0</u> |
|--|------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> |
| Defined benefit pension and postretirement plans | 44 | 59 | 138 | 303 |
| Financial instruments with debt and equity characteristics | 20 | * | * | * |
| Derivatives and hedging activities | 18 | 5 | _ | _ |
| Earnings per share | 17 | * | * | * |
| Income tax uncertainties | 5 | 161 | 369 | 1 |
| Inventories | 4 | 4 | 3 | 8 |
| Prior period financial statement misstatement | 3 | 6 | 10 | 18 |
| Consolidation of variable interest entities | 3 | _ | _ | _ |
| Impairment or disposal of long-lived assets | 2 | 1 | | 2 |
| Asset retirement obligation | 2 | _ | | 29 |
| Servicing of financial assets | 2 | _ | | 4 |
| Stock based compensation | _ | _ | 42 | 437 |
| | | | | 10, |

 $^{^*}$ N/C = Not compiled. Line item was not included in table for year shown. 2008–2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006–2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

Presentation

Change in Reporting Entity

1. If a change in reporting entity results in financial statements that are, in effect, the statements of a different reporting entity, has the change been applied retrospectively to all periods presented?

[FASB ASC 250-10-45-21]

Disclosure

Changes in Accounting Principle

- 2. Has the entity properly disclosed the following in the fiscal, and interim, if applicable, period in which a change in accounting principle is made (not required for subsequent periods): (*Note*: If a change accounting principle has no material effect in the period of change but is reasonably certain to have a material effect in later periods, the disclosures in item [a] should be provided whenever the financial statements of the period of change are presented)?
 - a. The nature of and reason for the change in accounting principle, including an explanation of why the newly adopted accounting principle is preferable?
 - *b*. The method of applying the change, including all of the following:
 - i. A description of the prior-period information that has been retrospectively adjusted, if any? _____

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--|--|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | ii. | The effect of the change on income from continuing operations, net income (or other appropriate captions of changes in the applicable net assets or performance indicator), any other affected financial statement line item, and any affected pershare amounts for the current period and any prior periods retrospectively adjusted? Presentation of the effect on financial statement subtotals and totals other than income from continuing operations and net income (or other appropriate captions of changes in the applicable net assets or performance indicator) is not required. | | | |
| | iii. | The cumulative effect of the change on retained earnings or other components of equity or net assets in the statement of financial position as of the beginning of the earliest period presented? | | | |
| | iv. | If retrospective application to all prior periods is impracticable, disclosure of the reasons therefore, and a description of the alternative method used to report the change (see paragraphs 5–7 of FASB ASC 250-10-45)? | | | |
| С. | | direct effects of a change in accounting principle ecognized, | | | |
| | i. | a description of the indirect effects of a change in accounting principle, including the amounts that have been recognized in the current period, and the related per-share amounts, if applicable? | | | |
| | ii. | unless impracticable, the amount of the total recognized indirect effects of the accounting change and the related per-share amounts, if applicable, that are attributable to each prior period presented? [FASB ASC 250-10-50 par. 1–2] | | | |
| new reporting inclusions contitions indicathose | accourted for des distribution des distributions de distribution de distribution de dist | city properly disclosed in the fiscal year in which a nting principle is adopted, financial information in interim periods after the date of adoption, which is closure of the effect of the change on income from operations, net income (or other appropriate capanges in the applicable net assets or performance and related per-share amounts, if applicable, for hange interim periods? | | | |

3.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| 4. | If a public company that regularly reports interim information makes an accounting change during the fourth quarter of its fiscal year and does not report the data specified by FASB ASC 270-10-50-1, in a separate fourth-quarter report or in its annual report, does the entity include disclosure of the effects of the accounting change on interim-period results, as required by FASB ASC 250-10-50-1, in a note to the annual financial statements for the fiscal year in which the change is made? <i>Note:</i> A change in accounting principle made in an interim period should be reported by retrospective application in accordance with FASB ASC 250-10-45-5. However, the impracticability exception in FASB ASC 250-10-45-9 may not be applied to prechange interim periods of the fiscal year in which the change is made. When retrospective application to prechange interim periods is impracticable, the desired change may only be made as of the beginning of a subsequent fiscal year. (FASB ASC 250-10-45-14) [FASB ASC 250-10-45-15] | | | |
| Char | nge in Accounting Estimate ¹ | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed the effect on income from continuing operations, net income (or other appropriate captions of changes in the applicable net assets or performance indicator), and any related per-share amounts of the current period for a change in estimate that affects several future periods, such as a change in service lives of depreciable assets? (<i>Note</i> : Disclosure of those effects is not necessary for estimates made each period in the ordinary course of accounting for items such as uncollectible accounts or inventory obsolescence unless the effect of a change in the estimate is material.) [FASB ASC 250-10-50-4] | | | |
| 6. | When the entity effects a change in estimate by changing an accounting principle, are the disclosures required by questions 2–3 made? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-4] | | | |
| 7. | When the entity has a change in estimate that does not have a material effect in the period of change but is reasonably certain to have a material effect in later periods, is a description of that change in estimate disclosed whenever the financial statements of the period of change are presented? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-4] | | | |
| Char | nge in Reporting Entity | | | |
| 8. | When there has been a change in the reporting entity, do the financial statements of the period of the change, provide a description of the nature of the change, and the reason for it? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-6] | | | |

¹ Per Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) *Accounting Standards Codification* (ASC) 250-10-50-5, the disclosure provisions for a change in accounting estimate are not required for revisions resulting from a change in a valuation technique or its application.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 9. | Is the effect of the change on income before extraordir items, net income (or other appropriate captions of char in the applicable net assets or performance indicator), (and any related per-share amounts disclosed for all peripresented? | nges DCI, | | |
| | [FASB ASC 250-10-50-6] | | | |
| 10. | If a change in reporting entity does not have a material ef in the period of change but is reasonably certain to hav material effect in later periods, the nature of and reason the change disclosed whenever the financial statements of period of change are presented? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-6] | re a for | | |
| Corr | rection of an Error in Previously Issued Financial Statement | s | | |
| 11. | When financial statements are restated to correct an error, the entity disclosed that its previously issued financial st ments have been restated, along with a description of the ture of the error? Does the entity also properly disclose following: | ate- na- | | |
| | a. The effect of the correction on each financial statem line item and any per-share amounts affected for e prior period presented? | | | |
| | b. The cumulative effect of the change on retained earlings or other appropriate components of equity or assets in the statement of financial position, as of beginning of the earliest period presented? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-7] | net | | |
| 12. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if prior period adjustme have been recorded, the resulting effects (both gross and of applicable income tax) on the net income of prior peri in the annual report for the year in which the adjustments made and in interim reports, if applicable, issued during year subsequent to the date of recording the adjustment (<i>Note</i> : The entity should not repeat the disclosures in sul quent periods.) [FASB ASC 250-10-50 par. 8 and 10] | net lods are that nts? | | |
| 13. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following prior-per adjustments and restatements (see also FASB ASC 205-10 and FASB ASC 205-10-50-1): | | | |
| | a. For single period financial statements, the effects cluding applicable income taxes) of such restatem on the balance of retained earnings at the beginning the period and on the net income of the immedia preceding period? | nent g of | | |
| | b. For multiple-period financial statements, the effects cluding applicable income taxes) for each of the peri included in the statements, in total and by class, of correction on change in net assets for each of the jiods presented? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-9] | ods the | | |

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A | |
|------------|--|---|---|-------------|-----------|---------|--|
| | Error Correction Related to Prior Interim Periods of the Current Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
| | 14. | If the entity prepares interim reporting and an adjustment re- lated to a prior period of the current fiscal year has been made, has the entity properly disclosed both of the following: | | | | | |
| | | a. | The effect on income from continuing operations, net income, and related per-share amounts for each prior interim period of the current fiscal year? | | | | |
| | | b. | Income from continuing operations, net income, and related per-share amounts for each prior interim period restated in accordance with FASB ASC 250-10-45-26? [FASB ASC 250-10-50-11] | | | | |
| K. | Pres | sentati | ion of Changing Prices (FASB ASC 255-10) | | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | | | |
| | 1. | enco chai | nough not required, has the entity properly disclosed, as buraged, supplementary information on the effects of nging prices? SB ASC 255-10-50-1] | | | | |
| L. | | | | | | | |
| | Presentation | | | | | | |
| | | | Additional Presentation Information | | | | |
| market eit | ther or ally, as | n a sto | issued common stock or potential common stock, if those ck exchange or in the over-the-counter market, including secussed in FASB ASC 260-10-15-2, see FASB ASC 260-10-45 | curities qu | oted only | locally | |
| | Disclosure | | | | | | |
| | 1. Has the entity properly disclosed the following for each period for which an income statement is presented: | | | | | | |
| | | a. | A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted per share computations for in- come from continuing operations? | | | | |
| | | b. | The effect that has been given to preferred dividends in arriving at income available to common shareholders' in computing basic EPS? | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

² Per FASB ASC 260-10-15-2, the guidance in FASB ASC 260, *Earnings Per Share*, requires presentation of earnings per share (EPS) by all entities that have issued common stock or potential common stock (that is, securities such as options, warrants, convertible securities, or contingent stock agreements) if those securities trade in a public market either on a stock exchange (domestic or foreign) or in the overthe-counter market, including securities quoted only locally or regionally. FASB ASC 260 also requires presentation of EPS by an entity that has made a filing or is in the process of filing with a regulatory agency in preparation for the sale of those securities in a public market.

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|------|---|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | c. | Securities (including those issuable pursuant to contingent stock agreements) that could potentially dilute basic EPS in the future that were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because to do so would have been antidilutive for the period(s) presented? [FASB ASC 260-10-50-1] | | | |
| | 2. | which trans riod avail that share the p | the entity properly disclosed, for the latest period for the an income statement is presented, a description of any saction that occurred after the end of the most recent pebut before the financial statements were issued or are lable to be issued (as discussed in FASB ASC 855-10-25) would have changed materially the number of common es or potential common shares outstanding at the end of period if the transaction had occurred before the end of period? BB ASC 260-10-50-2] | | | |
| M. | Pres | entati | on Regarding Interim Reporting (FASB ASC 270-10) ³ | | | |
| IVI. | Disc | losure | | | | |
| | 1. | mini finar | the public entity properly disclosed the following, at a mum, if the publicly traded entity reports summarized acial information at interim dates (including reports on ourth quarter): | | | |
| | | a. | Sales or gross revenues, provision for income taxes, extraordinary items (including related income tax effects), net income, and comprehensive income? | | | |
| | | b. | Basic and diluted EPS data for each period presented, determined in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 260? | | | |
| | | С. | Seasonal revenue, costs, or expenses? | | | |
| | | d. | Significant changes in estimates or provisions for income taxes? | | | |
| | | e. | Disposal of a component of an entity and extraordinary, unusual or infrequently occurring items? | | | |
| | | | | | | |

This checklist has not been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-20.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

³ In July 2010, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-20, Receivables (Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. The effective dates are as follows:

a. For publicly traded companies:

i. The "Pending Content" for disclosures as of the end of a reporting period are effective for the first interim or annual reporting period ending on or after December 15, 2010 (that is, December 31, 2010, for public entities with calendar year-ends).

ii. The "Pending Content" for disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period is effective for the first interim or annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2010 (that is, January 1, 2011, for public entities with calendar year-ends).

b. For nonpublic entities, the "Pending Content" is effective for the first annual reporting period ending on or after December 15, 2011 (that is, December 31, 2011, for entities with calendar year-ends).

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 310-10-65-2.

| | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | IVIA |
|----|------------------------------|--|------------|---------|------|
| f. | Con | atingent items? | | | |
| g. | | nges in accounting principles or estimates? | | | |
| h. | | nificant changes in financial position? | | | |
| i. | All erat sion resta | of the following information about reportable oping segments determined according to the provision of FASB ASC 280, including provisions related to attement of segment information in previously isdifinancial statements: | | | |
| | i. | Revenues from external customers? | | | |
| | ii. | Intersegment revenues? | | | |
| | iii. | A measure of segment profit or loss? | | | |
| | iv. | Total assets for which there has been a material change from the amount disclosed in the last annual report? | | | |
| | v. | A description of differences from the last annual report in the basis of segmentation or in the measurement of segment profit or loss? | | | |
| | vi. | A reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' measures of profit or loss to the entity's consolidated income before income taxes, extraordinary items, and discontinued operations? | | | |
| j. | pen: bene | of the following information about defined benefit sion plans and other defined benefit postretirement efit plans, disclosed for all periods presented purnt to the provisions of FASB ASC 715-20: | | | |
| | i. | The amount of net periodic benefit cost recognized, for each period for which a statement of income is presented, showing separately the service cost component, the interest cost component, the expected return on plan assets for the period, the gain or loss component, the prior service cost or credit component, the transition asset or obligation component, and the gain or loss recognized due to a settlement or curtailment? | | | |
| | ii. | The total amount of the employer's contributions paid, and expected to be paid, during the current fiscal year, if significantly different from amounts previously disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 715-20-50-1. Estimated contributions may be presented in the aggregate combining all of the following: (1) contributions required by funding regulations or laws, (2) discretionary contributions, and (3) noncash contributions? | | | |
| k. | asse nan | information about the use of fair value to measure ets and liabilities recognized in the statement of fi- cial position pursuant to paragraphs 1–6 of FASB | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|---|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | 1. | The information about derivative instruments as required by FASB ASC 815-10-50, 815-20-50, 815-25-50, 815-30-50, and 815-35-50? | | | |
| | m. | The information about fair value of financial instruments as required by FASB ASC 825-10-50? | | | |
| | n. | The information about certain investments in debt and equity securities as required by FASB ASC 320-10-50 and 942-320-50? | | | |
| | 0. | The information about other-than-temporary impairments as required by FASB ASC 320-10-50, 325-20-50, and 958-320-50? [FASB ASC 270-10-50-1] | | | |
| 2. | publication disclusive accordance of frequency and terial state | the entity properly disclosed, if the reporting entity is a icly traded company and if interim financial data and osures are not separately reported for the fourth quarter, unting changes made during the fourth quarter, disposif segments of a business, extraordinary, unusual, or intently occurring items recognized in the fourth quarter, the aggregate effect of year-end adjustments that are mall to the results of that quarter in a note to the financial ments? B ASC 270-10-50-2 | | | |
| 3. | Has resul grap FASI | the entity properly disclosed the impact of the financial lts for interim periods of the matters discussed in para- hs 12–16 of FASB ASC 270-10-45 and paragraphs 5–6 of B ASC 270-10-50? | | | |
| 4. | quire perio | the entity properly disclosed, as encouraged but not reed, balance sheet and cash flow data been for the interim ods? BB ASC 270-10-50-4] | | | |
| 5. | rately for the | the entity properly disclosed extraordinary items sepa- y and included them in the determination of net income he period in which they occurred? B ASC 270-10-50-5] | | | |
| 6. | quire ties t tion | the entity properly disclosed, in the same manner red for annual reports, contingencies and other uncertainthat could be expected to affect the fairness of presentatof financial data at an interim date been? B ASC 270-10-50-6] | | | |
| | | on Regarding Income Taxes for Interim Reporting | | | |

Additional Presentation and Disclosure Information

N.

See the "Income Taxes" section of this checklist for information on the presentation and disclosure requirements under FASB ASC 270-740.

O.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|-------|--|------------|----|-----|
| Prese | entation of Risks and Uncertainties (FASB ASC 275-10) | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| Natu | re of Operations | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed a description of the major products or services the entity sells or provides and it principal markets, including the locations of those markets? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-2] | | | |
| 2. | If the entity operates in more than one business, has the entity properly disclosed information indicating the relative importance of its operations in each business and the basis for this determination (assets, revenues, and earnings)? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-2] | | | |
| Use o | of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed in the financial statements an explanation that the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the use of managements' estimates? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-4] | | | |
| Certa | nin Significant Estimates | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed if, based on known information available to the entity before the issuance of the financial statements, it is reasonably possibly that estimates in the financial statements will change in the <i>near term</i> (as defined by the FASB ASC glossary as a period of time not to exceed one year from the date of the financial statements) and the effects will be material, discussion (including an estimate of the effect of the change in condition, situation, or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements) in the financial statements of these facts and circumstances? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-6] | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if the criteria in FASB ASC 275-10-50-8 are met, that it is at least reasonably possible that a change in an entity's estimate of its liability could occur in the near term? (<i>Note</i> : If the estimate involves a loss contingency under FASB ASC 450-20, the disclosure should also include an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, or state that such estimate cannot be made.) [FASB ASC 275-10-50-9] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------------|--------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | Curr | rent Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations | | | |
| | 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if the entity has concentrations that exist at the date of the financial statements, that those concentrations make the entity vulnerable to the risk of a near term severe impact, and it is at least reasonably possible that the events that could cause the severe impact will occur in the near term, further including information that is adequate to inform users of the general nature of the risk associated with the concentration? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-16] | | | |
| | 7. | For those concentrations of labor subject to collective bargaining agreements and concentrations of operations located outside the reporting entity's home country that (a) exist at the date of the financial statements and (b) make the reporting entity vulnerable to the risk of a near term severe impact, where it is at least reasonably possible that the events that could cause the severe impact will occur in the near term, are the following disclosed: | | | |
| | | a. The percentage of labor force covered by a collective agreement and the percentage of the labor force covered by a collective bargaining agreement that will expire in one year? | | | |
| | | b. For operations located outside the reporting entity's home country, the carrying amounts of net assets and the geographic areas in which they are located? [FASB ASC 275-10-50-20] | | | |
| P. | Pres | entation Regarding Segment Reporting (FASB ASC 280-10) | | | |
| | | Additional Disclosure Information | | | |
| outlined is | n FASI | 80-10-15-2, the guidance in this topic applies to all public entities ASC 280-10-15-3; however, entities other than public entities are trees described in this section. | | | |
| | Disci | losure | | | |
| | Ope: tion | rating Segments—Disclosure Requirements—General Informa- | | | |
| | 1. | Has the public entity properly disclosed the following for each period for which an income statement is presented: | | | |
| | | a. Factors used to identify the public entity's reportable segments, including the basis of organization (for ex- | | | |

ample, whether management has chosen to organize the reporting entity around differences in products and services, geographic areas, regulatory environments, or a combination of factors and whether operating seg-

Types of products and services from which each re-

ments have been aggregated)?

[FASB ASC 280-10-50-21]

portable segment derives its revenues?

b.

| Operating Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Information About Profit or Loss and Assets 2. Has the public entity properly disclosed a measure of profit or loss and total assets for each reportable segment? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 3. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following for each reportable segment, if the specified amounts are included in the measure of segment profit or loss reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker: a. Revenues from external customers? b. Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the reporting entity? c. Interest revenue? d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment's acch reportable segment. Get Passets reverse explarely provided to the chief operating decision maker of the segment and maker acch reportable segment. | | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | IVIA |
|---|----|---|--|------------|---------|------|
| or loss and total assets for each reportable segment? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 3. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following for each reportable segment, if the specified amounts are included in the measure of segment profit or loss reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker: a. Revenues from external customers? b. Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the reporting entity? c. Interest revenue? d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | | | | | |
| each reportable segment, if the specified amounts are included in the measure of segment profit or loss reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker: a. Revenues from external customers? b. Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the reporting entity? c. Interest revenue? d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | 2. | or lo | oss and total assets for each reportable segment? | | | |
| b. Revenues from transactions with other operating segments of the reporting entity? c. Interest revenue? d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | 3. | each clud the | n reportable segment, if the specified amounts are in- led in the measure of segment profit or loss reviewed by chief operating decision maker or are otherwise regularly | | | |
| ments of the reporting entity? c. Interest revenue? d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | a. | Revenues from external customers? | | | |
| d. Interest expense? e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | b. | | | | |
| e. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | С. | Interest revenue? | | | |
| f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment'? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | d. | Interest expense? | | | |
| f. Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? g. Equity in the net income of investees accounted for by the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment'? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22-24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | e. | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? | | | |
| the equity method? h. Income tax expense or benefit? i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | f. | Unusual items as described in FASB ASC 225-20-45-16? | | | |
| i. Extraordinary items? j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | g. | | | | |
| j. Significant noncash items other than depreciation, depletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | h. | Income tax expense or benefit? | | | |
| pletion, and amortization expense? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-22] 4. Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | i. | Extraordinary items? | | | |
| has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 22–24] 5. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following specified amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | | j. | pletion, and amortization expense? | | | |
| fied amounts if (a) they included in the determination of segment assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker or (b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- | 4. | Has the public entity properly disclosed, unless a segment has no or immaterial financial operations, interest revenue separately from interest expense for each reportable segment (unless a majority of the segment's revenues are from interest and the chief operating decision maker relies primarily on net interest revenue to assess the performance of the segment and make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment)? (In that situation, a public entity may report that segment's interest revenue net of its interest expense and disclose that it has done so.) | | | | |
| a. The amount of investment in equity method investees? | 5. | fied men or (<i>l</i> deci men | amounts if (a) they included in the determination of seg- at assets reviewed by the chief operating decision maker b) are otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating sion maker, even if not included in that measure of seg- at assets, for each reportable segment: | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | b. | Total expenditures for additions to long-lived assets other than any of the following: financial instruments, long term customer relationships of a financial institution, mortgage and other servicing rights, deferred policy acquisition costs, or deferred tax assets? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-25] | | | |
| 6. | reas clos | the public entity properly disclosed the fact that, and the con behind the fact, if it has no asset information to dise for a reportable segment? SB ASC 280-10-50-26] | | | |
| | | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Information of the Control of the | | | |
| 7. | mea | the public entity properly provided an explanation of the surements of segment profit or loss and segment assets each reportable segment and disclosed all of the follow- | | | |
| | a. | The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments? | | | |
| | b. | The nature of any differences between the reporting entity's consolidated income before taxes, extraordinary items, discontinued operations, and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principle? | | | |
| | С. | The nature of any differences between the measurements of the reportable segments' assets and the reporting entity's consolidated assets? | | | |
| | d. | The nature of any changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss and the effect, if any, of those changes on the measure of segment profit or loss? | | | |
| | е. | The nature and effect of any asymmetrical allocations to segments? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-29] | | | |
| Ope | rating | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Reconciliations | | | |
| 8. | tota prof mat pres ider | the public entity properly disclosed reconciliations of the ls of the reportable segments' revenues, measures of fit or loss, assets, and every other significant item of inforion disclosed to corresponding consolidated amounts sented with all significant reconciling items separately ntified and described? SB ASC 280-10-50 par. 30–31] | | | |
| - | rating ation | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Interim Period In- | | | |
| 9. | mat state | the public entity properly disclosed the following infor- ion about each reportable segment in condensed financial ements of interim periods for current quarter and year-to- e amounts: | | | |
| | a. | Revenues from external customers? | | | |

| | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | IVIA |
|-----|---|--|------------|---------|------|
| | b. | Intersegment revenues? | | | |
| | с. | A measure of segment profit or loss? | | | |
| | d. | Total assets for which there has been a material change from the amount disclosed in the last annual report? | | | |
| | е. | A description of differences from the last annual report in the basis of segmentation or in the basis of measure- ment of segment profit or loss? | | | |
| | f. | A reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' measures of profit or loss to the public entity's consolidated income before income taxes, extraordinary items, and discontinued operations? If a public entity allocates items such as income taxes and extraordinary items to segments, the public entity may choose to reconcile the total of the segments' measures of profit or loss to consolidated income after those items. Significant reconciling items should be separately identified and described in that reconciliation. [FASB ASC 280-10-50 par. 32–33] | | | |
| _ | _ | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Restatements of Reported Information | | | |
| 10. | matic spon have ture comp | the public entity properly disclosed corresponding infor- on for prior periods restated and the fact that the corre- ding items of segment information for earlier periods been restated, if the reporting entity changes the struc- of its internal organization in a manner that changes the position of its reportable segments? B ASC 280-10-50-34] | | | |
| 11. | a cha ner t occur not r der b | the public entity properly disclosed, in the year in which ange in the structure of its internal organization in a man- that changes the composition of its reportable segments are and the corresponding information for prior periods is restated, segment information for the current period unboth the old basis and the new basis? B ASC 280-10-50-35] | | | |
| | | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Information ducts and Services | | | |
| 12. | exter grou cable | the public entity properly disclosed the revenues from rnal customers for each product and service or each p of similar products and services, unless it is impractite to do so? If impracticable, has that fact been disclosed? B ASC 280-10-50-40] | | | |
| _ | _ | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Information graphic Areas | | | |
| 13. | mati | the public entity properly disclosed the following infor- on about its geographical information, unless it is im- ticable to do so? If impracticable, has that fact been dis- d? | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|---|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | a. | Revenues from external customers (i) attributed to the reporting entity's country of domicile and (ii) attributed to all foreign countries in total from which the reporting entity derives revenue? | | | |
| | b. | Revenues from external customers attributed to an individual foreign country, if material? | | | |
| | С. | The basis for attributing revenues from external customers to individual countries? | | | |
| | d. | Long-lived assets other than financial instruments, long term customer relationships of a financial institution, mortgage and other servicing rights, deferred policy acquisition costs, and deferred tax assets (i) located in the reporting entity's country of domicile and (ii) located in all foreign countries in total in which the reporting entity holds assets? | | | |
| | e. | Long-lived assets as described above in an individual foreign country, if material? [FASB ASC 280-10-50-41] | | | |
| | | Segments—Disclosure Requirements—Information or Customers | | | |
| 14. | the amou | the public entity properly disclosed information about extent of its reliance on its major customers (those unting to 10 percent or more of the entity's revenue)? B ASC 280-10-50-42] | | | |
| Rece | ivable | es (FASB ASC 310-10)4,5 | | | |
| Prese | ntation | 1 | | | |
| Loan | s or T | rade Receivables | | | |
| 1. | a sep other loans ther ment | , | | | |
| | [FAS | B ASC 310-10-45-2] | | | |

II. Assets

A.

⁴ In December 2009, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-16, *Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (FASB Statement No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets)*. This update is to incorporate FASB Statement No. 166, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140*, into the codification. ASU No. 2009-16 represents a revision to the provisions of former FASB Statement No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities*, and requires more information about transfers of financial assets, including securitization transactions, and where entities have continuing exposure to the risks related to transferred financial assets. It eliminates the concept of a "qualifying special-purpose entity," changes the requirements for derecognizing financial assets, and requires additional disclosures. This ASU should be applied as of the beginning of *(continued)*

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Fore | closed or Repossessed Assets | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented foreclosed or repossessed assets as a separate balance sheet amount or included in other assets on the balance sheet with separate disclosures in the notes to the financial statements? (<i>Note</i> : Certain returned or repossessed assets, such as inventory, should not be classified separately if the assets subsequently are to be utilized by the entity in operations.) [FASB ASC 310-10-45-3] | | | |
| Allov | vances | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented allowances for uncollectible receivables as deductions from the related receivables? [FASB ASC 310-10-45-4] | | | |
| 4. | Are changes in the allowance for uncollectible amounts relating to mortgage loans reported in income? [FASB ASC 944-310-45-4] | | | |
| Unea | rned Discounts | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented unearned discounts (other than cash or quantity discounts and similar items), finance charges, and interest included in the face amounts of receivables as a deduction from the related receivables? [FASB ASC 310-10-45-8] | | | |
| Rece | ivables from Officers, Employees, or Affiliates | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented accounts and notes receivable from officers, employees, and affiliated entities separately (with appropriate disclosures), and not included under a general heading such as "notes receivable" or "accounts receivable?" | | | |
| Dain | [FASB ASC 310-10-45-13] | | | |
| | surance Receivables | | | |
| 7. | Are estimated reinsurance receivables arising from ceding transactions described in FASB ASC 944-310-25-2 reported separately as assets? [FASB ASC 944-310-45-5] | | | |
| 8. | Are amounts receivable and payable between the ceding entity and an individual reinsurer offset only when a right of offset exists as defined in FASB ASC 210-20, even if the ceding entity and reinsurer are affiliated entities? [FASB ASC 944-310-45-7] | | | |

each reporting entity's first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009 (that is, January 1, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends). Early adoption is not permitted.

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2009-16.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 860-10-65-3.

⁵ See footnote 3.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------|---------|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Discle | sure | | | | | |
| Finar | icial G | uaran | tee Insurance Contracts | | | |
| 9. | | | rity disclosed the following for each annual period a statement: | | | |
| | a. | miun | inancial guarantee insurance contracts where pre- ns are received as payments over the period of the act, rather than at inception, all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The premium receivable as of the date of the statement of financial position and the line item in the statement of financial position where the amount is reported (if not presented separately)? | | | |
| | | ii. | The unearned premium revenue as of the date of the statement of financial position and the line item in the statement of financial position where the amount is reported (if not presented sepa- rately)? | | | |
| | | iii. | The amount of accretion on the premium receivable and the line item in the statement of income where that amount is reported (if not presented separately)? | | | |
| | | iv. | The weighted-average risk-free rate used to discount the premiums expected to be collected? | | | |
| | | v. | The weighted-average period of the premium receivable? | | | |
| | b. | | nedule of premiums expected to be collected re- to the premium receivable detailing both of the wing: | | | |
| | | i. | The four quarters of the subsequent annual period and each of the next four annual periods? | | | |
| | | ii. | The remaining periods aggregated in five year increments? | | | |
| | С. | | lforward of the premium receivable for the period, ding all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The beginning premium receivable? | | | |
| | | ii. | Premium payments received? | | | |
| | | iii. | New business written? | | | |
| | | iv. | Adjustments to the premium receivable for changes in the period of a financial guarantee insurance contract, with explanations for why the adjustments occurred? | | | |
| | | v. | Accretion of the premium receivable discount? | | | |
| | | vi. | Other adjustments, with explanations provided? | | | |
| | | vii. | The ending premium receivable? [FASB ASC 944-310-50-3] | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|-----------------------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Loar | ns or T | Trade Receivables | | | |
| 10. | | the entity properly disclosed the following in the acting policy note disclosure: | | | |
| | a. | The basis of accounting for loans, trade receivables, and lease financings, including those classified as held for sale? | | | |
| | b. | The method used in determining the lower of cost or fair value of nonmortgage loans held for sale (that is aggregate or individual asset basis)? | | | |
| | С. | The classification and method of accounting for interest-only strips, loans, other receivables, or retained interests in securitizations that can be contractually prepaid or otherwise settled in a way that the holder would not recover substantially all of its recorded investment? | | | |
| | d. | The method for recognizing interest income on loan and trade receivables, including a statement about the entity's policy for treatment of related fees and costs, including the method of amortizing net deferred fees or costs? [FASB ASC 310-10-50-2] | | | |
| 11. | or to | the entity properly disclosed the major categories of loan rade receivables separately in the balance sheet or in the st to the financial statements? SB ASC 310-10-50-3] | | | |
| 12. | losse any cour the | the entity properly disclosed any allowance for credit es, allowance for doubtful accounts, and, as applicable, unearned income, any unamortized premiums and disnets, and any net unamortized deferred fees and costs in financial statements? SB ASC 310-10-50-4] | | | |
| 13. | and ings lic e pub | the carrying amount of loans, trade receivables, securities, financial instruments that serve as collateral for borrow-disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 860-30-50-1(b) for pubnitities and pursuant to FASB ASC 860-30-50-4(b) for non-lic entities? SB ASC 310-10-50-5] | | | |
| Non | = | al and Past Due Loans and Trade Receivables | | | |
| 14. | | the entity properly disclosed the following in the ac- nting policy note disclosure: | | | |
| | a. | The policy for placing loans and trade receivables, if applicable, on nonaccrual status (or discontinuing accrual of interest)? | | | |
| | b. | The policy for recording payments received on nonac- crual loans and trade receivables, if applicable? | | | |
| | с. | The policy for resuming accrual of interest? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | The policy for charging off uncollectible loans and trade receivables? | | | |
| | e. | The policy for determining past due or delinquency status (that is, whether past due status is based on how recently payments have been received or contractual terms)? [FASB ASC 310-10-50-6] | | | |
| 15. | loan statu cial s | the entity properly disclosed the recorded investment in s (and trade receivables if applicable) on nonaccrual is as of each balance sheet date in the notes to the finanstatements? 6B ASC 310-10-50-7] | | | |
| 16. | Has loan or m | the entity properly disclosed the recorded investment in s, and trade receivables, if applicable, past due 90 days nore and still accruing? 6B ASC 310-10-50-7] | | | |
| Acco | untin | g Policies for Credit Losses and Doubtful Accounts | | | |
| 17. | Has tinge scrip tity for c cred othe influ also lar c | the entity properly disclosed, in addition to the loss conencies disclosures required by FASB ASC 450-20, a decition of the accounting policies and methodology the enused to estimate its allowance for loan losses, allowance doubtful accounts, and any liability for off-balance sheet it losses, and related charges for loan, trade receivable, or recedit losses, including a description of the factors that tenced management's judgment? (<i>Note</i> : The entity may include a discussion of risk elements relevant to particulategories of financial instruments.) | | | |
| Allo | wance | for Credit Losses Related to Loans | | | |
| 18. | in th ing t each dow amo | the entity properly disclosed, as applicable, the activity e total allowance for credit losses related to loans, includihe balance in the allowance at the beginning and end of period, additions charged to operations, direct writens charged against the allowance, and recoveries of unts previously charged off? 6B ASC 310-10-50-12 | | | |
| Impa | nired I | Loans | | | |
| 19. | finar lowi | the entity properly disclosed, either in the body of the nicial statements or in the accompanying notes, the foling information about loans that meet the definition of an <i>ired loan</i> in paragraphs 16 and 17 of FASB ASC 310-10-35: | | | |
| | a. | As of the date of each statement of financial position presented, the total recorded investment in the impaired loans at the end of each period and | | | |
| | | i. the amount of that recorded investment for which there is a related allowance for credit losses determined in accordance with FASB ASC 310-10-35 and the amount of that allowance? | | | |

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | ii. | the amount of that recorded investment for which there is no related allowance for credit losses determined in accordance with FASB ASC 310-10-35? | | | |
| | b. | | creditor's policy for recognizing interest income on hired loans, including how cash receipts are re- ed? | | | |
| | С. | sente paire inter perio pract using time | each period for which results of operations are pre- ed, the average recorded investment in the im- ed loans during each period, the related amount of est income recognized during the time within that od that the loans were impaired, and, unless not ticable, the amount of interest income recognized g a cash-basis method of accounting during the within that period the loans were impaired? BB ASC 310-10-50 par. 15–16 | | | |
| Loss | Conti | ngenci | ies | | | |
| 20. | scrib tees (may | ed in 1 (FASB be rer | htity properly disclosed loss contingencies, as de-FASB ASC 460-10-50-2 (see question 1 in "Guaran-ASC 460-10)"), even though the possibility of loss mote? | | | |
| Risk | | | tainties | | | |
| 21. | Has the r loan risks as di [FAS | | | | | |
| Non | refund | lable 1 | Fees and Other Costs (FASB ASC 310-20) | | | |
| Prese | rntation | 1 | | | | |
| Bala | nce Sh | eet Pro | esentation | | | |
| 1. | loan purch as ar the b | origin hase p adju alance es? | tity properly presented the unamortized balance of nation, commitment, and other fees and costs and oremiums and discounts that are being recognized stment of yield pursuant to FASB ASC 310-20 on e sheet as a part of the loan balance to which it | | | |
| | [FAS | B ASC | C 310-20-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | the c | riteria inancia | tity properly presented commitment fees that meet of FASB ASC 310-20-35-2 as deferred income in all statements? | | | |

B.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Inco | ome Statement Clarification | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented amounts of loan origination, commitment, and other fees and costs recognized as an adjustment of yield as a part of interest income? (<i>Note</i> : Amortization of other fees, such as commitment fees that are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the commitment period or included in income when the commitment expires, should be presented as service fee income.) [FASB ASC 310-20-45-3] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |
| Net | Fees and Costs | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the summary of significant accounting policies, a description of the method for recognizing interest income on loan and trade receivables, including a statement about the entity's policy for treatment of related fees and costs, including the method of amortizing net deferred fees or costs included in the notes to the financial statements? [FASB ASC 310-20-50-1] | | | |
| 5. | If the entity anticipates prepayments in applying the interest method, has the entity disclosed the policy and any significant assumptions underlying the prepayment estimates? [FASB ASC 310-20-50-2] | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed the unamortized net fees and costs as a part of each loan category? (<i>Note</i> : Additional disclosures such as unamortized net fees and costs may be included in the footnotes to the financial statements if the lender believes that such information is useful to the users of financial statements.) [FASB ASC 310-20-50-3] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed, with respect to credit card fees and costs, for both purchased and originated credit cards, the net amount capitalized at the balance sheet date and the amortization period(s)? [FASB ASC 310-20-50-4] | | | |
| | ns and Debt Securities Acquired With Deteriorated Credit lity (FASB ASC 310-30) | | | |
| Pres | entation | | | |
| Acc | retable Yield | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> presented in the balance sheet the amount of the loan's accretable yield or the loan's contractually required payments receivable in excess of the amount of its cash flows expected at acquisition? [FASB ASC 310-30-45-1] | | | |

C.

| | | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| Disc | losure | | | | | |
| Foot | tnote I | Disclos | sures for Loans | | | |
| 2. | state nation | ements on of ollecte | entity properly disclosed in the notes to financial is how prepayments are considered in the determicontractual cash flows and cash flows expected to ed? C 310-30-50-1] | | | |
| 3. | Has sent | the ered, th | ntity properly disclosed, for each balance sheet pre- ne following information about loans within the PASB ASC 310-30: | | | |
| | a. | as c | arately for both those loans that are accounted for debt securities and those loans that are not ac- nted for as debt securities, | | | |
| | | i. | the outstanding balance and related carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period? | | | |
| | | ii. | the amount of accretable yield at the beginning and end of the period, reconciled for additions, accretion, disposals of loans, and reclassifications to or from nonaccretable difference during the period? | | | |
| | | iii. | for loans acquired during the period, the contrac- tually required payments receivable, cash flows expected to be collected, and fair value at the ac- quisition date? | | | |
| | | iv. | for those loans within the scope of FASB ASC 310-30 for which the income recognition model is not applied in accordance with FASB ASC 310-30-35-3, the carrying amount at the acquisition date for loans acquired during the period and the carrying amount of all loans at the end of the period? | | | |
| | b. | | ther, for those loans that are not accounted for as t securities, has the entity disclosed | | | |
| | | i. | the amount of (1) any expense recognized pursuant to FASB ASC 310-30-35-10(a) and (2) any reductions of the allowance recognized pursuant to FASB ASC 310-30-35-10(b)(1) for each period for which an income statement is presented? | | | |
| | | ii. | the amount of the allowance for uncollectible accounts at the beginning and end of the period? [FASB ASC 310-30-50-2] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Tro | ubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (FASB ASC 310-40) | | | |
| Disc | closure ⁶ | | | |
| Cre | ditor Disclosure of Troubled Debt Restructurings | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of commitments, if any, to lend additional funds to debtors owing receivables whose terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings either in the body of the financial statements or in the notes thereto as of the date of each balance sheet presented? [FASB ASC 310-40-50-1] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, or not disclosed, information established by FASB ASC 310-10-50-15(a) and 310-10-50-15(c) in the years after a loan restructuring (restructured in a troubled debt restructuring involving a modification of terms) if the restructuring agreement for the impaired loan (a) specifies an interest rate equal to or greater than the rate that the creditor was willing to accept at the time of restructuring for a new loan with comparable risk, and (b) the loan is not impaired based on the terms specified by the restructuring agreement? (<i>Note</i> : This exception should be applied consistently to all loans restructured in a troubled debt restructuring that meet the criteria in this paragraph.) [FASB ASC 310-40-50 par. 2–3] | | | |
| 3. | Has the amount of writedown and recorded investment of a loan modified in a troubled debt restructuring been disclosed in the year of writedown? [FASB ASC 310-40-50-4] | | | |
| Loa | n Restructured Into Two (or More) Loan Agreements | | | |
| 4. | As related to a loan restructured in a troubled debt restructuring into two (or more) loan agreements, has the entity separately considered the restructured loans in years after the restructuring when assessing the applicability of the disclosures in FASB ASC 310-10-50-15(a) and FASB ASC 310-10-50-15(c)? [FASB ASC 310-40-50-5] | | | |
| Inv | estments—Debt and Equity Securities (FASB ASC 320-10) | | | |
| Pres | entation | | | |
| Bala | ance Sheet Classification | | | |
| 1. | Are there separate captions for each of the following investment categories: | | | |
| | a. Trading securities? | | | |
| | b. Securities available for sale? | - | | |
| | c. Securities held to maturity? | | | |
| | d. Mortgage loans on real estate? | | | |

E.

D.

⁶ See footnote 3.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|---|------------------|-----------|-----|
| | e. Real estate? [FASB ASC 320-10-45] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented any investments in available-for-sale securities and trading securities separately from similar assets that are subsequently measured using another measurement attribute on the face of the statement of financial position and, in doing so, does the entity | ı r | | |
| | a. present the aggregate of those fair value and non-fair- value amounts in the same line item and parentheti- cally disclose the amount of fair value included in the aggregate amount? | - | | |
| | b. present two separate line items to display the fair value and non-fair-value carrying amounts? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-1] | <u> </u> | | |
| 3. | If the entity presents a classified statement of financial position, has the entity properly presented all individual held-to-maturity securities, individual available-for-sale securities, and individual trading securities as either current or noncurrent, as appropriate, under the current asset and current liability provisions of FASB ASC 210-10-45? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-2] | - '/ - | | |
| Inco | me Statement Classification | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented gains and losses that have accumulated before the transfer consistently with realized gains and losses for the category <i>from</i> which the security is being transferred, and not the category <i>into</i> which the security is being transferred? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-7] | l s | | |
| Othe | er-Than-Temporary Impairment | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented, in a period in which the entity determines that a security's decline in fair value below its amortized cost basis is other than temporary, the total other-than-temporary impairment in the statement of earnings with an offset for the amount of the total other-than-temporary impairment that is recognized in OCI, in accordance with FASB ASC 320-10-35-34D? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-8A] | 7 1 - - | | |
| Othe | er Comprehensive Income | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented subsequent increases in the fair value of available-for-sale securities in OCI pursuant to FASB ASC 320-10-35-1(b) and FASB ASC 320-10-45-8? (<i>Note:</i> Subsequent decreases in fair value, if not an other-than-temporary impairment, should also be included in OCI.) IFASB ASC 320-10-45-91 |) : | | |

| | | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|-------|--|---|----|-----|
| Othe | er Than Temporary Impairment | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly presented, in the financial state in which the components of accumulated OCI are rep amounts recognized therein related to held-to-maturit available-for-sale debt securities for which a portion other-than-temporary impairment has been recognize earnings? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-9A] | orted, y and of an | | |
| Cash | h Flow Presentation | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly presented cash flows from pure sales, and maturities of available-for-sale securities and to-maturity securities as cash flows from investing act and presented them at gross for each security classificat the statement of cash flows? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-11] | l held- ivities | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly presented cash flows from pure sales, and maturities of trading securities as cash flows on the nature and purpose for which the securities we quired (generally, operating activities) in the statemed cash flows? [FASB ASC 320-10-45-11] | based ere ac- | | |
| Discl | losure | | | |
| Gene | eral | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly disclosed the major security based on the nature and risks of each security? (<i>Note</i> : termining whether disclosure for a particular security t necessary and whether it is necessary to further sepa particular security type into greater detail, the entity s consider all of the following: [a] [shared] activity or bu sector, [b] vintage, [c] geographic concentration, [d] quality, and [e] economic characteristics.) [FASB ASC 320-10-50-1B] | In de- type is trate a should tsiness | | |
| 11. | For cost-method investments, does the entity disclose the following additional information, if applicable, as o date for which a statement of financial position is pres in its annual financial statements: | of each | | |
| | a. The aggregate carrying amount of all cost-methor vestments? | od in- | | |
| | b. The aggregate carrying amount of cost-method is ments that the entity did not evaluate for impair (see FASB ASC 325-20-35)? | | | |
| | c. The fact that the fair value of a cost-method inves is not estimated if there are no identified ever changes in circumstances that may have a signi adverse effect on the fair value of the investmen any one of the following: | nts or ificant | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | | i. The entity determined, in accordance with paragraphs 16–19 of FASB ASC 825-10-50, that it is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the investment; | | | |
| | | ii. The entity is exempt from estimating fair value under FASB ASC 825, <i>Financial Instruments</i> ; or | | | |
| | | iii. The entity is exempt from estimating interim fair values because it does not meet the FASB ASC definition of a <i>publicly traded company</i> ? [FASB ASC 325-20-50-1] | | | |
| 12. | with of se close | rance subsidiaries may be required to deposit securities state regulatory authorities. If so, is the carrying amount curities deposited with state regulatory authorities disd? B ASC 944-320-50-1] | | | |
| Secu | rities (| Classified as Available for Sale | | | |
| 13. | avail as of prese only | the entity properly disclosed, for securities classified as able for sale, all of the following by major security type, each date for which a statement of financial position is ented: (<i>Note</i> : Investments in mutual funds that invest in U.S. government debt securities may be shown separather than grouped with other equity securities.) | | | |
| | a. | Amortized cost basis? | | | |
| | b. | Aggregate fair value? | | | |
| | С. | Total other-than-temporary impairment recognized in accumulated OCI? | | | |
| | d. | Total gains for securities with net gains in accumulated OCI? | | | |
| | е. | Total losses for securities with net losses in accumulated OCI? | | | |
| | f. | Information about the contractual maturities of those securities as of the date of the most recent statement of financial position reported? (<i>Note</i> : Maturity information may be combined in appropriate groupings. Further, securities not due at a single maturity date, such as mortgage backed securities, may be disclosed separately rather than allocated over several maturity groupings.) [FASB ASC 320-10-50 par. 2–4] | | | |
| 1 / | 11 | • - | | | |
| 14. | curit | the entity properly disclosed the following by major se- y type, for securities classified as held-to-maturity as of date for which a statement of financial position is pre- d: | | | |
| | a. | Amortized cost basis? | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . | Aggregate fair value? | | | |
| | С. | Gross unrecognized holding gains? | | | |
| | d. | Gross unrecognized holding losses? | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| | e. | Net carrying amount? | | | |
| | f. | Total other-than-temporary impairment recognized in accumulated OCI? | | | |
| | 8. | Gross gains and losses in accumulated OCI for any derivatives that hedged the forecasted acquisition of the held-to-maturity securities? | | | |
| | h. | Information about the contractual maturities of those securities as of the date of the most recent statement of financial position presented? [FASB ASC 320-10-50-5] | | | |
| Impa | airmer | nt of Securities | | | |
| 15. | unre scop impa inves impa | the entity properly disclosed, for all investments in an ealized loss position, including those that fall within the e of FASB ASC 325-40, for which other-than-temporary airments have not been recognized in earnings (including stments for which a portion of an other-than-temporary airment has been recognized in OCI), the following in its rim and annual financial statements: | | | |
| | a. | As of each date for which a statement of financial position is presented, quantitative information, aggregated by category of investment—each major security type that the entity discloses in accordance with FASB ASC 320-10 and cost-method investments—in tabular form (<i>Note</i> : These disclosures should be segregated by those investments that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position ⁷ for less than 12 months and those that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for 12 months or longer.), | | | |
| | | i. the aggregate related fair value of investments with unrealized losses? | | | |
| | | ii. the aggregate amount of unrealized losses (that is, the amount by which cost basis exceeds fair value)? | | | |

⁷ Per FASB ASC 320-10-50-8, the reference point for determining how long an investment has been in a continuous unrealized loss position is the balance sheet date of the reporting period in which the impairment is identified. The continuous unrealized loss position ceases upon either of the following:

[•] The recognition of the total amount by which amortized cost basis exceeds fair value as an other-than-temporary impairment in earnings

[•] The investor becoming aware of a recovery of fair value up to (or beyond) the cost of the investment during the period

Yes No N/A

| | <i>b</i> . | As of the date of the most recent statement of financial position, additional information (in narrative form) that provides sufficient information to allow financial statement users to understand the quantitative disclosures and the information that the entity considered (both positive and negative) in reaching the conclusion that the impairment or impairments are not other than temporary? (<i>Note</i> : The disclosures may be aggregated by investment categories, but individually significant unrealized losses generally should not be aggregated.) (See FASB ASC 320-10-50-6 for example disclosures.) [FASB ASC 320-10-50 par. 6–7] | | |
|-----|--|--|------|--|
| 16. | secur loss meth amou inclu perfo guara grapl | the entity properly disclosed, for interim and annual perin which an other-than-temporary impairment of a debtrity is recognized and only the amount related to a credit was recognized in earnings, by major security type, the odology and significant inputs used to measure the ant related to credit loss? (Examples of significant inputs de default rates, delinquency rates, percentage of nonorming assets, loan-to-collateral-value ratios, third-party antees, current levels of subordination, vintage, geomic concentration and credit ratings.) B ASC 320-10-50-8A | | |
| 17. | ward earni | the entity properly disclosed, in tabular format, a rollfor- of the amount related to credit losses recognized in ngs in accordance with FASB ASC 320-10-35-34D, for in- and annual periods, including, at a minimum, | | |
| | <i>a</i> . | the beginning balance of the amount related to credit losses on debt securities held by the entity at the begin- ning of the period for which a portion of an other-than- temporary impairment was recognized in OCI? | | |
| | b. | additions for the amount related to the credit loss for which an other-than-temporary impairment was not previously recognized? | | |
| | С. | reductions for securities sold during the period (realized)? | | |
| | d. | reductions for securities for which the amount previously recognized in OCI was recognized in earnings because the entity intends to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis? | | |
| | e. | if the entity does not intend to sell the security and it is not more likely than not that the entity will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, additional increases to the amount related to the credit loss for which an other-than-temporary impair- ment was previously recognized? | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----------------|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| | f. | reductions for increases in cash flows expected to be collected that are recognized over the remaining life of the security? | | | |
| | g. | the ending balance of the amount related to credit losses on debt securities held by the entity at the end of the period for which a portion of an other-than-temporary impairment was recognized in OCI? [FASB ASC 320-10-50-8B] | | | |
| Sales, riod | Trans | sfers, and Related Matters That Occurred During the Pe- | | | |
| 18. | | he entity properly disclosed the following for each pe- for which an income statement is presented: | | | |
| | <i>a</i> . | The proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities and gross realized gains and losses that have been included in earnings as a result of those sales? | | | |
| | b. | The basis on which the cost of a security sold or the amount reclassified out of accumulated OCI into earnings was determined (that is, specific identification, average cost, or other method used)? | | | |
| | С. | The gross gains and losses included in earnings from transfers of securities from the available-for-sale category to the trading category? | | | |
| | d. | The amount of the net unrealized holding gain or loss on available-for-sale securities for the period that has been included in accumulated OCI and the amount of gains and losses reclassified out of accumulated OCI into earnings for the period? | | | |
| | e. | The portion of trading gains and losses for the period that relates to trading securities still held at the reporting date? [FASB ASC 320-10-50-9] | | | |
| 19. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for any sales of or transfers from securities classified as held-to-maturity for each period for which an income statement is presented: (<i>Note</i> : FASB ASC 320-10-25-14 sets forth the conditions under which sales of debt securities may be considered as maturities for the purposes of these disclosures.) | | | | |
| | a. | Net carrying amount of the sold or transferred security? | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . | The net gain or loss in accumulated OCI for any derivative that hedged the forecasted acquisition of the held-to-maturity security? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | Related realized or unrealized gain or loss? | | | |
| | d. | The circumstances leading to the decision to sell or transfer the security? [FASB ASC 320-10-50 par. 10–11] | | | |

F.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A | |
|-------|---|--|-----|----|-----|--|
| Inve | stmen | ts—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (FASB ASC 323- | | | | |
| Prese | entation | 1 | | | | |
| 1. | For investments in common stock accounted for by the equity method, is the investor's share of earnings shown as a single amount except for investee extraordinary items and prior-period adjustments that are material to the investor? [FASB ASC 323-10-45 par. 1–2] | | | | | |
| Discl | losure | | | | | |
| Gene | eral | | | | | |
| 2. | | the entity properly disclosed the following for invest- ts in common stock accounted for by the equity method: | | | | |
| | <i>a</i> . | The name of each investee and their percentage of ownership of common stock? (<i>Note</i> : Disclosure should include the names of any significant investee entities in which the investor holds 20 percent or more of the voting stock, but the common stock is not accounted for on the equity method, together with the reasons why the equity method is not considered appropriate, and the names of any significant investee corporations in which the investor holds less than 20 percent of the voting stock and the common stock is accounted for on the equity method, together with the reasons why the equity method is considered appropriate.) | | | | |
| | b. | The accounting policies of the investor with respect to investments in common stock? | | | | |
| | C. | The difference between the amount at which an invest- ment is carried and the amount of underlying equity in net assets, and the accounting treatment of this differ- ence? | | | | |
| | d. | For investments in common stock for which a quoted market price is available, the aggregate value of each identified investment based on the quoted market price? (This is not required for investments in common stock of subsidiaries.) | | | | |
| | е. | For investments in common stock of corporate joint ventures or other investments accounted for under the equity method which are in the aggregate material in relation to the financial position or results of operations of an investor, summarized information as to assets, liabilities, and results of operation of the investees as appropriate? | | | | |
| | f. | Material effects of possible conversions of outstanding convertible securities, exercises, or contingent issuances? [FASB ASC 323-10-50-3] | | | | |

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--------|----------------|-------------------------|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| 3. | signif | ficant tment | holds 20 percent or more of the voting stock of a investee corporation but does not account for the using the equity method, are the following dis- | | | |
| | a. | The r | name of such investee? | | | |
| | b. | appro | reasons why the equity method is not considered opriate? B ASC 323-10-50-3(a)(2)] | | | |
| 4. | a sign | nifican | wholds less than 20 percent of the voting stock of the invested tinvestee corporation and accounts for the invest-the equity method, are the following disclosed: | | | |
| | a. | The r | name of such investee? | | | |
| | b. | prop | | | | |
| | | | B ASC 323-10-50-3(a)(2)] | | | |
| | | od Inv | restments (FASB ASC 325-20) | | | |
| Discle | | | | | | |
| 1. | ment of eac | s, the ch date | ntity properly disclosed, for cost-method invest- following additional information, if applicable, as e for which a statement of financial position is pre- s annual financial statements: | | | |
| | a. | | aggregate carrying amount of all cost-method in- nents? | | | |
| | b. | ment | nggregate carrying amount of cost-method invests that the entity did not evaluate for impairment FASB ASC 325-20-35)? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | is no chang adver | act that the fair value of a cost-method investment it estimated if there are no identified events or ges in circumstances that may have a significant rese effect on the fair value of the investment, and one of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The entity determined, in accordance with paragraphs 16–19 of FASB ASC 825-10-50, that it is not practicable to estimate the fair value of the investment? | | | |
| | | ii. | The entity is exempt from estimating fair value under FASB ASC 825? | | | |
| | | iii. | the entity is exempt from estimating interim fair values because it does not meet the FASB ASC definition of a <i>publicly traded company</i> ? [FASB ASC 325-20-50-1] | | | |

G.

H.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|--------------------|----|-----|
| Inve | estments in Insurance Contracts (FASB ASC 325-30) | | | |
| Prese | entation | | | |
| Life | Settlement Contract—Statement of Financial Position | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented, to accomplish separate porting, its investments that are remeasured at fair value the face of the statement of financial position separately from those accounted for under the investment method by eith of the following: | on om | | |
| | a. Displaying separate line items on the statement of nancial position for the fair value method and inve- ment method carrying amounts? | | | |
| | b. Presenting the aggregate of those fair value meth and investment method carrying amounts and pare thetically disclosing the amount of those investment accounted for under the fair value method included the aggregate amount? [FASB ASC 325-30-45-1] | en- nts | | |
| Life | Settlement Contract—Income Statement | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented, to accomplish separate porting, the investment income from its investments in least settlement contracts that are remeasured at fair value on face of the income statement separately from the investment income from those accounted for under the investment of the following: | life the ent | | |
| | a. Displaying separate line items on the income statemed for the investment income from the investments in a settlement contracts that are accounted for under fair value method and investment method? | life | | |
| | b. Presenting the aggregate of the investment income life settlement contracts and parenthetically disclosi the investment income from those investments counted for under the fair value method that are cluded in the aggregate amount? [FASB ASC 325-30-45-3] | ing ac- | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented, if applying the fair valued method, premiums paid and life insurance proceeds received on the same financial reporting line as the changes in fivalue? | ved . | | |
| | [FASB ASC 325-30-45-4] | | | |
| | Settlement Contract—Statement of Cash Flows | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented cash receipts and cash parents related to life settlement contracts pursuant to FA ASC 230, <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i> , based on the nature a purpose for which the life settlements were acquired? [FASB ASC 325-30-45-5] | SB | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Cert | ain Equity Securities | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity reported unrealized gains and losses of certain equity securities subject to FASB ASC 944-325-35-1, net of applicable income taxes in OCI? [FASB ASC 944-325-45-1] | | | |
| 6. | Has the not-for-profit insurance entity recognized the change in fair value of equity securities that are not within the scope of FASB ASC 958-20 because they do not have readily determinable fair values in its statement of activities? [FASB ASC 944-325-45-2] | | | |
| All l | nvestments | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity reported realized gains and losses on all investments in the statement of earnings as a component of other income, on a pretax basis (except those that are accounted for as either hedges of net investments in foreign operations or cash flow hedges)? [FASB ASC 944-325-45-3] | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity presented all realized gains and losses as a separate item in the statement of earnings or disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, except losses arising from an other-than-temporary impairment which is presented in accordance with FASB ASC 320-10? [FASB ASC 944-325-45 par. 4–5] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |
| Gen | eral | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed when contractual restrictions on the ability to surrender a policy exist? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-1] | | | |
| Life | Settlement Contract | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly disclosed its accounting policy for life settlement contracts including the classification of cash receipts and cash disbursements in the statement of cash flows? (<i>Note</i> : The disclosure requirements in FASB ASC 325-30-50 do not eliminate disclosure requirements included in elsewhere in FASB ASC, including other disclosure requirements on the use of fair value.) | | | |
| т.с | [FASB ASC 325-30-50 par. 2–3] | | | |
| | Settlement Contract—Investment Method Has the optity preparty disclosed the following for life settle | | | |
| 11. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for life settle- ments contracts accounted for under the investment method based on the remaining life expectancy for each of the first five succeeding years from the date of the statement of finan- cial position and thereafter, as well as in the aggregate: | | | |
| | a. The number of life settlement contracts? | - | | - |
| | <i>b.</i> The carrying value of the life settlement contracts? | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | c. The face value (death benefits) of the life insurance policies underlying the contracts? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-4] | | | |
| 12. | Has the entity properly disclosed the life insurance premiums anticipated to be paid for each of the five succeeding fiscal years to keep the life settlement contracts in force as of the date of the most recent statement of financial position presented? | | | |
| 13. | [FASB ASC 325-30-50-5] Has the entity properly disclosed, if the entity becomes aware of new or updated information that causes it to change its expectations on the timing of the realization of proceeds from the investments in life settlement contracts, the nature of the information and the related effect on the timing of the realization of proceeds from the life settlement contracts, including disclosing significant changes to the amounts disclosed in accordance with FASB ASC 325-30-50-4? (<i>Note</i> : The investor is not required to actively seek out new or updated information to update the assumptions used in determining the remaining life expectancy of the life settlement contracts.) [FASB ASC 325-30-50-6] | | | |
| Life | Settlement Contract—Fair Value Method | | | |
| 14. | Has the entity properly disclosed the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of investments in life settlement contracts, including any mortality assumptions? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-7] | | | |
| 15. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for life settlement contracts accounted for under the fair value method based on remaining life expectancy for each of the first five succeeding years from the date of the statement of financial position and thereafter, as well as in the aggregate: | | | |
| | a. The number of life settlement contracts? | | | |
| | <i>b.</i> The carrying value of the life settlement contracts? | | | |
| | c. The face value (death benefits) of the life insurance policies underlying the contracts? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-8] | | | |
| 16. | Has the entity properly disclosed the reasons for changes in its expectation of the timing of the realization of the investments in life settlement contracts, including disclosing significant changes to the amounts disclosed in accordance with FASB ASC 325-30-50-8? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-9] | | | |
| 17. | Has the investor (entity) properly disclosed the following for each reporting period presented in the income statement: | | | |
| | a. The gains or losses recognized during the period on investments sold during the period? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | b. The unrealized gains or losses recognized during the period on investments that are still held at the date of the statement of financial position? [FASB ASC 325-30-50-10] | | | |
| | All | nvestments | | | |
| | 18. | If realized gains and losses are not presented as a separate item in the statement of earnings, have they been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements? [FASB ASC 944-325-50-1] | | | |
| I. | Inve | entory (FASB ASC 330-10) | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | Basi | s for Stating Inventories | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the basis of stating inventories and has that basis been consistently applied? Whenever a significant change is made therein, has the entity disclosed the nature of the change and, if material, the effect on income? | | | |
| | | [FASB ASC 330-10-50-1] | | | |
| | Loss | es From Application of Lower of Cost or Market | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed information regarding substantial and unusual losses which have resulted from the application of the rule of lower of costs or market (normally as a charge separately identified from the consumed inventory costs described as cost of goods sold)? [FASB ASC 330-10-50-2] | | | |
| | Goo | ds Stated Above Cost | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed if goods are stated above cost? [FASB ASC 330-10-50-3] | | | |
| | Stati | ng Inventories at Sales Prices | | | |
| | 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed if goods are stated at sales prices? | | | |
| | | [FASB ASC 330-10-50-4] | | | |
| | | es on Firm Purchase Commitments | | | |
| | 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed net losses on firm purchase commitments for goods for inventory, separately in the income statement? [FASB ASC 330-10-50-5] | | | |
| J. | Cap | italized Advertising Costs (FASB ASC 340-20) | | | |
| | Pres | entation | | | |
| | Pres | entation of Qualifying Direct-Response Advertising Assets | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented direct-response advertising costs as assets net of accumulated amortization, if those costs meet the recognition criteria as capitalized assets of FASB ASC 340-20-25-4? | | | |
| | | 10000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|----|------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following related to advertising: | | | |
| | | a. The accounting policy for reporting advertising, indicating whether such costs are expensed as incurred or expensed the first time the advertising takes place? | | | |
| | | b. A description of direct-response-advertising reported as assets (if any), the related accounting policy, and the amortization method and period? | | | |
| | | c. The amount charged to advertising expense for each statement of income presented, with separate disclo- sure of amounts, if any, representing a write-down of capitalized advertising costs to net realizable value? | | | |
| | | d. The amount of advertising reported as assets in each balance sheet presented? [FASB ASC 340-20-50-1] | | | |
| K. | | trance Contracts That Do Not Transfer Insurance Risks (FASB 340-30) | | | |
| | Pres | entation | | | |
| | Dep | osit Asset and Liability | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented deposit assets and liabilities on the gross basis, unless the right of offset exists as defined in FASB ASC 210-20? [FASB ASC 340-30-45-1] | | | |
| | cant | rance and Reinsurance Contracts That Transfer Only Signifi- Timing Risk and Insurance and Reinsurance Contracts That asfer Neither Timing nor Significant Underwriting Risk | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly presented changes in the carrying amount of the deposit as interest income or interest expense? [FASB ASC 340-30-45-2] | | | |
| | | rrance and Reinsurance Contracts that Transfer Only Significant lerwriting Risk | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly presented the changes in the recorded amount of the deposit, other than the unexpired portion of the coverage provided, arising from an insurance or reinsurance contract that transfers only significant underwriting risk in an insured's income statement as an offset against the loss recorded by the insured that will be reimbursed under the insurance or reinsurance contract and in an insurer's income statement as an incurred loss? [FASB ASC 340-30-45-3] | | | |
| | 4. | Has the entity properly presented the reduction in the deposit related to the unexpired portion of the coverage provided as an adjustment to incurred loss? [FASB ASC 340-30-45-4] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|-----------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| 5. | the of th | the entity (if not an insurance entity) properly presented reduction in the deposit related to the unexpired portion he coverage provided as an expense? SB ASC 340-30-45-5] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | | |
| Dep | osit A | sset and Liability | | | |
| 6. | trac tota state | the entity properly disclosed a description of the conts accounted for as deposits and the separate amounts of l deposit assets and total deposit liabilities reported in the ement of financial position? SB ASC 340-30-50-1] | | | |
| | rance ing Ri | and Reinsurance Contracts That Transfer Only Under- isk | | | |
| 7. | char an i | the entity properly disclosed the following regarding the nges in the recorded amount of the deposit arising from nsurance or reinsurance contract that transfers only signant underwriting risk: | | | |
| | a. | The present values of initial expected recoveries that will be reimbursed under the insurance or reinsurance contracts that have been recorded as an adjustment to incurred losses? | | | |
| | b. | Any adjustment of amounts initially recognized for expected recoveries and the individual components of the adjustment (meaning, interest accrual, the present value of additional expected recoveries, and the present value of reductions in expected recoveries) disclosed separately? | | | |
| | с. | The amortization expense attributable to the expiration of coverage provided under the contract? [FASB ASC 340-30-50-2] | | | |
| Goo | dwill | (FASB ASC 350-20) | | | |
| Pres | entatio | on | | | |
| 1. | goo posi | the entity properly presented the aggregate amount of dwill as a separate line item in the statement of financial ition? SB ASC 350-20-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | Has good com oper mer | the entity properly presented the aggregate amount of dwill impairment losses as a separate line item in the interestatement before the subtotal "income from continuing rations" (or similar caption) unless a goodwill impairate loss is associated with a discontinued operation? SB ASC 350-20-45-2] | | | |
| 3. | Has asso sis) | the entity properly presented a goodwill impairment loss ociated with a discontinued operation (on a net-of-tax bawithin the results of discontinued operations? SB ASC 350-20-45-3] | | | |

L.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|--------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Disc | losure | | | | |
| | | on for Each Period for Which a Statement of Financial Poresented | | | |
| 4. | amo | the entity properly disclosed any changes in the carrying bunt of goodwill during the period, including showing the owing separately, (see example 3 in FASC ASC 350-20-55- | | | |
| | a. | The gross amount and accumulated impairment losses at the beginning of the period? | | | |
| | b. | Additional goodwill recognized during the period, except goodwill included in a disposal group that, on acquisition, meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10-45-9? | | | |
| | с. | Adjustments resulting from the subsequent recognition of deferred tax assets during the period in accordance with paragraphs 2–4 of FASB ASC 805-740-25 and FASB ASC 805-740-45-2? | | | |
| | d. | Goodwill included in a disposal group classified as held for sale in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10-45-9 and goodwill derecognized during the period without having previously been reported in a disposal group classified as held for sale? | | | |
| | е. | Impairment losses recognized during the period in accordance with FASB ASC 350-10? | | | |
| | f. | Net exchange differences arising during the period in accordance with FASB ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters? | | | |
| | g. | Any other changes in the carrying amounts during the period? | | | |
| | h. | The gross amount and accumulated impairment losses at the end of the period? [FASB ASC 350-20-50-1] | | | |
| Goo | dwill | Impairment Loss | | | |
| 5. | men to th | the entity properly disclosed, for each goodwill impair- it loss recognized, the following information in the notes he financial statement that include the period in which the airment loss is recognized: | | | |
| | a. | A description of the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment? | | | |

⁸ Entities that report segment information in accordance with FASB ASC 280, *Segment Reporting*, should provide this information about goodwill in total and for each reportable segment and should disclose any significant changes in the allocation of goodwill by reportable segment. If any portion of goodwill has not yet been allocated to a reporting unit at the date the financial statements are issued, that unallocated amount and the reasons for not allocating that amount should be disclosed.

| | | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|-------|---|--|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | b. | dete unit com | amount of the impairment loss and the method of rmining the fair value of the associated reporting (whether based on quoted market prices, prices of parable businesses, a present value or other valuatechnique, or a combination thereof)? | | | |
| | | <i>c</i> . | not FASI fore of an mate | recognized impairment loss is an estimate that has yet been finalized (refer to paragraphs 18–19 of B ASC 350-20-35), that fact and the reasons thereand, in subsequent periods, the nature and amount my significant adjustments made to the initial estimate of the impairment loss? 6B ASC 350-20-50-2] | | | |
| M. | Gen | eral I | ntangi | bles Other Than Goodwill (FASB ASC 350-30) | | | |
| | Prese | entatio | n | | | | |
| | 1. | sent posi indi sepa | ed as tion? (vidual arate li | num, are all intangible assets aggregated and pre- a separate line item in the statement of financial This requirement does not preclude presentation of intangible assets or classes of intangible assets as ne items.) | | | |
| | 2. | ble cont | assets tinuing | ization expense and impairment losses for intangi- presented in income statement line items within g operations as deemed appropriate for each entity? C 350-30-45-2] | | | |
| | Discl | losure | | | | | |
| | Disc | losure | es in th | e Period of Acquisition | | | |
| | 3. | quir an a lowi acqu disc or ir bina | red either asset actions in the actions the actions of the actions | ntity properly disclosed, for intangible assets acher individually or with a group of assets (in either equisition or business combination), all of the folthe notes to financial statements in the period of a: (<i>Note</i> : The following information also should be separately for each material business combination ggregate for individually immaterial business comthat are material collectively, if the aggregate fair intangible assets, other than goodwill, are signifi- | | | |
| | | a. | | intangible assets subject to amortization, all of the wing: | | | |
| | | | i. | The total amount assigned and the amount assigned to any major intangible asset class? | | | |
| | | | ii. | The amount of any significant residual value, in total and by major intangible asset class? | | | |
| | | | iii. | The weighted-average amortization period, in total and by major intangible asset class? | | | |
| | | b. | tal a | intangible assets not subject to amortization, the to- mount assigned and the amount assigned for each or intangible asset class? | | | |

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| C. | | quire tion a the ir | amount of research and development assets acted in a transaction other than a business combinated written off in the period and the line item in accome statement in which the amounts written off ggregated? | | | |
| d | • | the weeken | ntangible assets with renewal or extension terms, reighted-average period before the next renewal or asion (both explicit and implicit), by major asset ? B ASC 350-30-50-1] | | | |
| Disclos sition is | | for E | ach Period for Which a Statement of Financial Po- | | | |
| 4. F ii n | Has to the nents | he en e fina s, for e | tity properly disclosed the following information incial statements or notes to the financial state-each period for which a statement of financial possented: | | | |
| а | • | For infollow | ntangible assets subject to amortization, all of the wing: | | | |
| | | i. | The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization, in total and by major intangible asset class? | | | |
| | | ii. | The aggregate amortization expense for the period? | | | |
| | | iii. | The estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five succeeding fiscal years? | | | |
| b | • | tal ca | ntangible assets not subject to amortization, the to- arrying amount and the carrying amount for each r intangible asset class? | | | |
| C. | • | incur | entity's accounting policy on the treatment of costs cred to renew or extend the term of a recognized gible asset? | | | |
| d | | tende | ntangible assets that have been renewed or exed in the period for which a statement of financial ion is presented, both of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | For entities that capitalize renewal or extension costs, the total amount of costs incurred in the period to renew or extend the term of a recognized intangible asset, by major intangible asset class? | | | |
| | | ii. | The weighted-average period before the next renewal or extension (both explicit and implicit), by major intangible asset class? [FASB ASC 350-30-50-2] | | | |

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A | | |
|--------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|--|--|
| Discl | osures Relating to Impairment Loss | | | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for each impairment loss recognized related to an intangible asset, the following information in the notes to the financial statements that include the period in which the impairment loss is recognized: | | | | | |
| | a. A description of the impaired intangible asset and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment? | | | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . The amount of the impairment loss and the method for determining fair value? | | | | | |
| | <i>c.</i> The caption in the income statement in which the impairment loss is aggregated? | | | | | |
| | d. If applicable, the segment in which the impaired intangible asset is reported under FASB ASC 280? [FASB ASC 350-30-50-3] | | | | | |
| Rene Life | wal or Extension of an Intangible Asset's Legal or Contractual | | | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for recognized intangible assets, information that enables users of financial statements to assess the extent to which the expected future cash flows associated with the asset are affected by the entity's intent or ability (or both intent and ability) to renew or extend the arrangement? [FASB ASC 350-30-50-4] | | | | | |
| Prop | erty, Plant, and Equipment (FASB ASC 360-10) | | | | | |
| _ | ntation | | | | | |
| sets (| nirment of Long-Lived Assets—Impairment of Long-Lived As- Classified as Held and Used—Presentation of Impairment Loss ong-Lived Assets to Be Held and Used | | | | | |
| 1. | Is an impairment loss recognized for a long-lived asset (asset group) to be held and used included in income from continuing operations before income taxes in the income statement? If a subtotal such as income from operations is presented, does it include the amount of the loss? [FASB ASC 360-10-45-4] | | | | | |
| 2. | If a long-lived asset is to be disposed of other than by sale, does it continue to be classified as held and used until it is disposed of? [FASB ASC 360-10-45-15] | | | | | |
| 3. | Is a long-lived asset that is classified as held for sale presented separately in the statement of financial position? [FASB ASC 360-10-45-14] | | | | | |

N.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|-------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| sets | nirment of Long-Lived Assets—Impairment of Long-Lived As- Classified as Held and Used—Presentation of Disposal Gains osses in Continuing Operations | | | |
| 4. | Is a gain or loss that is recognized on the sale of a long-lived asset (disposal group) that is not a component of an entity included in income from continuing operations before income taxes in the income statement? (<i>Note</i> : If a subtotal such as "income from operations" is presented, it should include the amounts of those gains or losses.) [FASB ASC 360-10-45-5] | | | |
| | nge of Classification After Balance Sheet Date but Before Issuof Financial Statements | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented, if the held for sale criteria were met after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued, the long-lived asset as held and used in those financial statements when issued or available to be issued? [FASB ASC 360-10-45-13] | | | |
| Real | Estate Acquired in Settling Certain Claims | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity reported real estate acquired in settling claims separately in the balance sheet and not as an investment? [FASB ASC 944-360-45-1] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity reported depreciation and other real estate operating costs as investment expenses or operating expenses consistent with the balance sheet classification of the related asset? [FASB ASC 944-360-45-2] | | | |
| Discl | losure | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding the depreciation method or methods used in the financial statements or notes thereto: | | | |
| | a. Depreciation expense for the period? | | | |
| | <i>b.</i> Balances of major classes of depreciable assets, by nature or function, at the balance sheet date? | | | |
| | <i>c.</i> Accumulated depreciation, either by major class of depreciable assets or in total, at the balance sheet date? | | | |
| | A general description of the method or methods used in computing depreciation with respect to major classes of depreciable assets? [FASB ASC 360-10-50-1] | | | |
| 9. | If realized gains and losses on the sale of property have not been presented as a separate line item in the statement of earnings, have they been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements? [FASB ASC 944-360-50] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----------|-----------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | 10. | Is the following information disclosed in the notes to the fi- nancial statements that include the period in which an im- pairment loss is recognized: | | | |
| | | a. A description of the impaired long-lived asset (asset group) and the facts and circumstances leading to the impairment? | | | |
| | | b. If not separately presented on the face of the statement, the amount of the impairment loss and the caption in the income statement that includes the loss? | | | |
| | | c. The method or methods for determining fair value (whether based on a quoted market price, prices for similar assets, or another valuation technique)? | | | |
| | | d. If applicable, the segment in which the impaired long-lived asset (asset group) is reported under FASB ASC 280? | | | |
| | | [FASB ASC 360-10-50-2] | | | |
| III. Liab | ilities | | | | |
| A. | | rance-Related Assessment Liabilities (FASB ASC 405-30) | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for insurance-related assessments, | | | |
| | | a. if amounts relating to insurance-related assessments have been discounted, has the entity disclosed in the financial statements the undiscounted amounts of the liability and any related asset for premium tax offsets or policy surcharges as well as the discount rate used? | | | |
| | | b. if amounts have not been discounted, has the entity disclosed in the financial statements the amounts of the liability, any related asset for premium tax offsets or policy surcharges, the periods over which the assessments are expected to be paid, and the period over which the recorded premium tax offsets or policy surcharges are expected to be realized? [FASB ASC 405-30-50-1] | | | |
| В. | Asse 20) | t Retirement and Environmental Obligations (FASB ASC 410- | | | |
| | | ntation | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented accretion expense as an operating item in the statement of income? (<i>Note</i> : The entity may use any descriptor for accretion expense so long as it conveys the underlying nature of the expense.) [FASB ASC 410-20-45-1] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| 2. | Is, on a pro forma basis, in the footnotes to the financial statements, for the beginning of the earliest period presented and at the end of all periods presented during the year of adoption, the amount of liability for asset retirement obligations presented, as if FASB ASC 410-20 had been applied during all periods affected? (These pro forma amounts should be measured using the information, assumptions, and interest rates used to measure the obligation recognized upon adoption of the provisions of FASB ASC 410-20.) [FASB ASC 410-20] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following information about its asset retirement obligations: | | | |
| | a. A general description of the asset retirement obligations and the associated long-lived assets? | | | |
| | b. The fair value of assets that are legally restricted for purposes of settling asset retirement obligations? | | | |
| | c. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amount of asset retirement obligations showing separately the changes attributable to (1) liabilities incurred in the current period, (2) liabilities settled in the current period, (3) accretion expense, and (4) revisions in estimated cash flows, whenever there is a significant change in one or more of those four components during the reporting period? [FASB ASC 410-20-50-1] | _ | _ | _ |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if the fair value of an asset retirement obligation cannot be reasonably estimated, that fact and the reasons therefore? [FASB ASC 410-20-50-2] | | | |
| Asse | t Retirement and Environmental | | | |
| | gations—Environmental Obligations (FASB ASC 410-30) | | | |
| | ntation | | | |
| Gene | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> presented environmental remediation obligations as extraordinary? (<i>Note</i> : Environmental remediation obligations are not events that are unusual in nature.) [FASB ASC 410-30-45-3] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented environmental remediation | | | |
| | costs as a charge against operations, rather than non-operating expenses? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 410-30-45-4] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented any earnings on assets that are reflected on the entity's financial statements and are earmarked for funding environmental liabilities as investment income? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 410-30-45-4] | | | |

C.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|----|-----|
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented environmental remediation expenses and related recoveries attributable to discontinued operations, accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC 205-20, as discontinued operations? [FASB ASC 410-30-45-5] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| Disc | losures That Are Required | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed whether the accrual for environmental remediation liabilities is measured on a discounted basis? (<i>Note</i> : If the entity utilizes present-value measurement techniques, additional disclosures are appropriate. See FASB ASC 410-30-50-7.) [FASB ASC 410-30-50-4] | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed, with respect to recorded accruals for environmental remediation loss contingencies and assets for third-party recoveries related to environmental remediation obligations, if any portion of the accrued obligation is discounted, the undiscounted amount of the obligation, and the discount rate used in the present-value determinations? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-7] | | | |
| Disc | losures That Are Encouraged But Not Required | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed any events, situations, or sets of circumstances that generally trigger recognition of loss contingencies that have arisen out of the entity's environmental remediation-related obligations, as well as the entity's policy concerning the timing of recognition of recoveries? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-8] | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly disclosed additional specific disclosures, as necessary, with respect to environmental remediation loss contingencies that would be useful to further users' understanding of the entity's financial statements? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-9] | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following encouraged, but not required, items: | | | |
| | a. The estimated time frame of disbursements for recorded amounts if expenditures are expected to continue over the long term? | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . The estimated time frame for realization of recognized probable recoveries, if realization is not expected in the near term? | | | |
| | c. If an estimate of the probable or reasonably possible loss or range of loss cannot be made, the reasons why it cannot be made? | | | |
| | | | | |

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------|--|------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | recog an en indiv | formation about the reasonably possible loss or the gnized and additional reasonably possible loss for nvironmental remediation obligation related to an vidual site is relevant to an understanding of the notal position, cash flows, or results of operations are entity, the following with respect to the site: The total amount accrued for the site? | | | |
| | | ii. | The nature of any reasonably possible loss contingency or additional loss, and an estimate of the possible loss or the fact that an estimate cannot be made and the reasons why it cannot be made? | | | |
| | | iii. | Whether other potentially responsible parties are involved and the entity's estimated share of the obligation? | | | |
| | | iv. | The status of regulatory proceedings? | | | |
| | | v. | The estimated time frame for resolution of the contingency? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-10] | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly disclosed the estimated time frame for resolution of the uncertainty as to the amount of the loss? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-11] | | | | | |
| 11. | | | | | | |
| | a. | | amount recognized for environmental remediation contingencies in each period? | | | |
| | b. | | amount of any recovery from third parties that is ited to environmental remediation costs in each od? | | | |
| | С. | reme | income statement caption in which environmental ediation costs and credits are included? 6B ASC 410-30-50-12] | | | |
| Discle | osure : | Relate | ed to Loss Contingencies | | | |
| 12. | a cor unrec | ntinge cogniz · loss o | tity properly disclosed, in the financial statements, ncy conclusion that addresses the estimated total zed exposure to environmental remediation and contingencies? | | | |
| 13. | [FASB ASC 410-30-50-14] Has the entity properly disclosed a description of the general applicability and impact of environmental laws and regulations upon their business and how the existence of such laws and regulations may give rise to loss contingencies for future environmental remediation? [FASB ASC 410-30-50-17] | | | | | |

D.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A | | |
|------|--|--|-----|----|-----|--|--|
| Exit | or Dispos | al Cost Obligations (FASB ASC 420-10) | | | | | |
| | entation | <i>g.</i> , | | | | | |
| 1. | Has the change ramount income recognize | entity properly presented the cumulative effect of a resulting from a revision to either the timing or the of estimated cash flows in the same line item(s) in the statement used when the related costs were ed initially in the period of change? SC 420-10-45-1] | | | | | |
| 2. | exit or operation accordar | entity properly presented costs associated with an disposal activity that involves a discontinued in the results of discontinued operations in the entity of the cost of the c | | | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented costs associated with an exit or disposal activity that does not involve a discontinued operation in income from continuing operations before income taxes, for example, in a subtotal such as "income from operations?" [FASB ASC 420-10-45-3] | | | | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly presented accretion expense separately from interest cost in the income statement? | | | | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | | | | |
| 5. | in notes which a subseque a. A | entity properly disclosed the following information to the financial statements that include the period in an exit or disposal activity is initiated and any ent period until the activity is completed: description of the exit or disposal activity, including the facts and circumstances leading to the expected | | | | | |
| | b. Fo (fo | tivity and the expected completion date? It each major type of cost associated with the activity or example, one-time termination benefits, contract remination costs, and other associated costs), the total amount expected to be incurred in connection with the activity, the amount incurred in the period, and the cumulative amount incurred to date? | | | | | |
| | ii. | a reconciliation of the beginning and ending liability balances showing separately the changes during the period attributable to costs incurred and charged to expense, costs paid or otherwise settled, and any adjustments to the liability with an explanation of the reason(s) therefore? | | | | | |
| | | the line item(s) in the income statement in which the sts in item (b) are aggregated? | | | | | |
| | | r each reportable segment, as defined in FASB ASC 0-10-50-10, | | | | | |
| | i. | the total amount of costs expected to be incurred in connection with the activity? | | | | | |
| | ii | the amount incurred in the period? | | | | | |

| | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| iii. the cumulative amount incurred to date, net of any adjustments to the liability with an explanation of the reason(s) why? | | | |
| If a liability for a cost associated with the activity is not | | | |
| recognized because fair value cannot be reasonably | | | |
| estimated, that fact and the reasons why? | | | |
| [FASB ASC 420-10-50-1] | | | |

E. Commitments (FASB ASC 440-10)

е.

The following table lists the types of contingencies (loss and gain) and commitments that were most commonly reported in the financial statements of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

CONTINGENCIES

| | Number of Companies | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | 2009 | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> | | | |
| Loss Contingencies | | | | | | | |
| Litigation | 379 | 404 | 4489 | 476 | | | |
| Environmental | 203 | 225 | 266 | 263 | | | |
| Possible tax assessments | 145 | 166 | 185 | 117 | | | |
| Insurance | 132 | 160 | 176 | 152 | | | |
| Government investigations | 95 | 122 | 153 | 138 | | | |
| Other—described | 63 | 66 | 45 | 70 | | | |
| Gain Contingencies | | | | | | | |
| Operating loss carryforward | 429 | 423 | 499 | 496 | | | |
| Tax credits and other tax credit | | | | | | | |
| carryforwards | 273 | 255 | 278 | 265 | | | |
| Capital loss carryforward | 69 | 65 | 83 | 85 | | | |
| Plaintiff litigation | 44 | 55 | 40 | 40 | | | |
| Alternative minimum tax carryforward | 42 | 40 | 51 | 57 | | | |
| Investment credit carryforward | 8 | 11 | 9 | 6 | | | |
| Asset sale receivable | 7 | 8 | 10 | 11 | | | |
| Charitable contribution carryforward | 7 | 5 | 7 | 6 | | | |
| Potential tax refund | 4 | 4 | 12 | 5 | | | |
| Other—described | 6 | 3 | 6 | 5 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

2008–2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006–2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

Disclosure

| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, notwithstanding more ex- |
|----|---|
| | plicit disclosures required elsewhere in FASB ASC, all of the |
| | following in the financial statements: |
| | a Unused letters of credit? |

| 10110 | tonowing in the infancial statements. | | | | | |
|-------|--|---------|--|--|--|--|
| a. | Unused letters of credit? | | | | | |
| b. | Long-term leases? | | | | | |
| С. | Assets pledged for security for loans? | <u></u> | | | | |

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|-----------------------|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | Pens | sion plans? | | | |
| | e. | | existence of cumulative preferred stock dividends crears? | | | |
| | f. | Com | nmitments, including the following: | | | |
| | | i. | A commitment for plant acquisition? | | | |
| | | ii. | An obligation to reduce debts? | | | |
| | | iii. | An obligation to maintain working capital? | | | |
| | | iv. | An obligation to restrict dividends? [FASB ASC 440-10-50-1] | | | |
| Unc | conditi | onal P | urchase Obligations | | | |
| 2. | oblig acco shee | gations ordance et), or | tity properly disclosed any unconditional purchase s, exhibiting all of the following characteristics, in e with FASB ASC 440-10-50-4 (if not on the balance in accordance with FASB ASC 440-10-50-6 (if rethe balance sheet): | | | |
| | a. | | noncancelable, or cancelable only in any of the fol- ng circumstances: | | | |
| | | i. | Upon the occurrence of some remote contingency? | | | |
| | | ii. | With the permission of the other party? | | | |
| | | iii. | If a replacement agreement is signed between the same parties? | | | |
| | | iv. | Upon payment of a penalty in an amount such that continuation of the agreement appears reasonably assured? | | | |
| | b. | facili vices exan chas used cure | as negotiated as part of arranging financing for the lities that will provide the contracted goods or serses or for costs related to those goods or services (for apple, carrying costs for contracted goods)? A purer is not required to investigate whether a supplier I an unconditional purchase obligation to help sefinancing, if the purchaser would otherwise be unree of that fact. | _ | _ | |
| | с. | | s a remaining term in excess of one year? SB ASC 440-10-50-2] | | | |
| Unc | conditi | onal P | urchase Obligations—Unrecognized Commitments | | | |
| 3. | unco the be o | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for long term unconditional purchase obligations that are not recorded in the purchaser's balance sheet: (<i>Note</i> : These disclosures may be omitted only if the aggregate commitment for all such obligations not disclosed is immaterial.) | | | | |
| | a. | Natı | are and term of the obligations? | | | |
| | b. | oblig sente | ount of the fixed and determinable portion of the gations as of the date of the latest balance sheet pred in the aggregate and, if determinable, for each the next five years? | | | |

F.

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A | | | |
|-------|---|--|------------|-----------|-----|--|--|--|
| | c. | Nature of any variable components of the obligation? | | | | | | |
| | d. | Amounts of purchases under the obligations for each year for which an income statement is presented? [FASB ASC 440-10-50-4] | | | | | | |
| 4. | quire the u | Has the entity properly disclosed, as encouraged, but not required, the amount of imputed interest necessary to reduce the unconditional purchase obligation(s) to present value? [FASB ASC 440-10-50-5] | | | | | | |
| Unco | onditio | nal Purchase Obligations—Recognized Commitments | | | | | | |
| 5. | oblig and sheet balar | the entity properly disclosed, for unconditional purchase rations that meet the criteria of FASB ASC 440-10-50-2 that have been recognized on the purchaser's balance r, for each of the 5 years following the date of the latest nee sheet presented, the aggregate amount of payments? B ASC 440-10-50-6] | | | | | | |
| Loss | Conti | ngencies (FASB ASC 450-20)9 | | | | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | | | | |
| Accr | uals fo | or Loss Contingencies | | | | | | |
| 1. | states are p shou timat the t amou | the entity properly disclosed the nature, and in some circutances, the amount accrued, if necessary for the financial ments not to be misleading, for loss contingencies that probable and estimable? (<i>Note</i> : The terminology used ld be descriptive of the nature of the accrual, such as ested liability or liability of an estimated amount. Further, term reserve should not be used and is limited to an aunt of unidentified or unsegregated assets held or red for a specific purpose.) B ASC 450-20-50-1] | | | | | | |
| 2. | reasc near | the entity properly disclosed the following, if it is at least onably possible that the loss estimate will change in the term and the change would be material to the financial ments: | | | | | | |
| | a. | The nature of the uncertainty? | | | | | | |
| | b. | An indication that it is at least reasonably possible that a change in the estimate will occur in the near term? | | | | | | |
| | С. | An estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made? | | | | | | |
| | d. | A disclosure of the facts that cause the estimate to be sensitive to change? (<i>Note</i> : This disclosure is encouraged, but not required.) [FASB ASC 450-20-50-2] | | | | | | |

⁹ See footnote 3.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|------------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Unr | ecogn | ized Contingencies | | | |
| 3. | at loss | s the entity properly disclosed the contingency if there is east a reasonable possibility that a loss or an additional may have been incurred and either of the following conons exists: | | | |
| | a. | An accrual is not made for a loss contingency because any of the conditions in FASB ASC 450-20-25-2 are not met? | | | |
| | b. | An exposure to loss exists in excess of the amount accrued pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 450-20-30-1? [FASB ASC 450-20-50-3] | | | |
| 4. | nize | s the entity properly disclosed the following for unrecoged loss contingencies when there is at least a reasonable sibility that a loss or an additional loss has been incurred: | | | |
| | a. | The nature of the contingency? | | | - |
| | b. | An estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made? [FASB ASC 450-20-50-4] | | | |
| 5. | cies hav cate liab mer | s the entity properly disclosed information for contingen- for which there is a reasonable possibility that a loss may e been incurred even though information may not indi- e that it is probable that an asset had been impaired or a ility had been incurred at the date of the financial state- nts? SB ASC 450-20-50-5] | | | |
| 6. | ing consis a ble? be p | s the entity properly disclosed a loss contingency involvany unasserted claim or assessment, if and only if, (<i>a</i>) it is sidered probable that a claim will be asserted and (<i>b</i>) there reasonable possibility that the outcome will be unfavoral (<i>Note</i> : The disclosures in FASB ASC 450-20-50-4 should provided.) SB ASC 450-20-50-6] | | | |

Note: The basis for conclusions of the original standard (FASB Statement No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies) indicated that disclosure was not required because of the problems involved in developing operational criteria for disclosure of noninsured or underinsured risks. Nonetheless, a 1987 AICPA report, Disclosure Concerning Insurance Coverage, stated that disclosure of these risks should be encouraged rather than simply not discouraged. Questions 8–9 that follow are nonauthoritative suggestions from that report. The AICPA noted that disclosure of this kind is experimental. Therefore, its location in a financial report would depend on the judgment of preparers of the report.

7. For publicly held entities and entities with public accountability, such as governments, are circumstances disclosed in which

| | | | | <u>res</u> | NO | N/A |
|-------|---|----------------------------------|--|------------|----|-----|
| | a. | | are exposed to risks of future material loss related ae following: | | | |
| | | i. | Torts? | | | |
| | | ii. | Theft of, damage to, expropriation of, or destruction of assets? | | | |
| | | iii. | Business interruption? | | | |
| | | iv. | Errors or omissions? | | | |
| | | v. | Injuries to employees? | | | |
| | b. | | e risks have not been transferred to unrelated third ies through insurance? (<i>Encouraged, but not reed.</i>) | | | |
| 8. | tain | unins | ring those matters to be disclosed that relate to cerured risks of future material loss as described in 2.720-20, has the entity considered the following: | | | |
| | a. | risks inclu of re tract | actual and potential effects of losses from such s on the entity's historical or planned operations, ading exposure to losses from claims, curtailment esearch and development or manufacturing, or con- tion or cessation of other activities, such as discon- ance of a product line? | | | |
| | b. | categ | aparison of current insurance coverage by major gories of risk to coverage in prior periods, without essarily quantifying such coverage or change in cover? | | | |
| | С. | Rece | ent claims experience? | | | |
| | d. | | escription of the reporting entity's risk management grams? (<i>Encouraged, but not required</i> .) | | | |
| Losse | es Aris | sing A | After the Date of the Financial Statements | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed a loss or a loss contingency arising after the date of the entity's financial statements (but before those financial statements are issued), if applicable. If such a disclosure is required, have the following been provided: | | | | | |
| | a. | The | nature of the contingency? | | | |
| | b. | state | estimate of the possible loss or range of loss, or a ement that such an estimate cannot be made? 6B ASC 450-20-50-9] | | | |
| Gain | Cont | ingen | cies (FASB ASC 450-30) | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, with care to avoid any misleading implications about likelihood of realization, any gain contingencies? [FASB ASC 450-30-50-1] | | | | | |

G.

H.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| Guai | antees | s (FAS | B ASC 460-10) | | | |
| Prese | ntation | | | | | |
| 1. | off-ba | alance accoun | rual for credit loss on a financial instrument with sheet risk been recorded separately from a valuat related to a recognized financial instrument? 460-10-45-1] | | | |
| Discl | osure ¹⁰ | | | | | |
| | | | ut Each Guarantee or Group of Similar Guaran- ngencies | | | |
| 2. | tinger (Examinclus gation guara other have | the enterney, even ples in the ding in the same and the s | | | | |
| 3. | the g | uarant | tity properly disclosed the nature and amount of ee disclosed as a result of FASB ASC 460-10-50-2? 460-10-50-3] | | | |
| | | | ut Each Guarantee or Group of Similar Guaran- About a Guarantor's Obligation | | | |
| 4. Has the entity properly disclosed the following information about each guarantee, or each group of similar guarantees, even if the likelihood of the guarantor's having to make any payments under the guarantee is remote: | | | | | | |
| | a. | The r | nature of the guarantee, including the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The approximate term of the guarantee? | | | |
| | | ii. | How the guarantee arose? | | | |
| | | iii. | The events or circumstances that would require the guarantor to perform under the guarantee? | | | |
| | | iv. | The current status (that is, as of the date of the statement of financial position) of the payment or performance risk of the guarantee? | | | |
| | | V. | If the entity uses internal groupings for the purposes of item (iv), how those groupings are determined and used for managing risk? | | | |

 $^{^{10}}$ Per FASB ASC 460-10-50-5, the disclosure requirements of this subsection of FASB ASC do not eliminate or affect the disclosure requirements of the following:

The requirements of the general subsection of FASB ASC 825-10-50

[•] The requirements of FASB ASC 450-20-50 par. 3–4 that an entity disclose a contingent loss that has a reasonable possibility of occurring

[•] The requirements of the disclosure subsections of FASB ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging

The requirements of FASB ASC 275-10-50 that an entity disclose information about risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect the amounts reported in the financial statements in the near term

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|------|--------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| | b. | The maximum potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) the guaranter could be required to make under the guarantee? | | | |
| | C. | If the terms of the guarantee provide for no limitation to the maximum potential future payments under the guarantee, is that fact disclosed? | | | |
| | d. | If the guarantor is unable to develop an estimate of the maximum potential amount of future payments under its guarantee, are the reasons why the maximum potential amount cannot be estimated disclosed? | | | |
| | е. | The current carrying amount of the liability, if any, for the guarantor's obligations under the guarantee, in- cluding the amount, if any, recognized under FASB ASC 450-20-30, regardless of whether the guarantee is freestanding or embedded in another contract? | | | |
| | f. | The nature of | | | |
| | | i. any recourse provisions that would enable the guarantor to recover from third parties any of the amounts paid under the guarantee? | | | |
| | | ii. any assets held either as collateral or by third parties that, upon the occurrence of any triggering event or condition under the guarantee, the guarantor can obtain and liquidate to recover all or a portion of the amounts paid under the guarantee? | | | |
| | g. | If estimable, the approximate extent to which the proceeds from liquidation of those assets would be expected to cover the maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantee? [FASB ASC 460-10-50-4] | | | |
| Prod | luct W | Varranties | | | |
| 5. | quire | product warranties and other guarantee contracts reed to be disclosed by FASB ASC 460-10-15-9, is has the ty properly disclosed the following information: | | | |
| | a. | The information required to be disclosed by FASB ASC 460-10-50-4, except that a guarantor is not required to disclose the maximum potential amount of future payments in FASB ASC 460-10-50-4(b)? | | | |
| | b. | The guarantor's accounting policy and methodology used in determining its liability for product warranties (including any liability associated with extended warranties)? | | | |
| | С. | A tabular reconciliation of the changes in the guarantor's aggregate product warranty liability for the reporting period? | | | |
| | d. | Does the tabular reconciliation present | | | |

5.

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|------|--|--|----------|------------|-----------|
| | | i. | the beginning balance of the aggregate product warranty liability? | <u> </u> | | |
| | | ii. | the aggregate reductions in that liability for payments made (in cash or in kind) under the warranty? | | | |
| | | iii. | the aggregate changes in the liability for accruals related to product warranties issued during the reporting period, and the aggregate changes in the liability for accruals related to preexisting warranties, including adjustments related to changes in estimates? | | | |
| | | iv. | the ending balance of the aggregate product warranty liability? [FASB ASC 460-10-50-8] | | | |
| I. | Deb | t—Overal | I (FASB ASC 470-10) | | | |
| | Pres | entation | | | | |
| | | | Additional Presentation Information | | | |
| | | | in debt presentation concerns, readers should see FA entation of debt related items for their particular enti | | 70-10-45 f | or infor- |
| | 1. | sified to | et term obligations expected to be refinanced reclas- long term liabilities? SC 470-10-45-13] | | | |
| | 2. | ments the requirement mittance standing | rowings outstanding under revolving credit agree- at include both a subjective acceleration clause and a nent to maintain a lock-box arrangement, whereby re- s from the borrower's customers reduce the debt out- c, classified as short term obligations? SC 470-10-45-5] | | | |
| | 3. | Has an e | entity classified long-term debt as noncurrent, unless he following conditions exist: | | | |
| | | cal | covenant violation that gives the lender the right to Il the debt has occurred at the balance sheet date, or ould have occurred absent a loan modification? | | | |
| | | de | is probable that the entity will not be able to cure the fault within the next 12 months? ASB ASC 470-10-45-1] | | | |
| | 4. | Are long creditor, agreeme able or be grace pe | term obligations that are or will be callable by the either because the debtor's violation of the debt at the balance-sheet date makes the obligation call-because the violation, if not cured within a specified riod, will make the obligation callable, classified as inless either of the following conditions is met: | | | |
| | | a. Th | e creditor has waived or subsequently lost the right demand repayment for more than one year (or op- ating cycle, if longer) from the balance-sheet date? | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | b. The obligation contains a grace period within which the debtor may cure the violation, and it is probable that the violation will be cured within that period, thus preventing the violation from becoming callable? [FASB ASC 470-10-45-11] | | | |
| Surp | lus Notes | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity that issues surplus notes properly presented the surplus notes as liabilities in the financial statements and not as equity? [FASB ASC 944-470-45-1] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| Disc | losure of Long-Term Obligations | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for each of the five years following the date of the latest balance sheet presented, the combined aggregate amount of maturities and sinking fund requirements for all long-term borrowings? [FASB ASC 470-10-50-1] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed the circumstances related to any callable debt, as defined in FASB ASC 470-10-45-11, that is classified as a long-term liability (or, in the case of an unclassified balance sheet, is included as a long-term liability in the disclosure of debt maturities)? [FASB ASC 470-10-50-2] | | | |
| Subj | ective Acceleration Clauses | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly disclosed any long term debt agreements subject to a subjective acceleration clause unless the likelihood of the acceleration of the due date is remote? [FASB ASC 470-10-50-3] | | | |
| Shor | t-Term Obligations Expected to be Refinanced | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed any short-term obligations that are excluded from current liabilities and a general description of the financing agreement and the terms of any new obligation incurred or expected to be incurred or equity securities issued or expected to be issued as a result of a refinancing? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 470-10-50-4] | | | |
| Sum | mary Disclosure of Securities Outstanding | | | |
| 10. | Are major categories of debt (notes payable to banks, mort- gages payable, notes to related parties) identified on the bal- ance sheet or in the notes to the financial statements? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 11. | Has the entity properly disclosed interest rates, maturities, conversion features, and other significant terms (for example, subordinated features) of long term debt, pursuant to FASB ASC 505-10-50-3 (See question 3 in "Equity [FASB ASC 505-10]")? [FASB ASC 470-10-50-5] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | Surp | olus Notes | | | |
| | 12. | Has the state insurance commissioner's role and ability to approve or disapprove any interest and principal payments been appropriately disclosed? [FASB ASC 944-470-50-1] | | | |
| J. | Deb 20) ¹¹ | t—Debt With Conversion and Other Options (FASB ASC 470- | | | |
| | Pres | entation | | | |
| | Inco | me Statement Classification | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly not presented any expense recognized on the date of conversion of convertible debt related to a beneficial conversion feature as extraordinary? [FASB ASC 470-20-45-1] | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> presented any expense recognized on the date of conversion of convertible debt related to an inducement offer as extraordinary? [FASB ASC 470-20-45-2] | | | |
| | | n-Share Lending Arrangements Issued in Contemplation of vertible Debt Issuance | | | |
| | 3. | (Accounting Standards Update [ASU] No. 2009-15) Has the entity properly not presented loaned shares in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS, unless default of the share-lending arrangement occurs? (Note: If dividends on the loaned shares are not reimbursed to the entity, any amounts, including contractual [accumulated] dividends and participation rights in undistributed earnings, attributable to the loaned shares should be deducted in computing income available to common shareholders, in a manner consistent with the two-class method in FASB ASC 260-10-45-60B.) ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 470-20-45-2A] | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | | n-Share Lending Arrangements Issued in Contemplation of vertible Debt Issuance | | | |
| | 4. | (ASU No. 2009-15) Has the entity properly disclosed the following when it has entered into a share-lending arrangement on its own shares in contemplation of a convertible debt offering or other financing: | | | |

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2009-15.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

¹¹ In October 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-15, *Accounting for Own-Share Lending Arrangements in Contemplation of Convertible Debt Issuance or Other Financing*. This update is the result of the consensus of Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 09-1, "Accounting for Own-Share Lending Arrangements in Contemplation of Convertible Debt Issuance," which clarified how an entity should account for a sharelending arrangement that is entered into in contemplation of a convertible debt offering and the effect the share-lending arrangement has on the calculation of EPS. ASU No. 2009-15 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2009 (that is, January 1, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends), and interim periods within those fiscal years for arrangements outstanding as of the beginning of those fiscal years. Early adoption is not permitted.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 470-20-65-3.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| a. | A description of any outstanding share-lending arrangements on the entity's own stock? | | | |
| b. | All significant terms of the share-lending arrangement including (i) the number of shares, (ii) the term, (iii) the circumstances under which cash settlement would be required, and (iv) any requirements for the counterparty to provide collateral? | | | |
| С. | The entity's reason for entering into the share-lending arrangement? | | | |
| d. | The fair value of the outstanding loaned shares as of the balance sheet date? | | | |
| е. | The treatment of the share-lending arrangement for the purposes of calculating EPS? | | | |
| f. | The unamortized amount of the issuance costs associated with the share-lending arrangement at the balance sheet date? | | | |
| g. | The classification of the issuance costs associated with the share-lending arrangement at the balance sheet date? | | | |
| h. | The amount of interest cost recognized relating to the amortization of the issuance cost associated with the share-lending arrangement for the reporting period? | | | |
| i. | Any amounts of dividends paid related to the loaned shares that will not be reimbursed? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 470-20-50-2A] | | | |
| ing a verti close | I No. 2009-15) If the entity has entered into a share-lend- arrangement on its own shares in contemplation of a con- ble debt offering or other financing has it properly dis- ted the items required by FASB ASC 505, Equity? Inding Content" in FASB ASC 470-20-50-2B | | | |
| period terpa amo lated subs pens share able, num that terpa | I No. 2009-15) Has the entity properly disclosed, in the od in which it concludes that it is probable that the counarty to its share-lending arrangement will default, the unt of expense reported in the statement of earnings related to the default? (Note: The entity should disclose, in any equent period, any material changes in the amount of execute as a result of changes in the fair value of the entity's est or the probable recoveries. Further, it default is probable has not yet occurred, the entity should disclose the ber of shares related to the share-lending arrangement will be reflected in basic and diluted EPS when the counarty defaults.) Inding Content" in FASB ASC 470-20-50-2C] | | | |

5.

6.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--------|--|---|-----|----|-----|
| Cash | n Conv | ersio | n Options ¹² | | | |
| 7. | Has | the er | ntity properly disclosed, as of each date for which a of financial position is presented, the following: | | | |
| | a. | The | carrying amount of the equity component? | | | |
| | b. | carr | principal amount, unamortized discount, and net ying amount for the liability component? SB ASC 470-20-50-4] | | | |
| 8. | recei | | ntity properly disclosed, as of the date of the most tement of financial position that is presented, the | | | |
| | a. | | remaining period over which any discount on the ility component with be amortized? | | | |
| | b. | whi | conversion price and the number of shares on ch the aggregate consideration to be delivered upon version is determined? | | | |
| | С. | actionstrates actions action in the second s | of the following information about derivative trans- ons entered into (in connection with the issuance of ruments within the scope of the cash conversions sections of FASB ASC 470-20-50, regardless of either such derivative transactions are accounted for ssets, liabilities, or equity instruments): | | | |
| | | i. | The terms of those derivative transactions? | | | |
| | | ii. | How those derivative transactions relate to the instruments (within the scope of the cash conversions subsections of FASB ASC 470-20-50)? | | | |
| | | iii. | The number of shares underlying the derivative transactions? | | | |
| | | iv. | The reasons for entering into those derivative transactions? [FASB ASC 470-20-50-5] | | | |
| 9. | | | ntity properly disclosed, as of each date for which a of financial position is presented, the following: | | | |
| | a. | | effective interest rate on the liability component for period? | | | |
| | b. | rela ortiz | amount of interest cost recognized for the period ting to both the contractual interest coupon and amzation of the discount on the liability component? SB ASC 470-20-50-61 | | | |

 $^{^{12}}$ Per FASB ASC 470-20-50-3, the entity should provide the incremental disclosures required by the guidance in FASB ASC 470-20 in annual financial statements for convertible debt instruments that are within the scope of the cash conversions subsections of FASB ASC 470-20 that were outstanding during any of the periods presented.

K.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Part | icipat | ing Mortgage Loans (FASB ASC 470-30) | | | |
| | entatio | | | | |
| 1. | disc pen | the entity properly included the amortization of the debt count relating to the participation liability in interest exse? SB ASC 470-30-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | gair gag sub crite sifie | the entity properly presented the debt extinguishment of or loss from the extinguishment of a participating mortel loan as required by FASB ASC 470-50-40-2? (<i>Note</i> : This topic does not preclude these gains or losses that meet the eria of FASB ASC 225, <i>Income Statement</i> , from being clasted as extraordinary.) SB ASC 470-30-45 par. 2–3] | | | |
| Disc | losure | - | | | |
| 3. | moi | ne entity has borrowed funds in the form of participating etgage loans, has it properly disclosed the following in the nicial statements: | | | |
| | a. | The aggregate amount of participating mortgage obligations at the balance-sheet date, with separate disclosure of the aggregate participation liabilities and related debt discounts? | | | |
| | b. | Terms of the participations by the lender in either the appreciation in the market value of the mortgaged real estate project or the results of operations of the mortgaged real estate project, or both? [FASB ASC 470-30-50-1] | | | |
| Deb | t Mo | difications and Extinguishments (FASB ASC 470-50)13, 14 | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | | |
| 1A. | extinute sion to the sion of t | the entity properly disclosed if debt was considered to be inguished by in-substance defeasance under the provises of FASB Statement No. 76, Extinguishment of Debt, prior the effective date of FASB Statement No. 125, Accounting Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishts of Liabilities, a general description of the transaction and amount of debt that is considered extinguished at the end the period so long as that debt remains outstanding? SB ASC 470-50-50-1] | | | |

L.

¹³ Per FASB ASC 470-50-45 paragraphs 2–3, gains and losses from extinguishment of debt that meet the criteria in FASB ASC 225-20 are not precluded from being classified as extraordinary items. However, any charges to earnings resulting from application of FASB ASC 470-50-40-21(c) should not be classified as extraordinary.

¹⁴ See footnote 4.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------|--------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | 1B. | the of F State and | U No. 2009-16, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Actining for Transfers of Financial Assets (FASB Statement 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets)) Has entity properly disclosed, if debt was considered to be exuished by in-substance defeasance under the provisions ASB Statement No. 76 prior to the effective date of FASB ement No. 125, a general description of the transaction the amount of debt that is considered extinguished at the of each period that debt remains outstanding? ending Content" in FASB ASC 470-50-50-1] | | | |
| M. | Tro | ubled | Debt Restructuring by Debtors (FASB ASC 470-60) | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | | |
| | 1. | | the entity properly disclosed the following, related to a bled debt restructuring occurring during the current pe: | | | |
| | | a. | A description of the principal changes in terms, the major features of settlement, or both? (<i>Note</i> : Separate restructurings within a fiscal period for the same category of payables may be grouped for disclosure purposes.) | | | |
| | | b. | Aggregate gain on restructuring of payables? | | | |
| | | С. | Aggregate net gain or loss on transfers of assets recognized during the period? | | | |
| | | d. | Per-share amount of the aggregate gain on restructuring of payables? [FASB ASC 470-60-50-1] | | | |
| | 2. | | the entity properly disclosed the following, related to ods after a troubled debt restructuring: | | | |
| | | a. | The extent to which amounts contingently payable are included in the carrying amount of restructured payables pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 470-60-35-7? | | | |
| | | b. | If required by paragraphs 1–6 and 9–10 of FASB ASC 450-20-50, total amounts contingently payable on restructured payables and conditions under which those amounts would become payable or forgiven? [FASB ASC 470-60-50-2] | | | |
| N. | Dist | ingui | shing Liabilities From Equity (FASB ASC 480-10)15 | | | |
| | Proc | ontatio | 11 | | | |

Additional Presentation Information

For those entities for which FASB Statement No. 150, *Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity*, applies, please reference FASB ASC at www.fasb.org for the presentation items relevant to your entity.

¹⁵ In November 2003, FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 150-3, Effective Date, Disclosures, and Transition for Mandatorily Redeemable Financial Instruments of Certain Nonpublic Entities and Certain Mandatorily Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests under FASB (continued)

Yes No N/A

Disclosure

Additional Disclosure Information

For those entities for which FASB Statement No. 150 applies, please reference FASB ASC at www.fasb.org for the disclosure items relevant to your entity.

Has the entity properly disclosed the following (if it issues financial instruments within the scope of FASB ASC 480-10-25): The nature and terms of the financial instruments? a. b. The rights and obligations embodied in those instruments, including both: settlement alternatives, if any, in the contract, the entity that controls the settlement alternaii. [FASB ASC 480-10-50-1] Has the entity properly disclosed the following for all outstanding financial instruments (within the scope of FASB ASC 480-10) and for each settlement alternative: The amount that would be paid, or the number of shares that would be issued and their fair value, determined under the conditions specified in the contract if the settlement were to occur at the reporting date?

Statement No. 150, to clarify and defer specific implementation of the provisions of FASB Statement No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity.

FASB Statement No. 150 as issued is effective for mandatorily redeemable financial instruments of nonpublic entities for the first fiscal period beginning after December 15, 2003. For mandatorily redeemable instruments of other entities, FASB Statement No. 150 as issued is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and for all other instruments for interim periods beginning after June 15, 2003.

FSP FAS 150-3 deferred the effective date for mandatorily redeemable financial instruments issued by nonpublic entities that are not Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registrants, as follows:

- a. For instruments that are mandatorily redeemable on fixed dates for amounts that either are fixed or are determined by reference to an interest rate index, currency index, or another external index, the classification, measurement, and the disclosure provisions of FASB ASC 480-10-50 and the presentation provisions of FASB ASC 480-10-45 were effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2004.
- b. For all other financial instruments that are mandatorily redeemable, the classification, measurement, and disclosure provisions of FASB ASC 480-10-50 and the presentation provisions of FASB ASC 480-10-45 are deferred indefinitely pending further FASB action.

Readers should review this FSP or the relevant transition guidance to understand the various effective dates of FASB Statement No. 150, as discussed in FASB ASC 480-10-65-1.

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of FSP FAS 150-3.

Readers can refer to the full text of the statement on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 480-10-65-1.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|
| b. | How changes in the fair value of the issuer's equity shares would affect those settlement amounts (for example, "the issuer is obligated to issue an additional x shares or pay an additional y dollars in cash for each \$1 decrease in the fair value of one share")? | | | |
| С. | The maximum amount that the issuer could be required to pay to redeem the instrument by physical settlement, if applicable? | | | |
| d. | The maximum number of shares that could be required to be issued, if applicable? | | | |
| e. | That a contract does not limit the amount that the issuer could be required to pay or the number of shares that the issuer could be required to issue, if applicable? | | | |
| f. | For a forward contract or an option indexed to the issuer's equity shares, the forward price or option strike price, the number of issuer's shares to which the contract is indexed, and the settlement date or dates of the contract, as applicable? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 480-10-50-2] | | | |

IV. Equity

A. Equity (FASB ASC 505-10)

The following table summarizes the titles used to describe the equity section in the financial statements of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

TITLE OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY SECTION

| | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Stockholders' equity | 256 | 258 | 307 | 299 | |
| Shareholders' equity | 179 | 181 | 225 | 233 | |
| Shareowners' equity | 16 | 17 | 17 | 16 | |
| Common stockholders' equity | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | |
| Common shareholders' equity | 5 | 1 | 4 | 4 | |
| Term deficit or deficiency in title | 1 | 18 | 24 | 27 | |
| Other or no title | 22 | 13 | 10 | 7 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total entities | 16 | 500 | 600 | 600 | |

2008-2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006-2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

General

Disclosure

1. Is the following information relating to stockholders' equity, statutory capital, and surplus, and the effects of statutory accounting practices on the ability to pay dividends to stockholders, disclosed:

| | | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|----|---|---|----|-----|
| | a. The amount of statutory capital and surplus? | | | |
| | b. The amount of statutory capital surplus necessal satisfy regulatory requirements (based on the encurrent operations) if significant in relation to the tity's statutory capital and surplus? | tity's | | |
| | c. The nature of statutory restrictions on the payme dividends and the amount of retained earnings the not available for the payment of dividends to s holders? [FASB ASC 944-505-50-1] | nat is | | |
| 2. | If either the state-prescribed statutory accounting practifier from National Association of Insurance Comsioner's (NAIC) statutory accounting practices or permitted statutory accounting practices of NAIC's statutory accounting practices or NAIC's statutory accounting practices, the use of prescribed or permitted utory accounting practices (individually or in the aggree results in reported statutory surplus or risk-based capital is significantly different from the statutory surplus or based capital that would have been reported had Nastatutory accounting practices been followed, has the edisclosed the items in the following paragraph? [FASB ASC 944-505-50-2] | nmis- nitted state- utory stat- egate) I that risk- AIC's | | |
| 3. | If the entity is a U.S. insurance entity or a U.S. or foreig tity with a U.S insurance subsidiary and prepares U.S. G financial statements and the criteria in the preceding que has been met, have both of the following been disclosed | SAAP estion | | |
| | a. A description of the prescribed or permitted state accounting practice? | utory | | |
| | b. The related monetary effect on statutory surplus of ing an accounting practice that differs from either sprescribed statutory accounting practices or Na statutory accounting practices? [FASB ASC 944-505-50 par. 3–4] | state- | | |
| 4. | If the entity is a foreign insurance entity that does not he U.S. insurance subsidiary and prepares U.S. GAAP final statements or is included in a parent's consolidated GAAP financial statements, have the notes to financial statements disclosed permitted regulatory accounting practical that significantly differ from the prescribed regulatory counting practices of its respective regulatory authority their monetary effects? [FASB ASC 944-505-50-5] | nncial U.S. state- ctices y ac- | | |
| 5. | Has disclosure of the fact that an entity's risk-based ca would have triggered a regulatory event if it had not us permitted practice been made? [FASB ASC 944-505-50-6] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Pres | entation | | | |
| Rece | eivables for Issuance of Equity | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented a note received as a contribution to equity as an offset against stock in the equity section? (<i>Note</i> : Such notes may be recorded as an asset if collected in cash before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued.) [FASB ASC 505-10-45-2] | | | |
| Арр | propriations of Retained Earnings | | | |
| 7. | Are appropriations of retained earnings for loss contingencies clearly identified and included in shareholders' equity? [FASB ASC 505-10-45-3] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly disclosed changes in the separate account comprising shareholders' equity (in addition to retained earnings) and changes in the number of shares of equity securities during at least the most recent annual fiscal period and any subsequent interim period presented? (<i>Note</i> : This disclosure may take the form of separate statements or may be made in the basic financial statements or in the notes.) [FASB ASC 505-10-50-2] | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly disclosed information about the pertinent rights and privileges of the various securities outstanding, including mandatory redemption requirements, in summary form? (<i>Note</i> : Examples of information to be included are dividend and liquidation preferences, participation rights, call prices and dates, and conversion or exercise prices or rates and pertinent date. See FASB ASC 505-10-50-3 for more examples of disclosures.) [FASB ASC 505-10-50-3] | | | |
| Secu | urities With Preferences | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for preferred stock that has a preference in involuntary liquidation considerably in excess of par or stated value of the shares, the liquidation preference in the equity section of the balance sheet in the aggregate, either parenthetically or "in short," rather than on a per share basis or in the notes to the financial statements? [FASB ASC 505-10-50-4] | | | |
| 11. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following on the face of the balance sheet or in the notes to the financial statements: | | | |
| | a. The aggregate or per-share amounts at which preferred stock may be called or are subject to redemption through sinking-fund operations or otherwise? | | | |
| | The aggregate and per-share amounts of arrearages in cumulative preferred dividends? IFASB ASC 505-10-50-51 | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|-----|--|---|------------|-----------|------------|
| Con | vertib! | le Securities | | | |
| 12. | ble qual the | the entity properly disclosed, for contingently converti- securities that disclose the significant quantitative and litative terms of the conversion features to enable users of financial statements to understand the circumstances of contingency and the potential impact of conversion, in- ling: | | | |
| | a. | events or changes in circumstances that would cause the contingency to be met and any significant features necessary to understand the conversion rights and the timing of those rights (for example, the periods in which [i] the contingency might be met and [ii] the se- curities may be converted if the contingency is met)? | | | |
| | b. | the conversion price and the number of shares into which the security is potentially convertible? | | | |
| | с. | events or changes in circumstances, if any, that could adjust or change the contingency, conversion price, or number of shares, including significant terms of those changes? | | | |
| | d. | the manner of settlement upon conversion and any alternative settlement methods (for example, cash, shares, or a combination)? [FASB ASC 505-10-50-6] | | | |
| 13. | quir price conv | the entity properly disclosed, in order to meet the re- rements of FASB ASC 505-10-50-6, the possible conversion es and dates as well as other significant terms for each vertible instrument? SB ASC 505-10-50-7] | | | |
| 14. | nand in Fi gate ceive over | the entity properly disclosed, in the footnotes to the ficial statements, the terms of the transaction (as referred to ASB ASC 505-10-50-6), including the excess of the aggrefair value of the instruments that the holder would ree at conversion over the proceeds received and the period which the discount is amortized? SB ASC 505-10-50-8] | | | |
| 15. | wou were and | the entity properly disclosed whether the shares that all be issued if the contingently convertible securities a converted are included in the calculation of diluted EPS, the reasons why or why not? SB ASC 505-10-50-9] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|
| 16. | Although not required, has the entity disclosed information about derivative instruments entered into in connection with the issuance of the contingently convertible securities that may be useful in terms of fully explaining the potential impact of the contingently convertible securities? (<i>Note</i> : Information might include the terms of those derivative instruments, including the terms of settlement, how those instruments relate to the contingently convertible securities, and the number of shares underlying the derivative instruments.) [FASB ASC 505-10-50-10] | | | |
| 17. | For debt with conversion and other options, has the entity considered incremental disclosures in accordance with FASB ASC 470-20-10-2 and paragraphs 2–6 of FASB ASC 470-20-50? [FASB ASC 505-10-50-10A] | | | |
| 18. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for redeemable stock, the amount of redemption requirements, separately by issue or combined, for all issues of capital stock that are redeemable at fixed or determinable prices on fixed or redeemable dates in each of the five years following the date of the latest balance sheet? [FASB ASC 505-10-50-11] | | | |

B. Treasury Stock (FASB ASC 505-30)

The following table summarizes the presentations of treasury stock in the balance sheets of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

| TREASURY STOCK—BALA | | | | 2006 | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----|
| | <u>2009</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> | |
| Common Stock | | | | | |
| Cost of treasury stock shown as stockholders' | | | | | |
| equity deduction | 316 | 318 | 371 | 381 | |
| Cost of treasury stock deducted from stock of | | | | | |
| the same class | 5 | 10 | 6 | 8 | |
| Par or stated value of treasury stock deducted | | | | | |
| from issued stock of the same class | 19 | 20 | 20 | 14 | |
| Other | _ | 2 | 1 | 2 | |
| Total presentations | 340 | 350 | 398 | 405 | |
| Preferred Stock | | | | | |
| Cost of treasury stock shown as stockholders' | | | | | |
| equity deduction | _ | | | 3 | |
| Other | _ | _ | 1 | 2 | |
| Total presentations | _ | _ | 1 | 5 | |
| | | | | (continue | d) |

| | 2009 | 2008 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> | |
|-------------------------------|------|------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Number of Entities | | | | | |
| Disclosing treasury stock | 340 | 350 | 398 | 408 | |
| Not disclosing treasury stock | 160 | 150 | 202 | 192 | |
| Total entities | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 | |

Presentation

1. Has the entity properly presented, if the entity purchased stock for purposes other than retirement or if ultimate disposition has not yet been decided, the cost separately as a deduction from the total of capital stock, additional paid-in capital, and retained earnings, or has it been presented in accordance with paragraphs 7–10 of FASB ASC 505-30-30? [FASB ASC 505-30-45-1]

Disclosure

Disclosures Relating to State Laws

2. Has the entity made appropriate disclosures regarding state laws that may affect or restrict the entity's ability to repurchase its own outstanding common stock? [FASB ASC 505-30-50-2]

Disclosures Relating to Allocation of Repurchase Price

3. Has the entity made proper disclosures if treasury shares are purchased at a stated price significantly in excess of the current market price of the shares, including the allocation of the amounts paid and the accounting treatment for such amounts?

[FASB ASC 505-30-50 par. 3–4]

C. Equity-Based Payments to Nonemployees (FASB ASC 505-50)

Presentation

1. Has the entity properly not presented an asset, other than a note or receivable, received in return for fully vested, nonforfeitable equity instruments, that are issued at the date of an agreement for goods or services, as a contra-equity of the equity instrument?

[FASB ASC 505-50-45-1]

Disclosure

Grantor Disclosures

2. Has the entity properly disclosed, to the extent that the disclosures are important to an understanding of the effects of the transactions on the financial statements, information about goods or services, other than employee services, acquired in a share-based payment transaction?

[FASB ASC 505-50-50-1]

| | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|-----|----|-----|
| Grantee Disclosures | | | |
| 3. Has the entity properly disclosed, in accordance with paragraphs 1–2 of FASB ASC 845-10-50, in each period's financial statements, the amount of gross operating revenue recognized as a result of nonmonetary transactions addressed by the guidance of FASB ASC 505-50? [FASB ASC 505-50-50-2] | | | |

V. Revenue

The following table summarizes the titles used to describe the income statement in the financial statements of a sample of public entities surveyed by the AICPA. Reprinted from the AICPA's *Accounting Trends & Techniques*, 2010, 64th edition (product no. 0099010 [paperback] or WAT-XX [online]).

| INCOME STATEMENT TITLE | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | <u>2009</u> | 2008 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2006</u> | |
| Income | 242 | 227 | 264 | 252 | |
| Operations | 181 | 195 | 244 | 260 | |
| Earnings | 70 | 74 | 89 | 87 | |
| Other | 7 | 4 | 3 | 1 | |
| Total entities | 500 | 500 | 600 | 600 | |

2008-2009 based on 500 entities surveyed; 2006-2007 based on 600 entities surveyed.

A. Revenue Recognition—Products (FASB ASC 605-15)

Presentation

General

- 1. Has the entity properly presented revenue and cost of sales, reduced for any estimated returns, for sales made with a right of return which meet the criteria in FASB ASC 605-15-25-1? [FASB ASC 605-15-45-1]
- 2. Are the important components of income, such as sales or other sources of revenue, cost of sales, selling and administrative expenses, interest expense, and income taxes, separately disclosed on the face of the income statement?

 [Common Practice]

Disclosure

- 3. To meet the disclosure objective in FASB ASC 944-20-50-7, has the entity disclosed all of the following:
 - a. The amount and reasons for acceleration for premium revenue recognition that has been accelerated?

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | b. | A schedule of the future expected premium revenue as of the latest date of the statement of financial position which details both (i) the four quarters of the subsequent annual period and each of the next four annual periods, and (ii) the remaining periods aggregated in five year increments? [FASB ASC 944-605-50-4] | | | |
| Rein | suran | ce Contracts | | | |
| Prese | ntatio | n | | | |
| 4. | reco men note | | | | |
| Discl | _ | 6B ASC 944-605-45-1] | | | |
| 5. | Are | the following disclosed for short-duration reinsurance racts on both a written and an earned basis: | | | |
| | a. | Premiums from direct business? | | | |
| | b. | Reinsurance assumed? | | | |
| | С. | Reinsurance ceded? [FASB ASC 944-605-50-1(b)] | | | |
| 6. | | the following disclosed for long-duration reinsurance racts: | | | |
| | a. | Premiums and amounts assessed against policyholders from direct business? | | | |
| | b. | Reinsurance assumed? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | Reinsurance ceded? | | | |
| | d. | Premiums and amounts earned? [FASB ASC 944-605-50-1(c)] | | | |
| 7. | cont | the methods used for income recognition on reinsurance racts disclosed? BB ASC 944-605-50-1(a)] | | | |
| 8. | metl | foreign reinsurance accounted for by the open year nod, are the following disclosures made for each period which an income statement is presented: | | | |
| | a. | The amounts of premiums, claims, and expenses recognized as income on closing underwriting balances? | | | |
| | b. | The additions to underwriting balances for the year for reported premiums, claims, and expenses? [FASB ASC 944-605-50-1(d)] | | | |
| 9. | unde sente | | | | |
| | [FAS | SB ASC 944-605-50-1(e)] | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|------------------------------------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| | 10. | Has the entity identified both (<i>a</i>) the extent to which reinsurance contracts indemnify the ceding entity against loss or liability relating to insurance risk and (<i>b</i>) the indemnification policies as part of the required disclosures about the nature and effect of reinsurance transactions? (<i>Encouraged</i> , but not required.) [FASB ASC 944-605-50-2] | | | |
| | 11. | Has the entity included a description of the methods used to account for foreign reinsurance in its accounting policies disclosure? [FASB ASC 944-605-50-3] | | | |
| B. | Rev | enue Recognition—Services (FASB ASC 605-20) | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | Receivables for Issuance of Equity | | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of revenue and expense recognized from advertising barter transactions for each income statement period presented? [FASB ASC 605-20-50-1] | | | |
| C. | Mul | tiple Element Arrangements (FASB ASC 605-25) | | | |
| | | losure ¹⁶ | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following in regard to revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables: | | | |
| | | a. Its accounting policy for recognition of revenue from multiple-deliverable arrangements (for example, whether deliverables are separable into units of ac- counting)? | | | |
| | | The description and nature of such arrangements, including performance, cancellation, termination, or refund-type provisions? [FASB ASC 605-25-50-1] | | | |

¹⁶ In October 2009, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, *Revenue Recognition (Topic 605): Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements*. This update amends FASB ASC 605-25 to separate consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements; establish a selling-price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable; replace the term fair value in the revenue allocation guidance with selling price; eliminate the residual method of allocation, and require that a vendor determine its best estimate of selling price in a manner that is consistent with that used to determine the price to sell the deliverable on a standalone basis. This ASU should be applied on a prospective basis for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010 (that is, January 1, 2011, for entities with calendar year-ends), unless the entity elects to adopt this ASU on a retroactive basis in accordance with FASB ASC 605-25-65-1(e). Early application is permitted.

This checklist has not been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2009-13.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 605-25-65-1.

Y<u>es</u> NoN/AMilestone Method Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-28) D. Disclosure17 **Additional Disclosure Information** If the entity has elected to early adopt ASU No. 2010-17, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605): Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition— a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force, see FASB ASC 605-28-50 for required disclosures. Ε. Gains and Losses—Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-40) Presentation 1. Has the entity properly presented any gain or loss resulting from an involuntary conversion of a nonmonetary asset in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 225-20? [FASB ASC 605-40-45-1] F. Principal Agent Considerations—Revenue Recognition (FASB ASC 605-45) Presentation Overall Considerations of Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal Versus Net as an Agent 1. Has the entity used sound judgment in determining whether to report revenue on either (a) the gross amount billed to a customer because it has earned revenue (as a principal) from

Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs

[FASB ASC 605-45-45-1]

of gross and net reporting, respectively.)

2. Has the entity properly *not* presented shipping and handling costs as a deduction from revenues? [FASB ASC 605-45-45-21]

the dale of the goods or services, or (*b*) the net amount retained because it has earned a commission or fee as an agent? (See FASB ASC 605-45-45 paragraphs 3 and 15 for indicators

This checklist has not been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-17.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

¹⁷ In April 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-17, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605): Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition—a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force. ASU No. 2010-17 provides guidance on applying the milestone method to milestone payments for achieving specified performance measures when those payments are related to uncertain future events. The scope of this ASU is limited to transactions involving research or development if the milestone payment is to be recognized in its entirety in the period the milestone is achieved. Entities can make an accounting policy election to recognize arrangement consideration received for achieving specified performance measures during the period in which the milestones are achieved, provided certain criteria are met. Although the milestone method is an accounting policy election, other methods that would result in recognizing a milestone in its entirety during the period in was achieved would not be acceptable for milestones if the criteria are not met. This ASU should be applied on a prospective basis for milestones achieved fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010 (that is, January 1, 2011, for entities with calendar year-ends), unless the entity elects to adopt this ASU on a retroactive basis in accordance with FASB ASC 250, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. Early application is permitted.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 605-28-65-1.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Reim | abursements Received for Out-of-Pocket Expenses Incurred | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses incurred as revenue in the income statement? [FASB ASC 605-45-45-23] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| Gros | s Transaction Volumes | | | |
| 4. | Although not required, has the entity properly disclosed gross transaction volume for those revenues reported as net? (<i>Note</i> : Such disclosure can be made parenthetically in the income statement or in the notes to the financial statements, but they should not be characterized as revenues, nor should they be reported in a column that sums to net income or loss.) [FASB ASC 605-45-50-1] | | | |
| Ship | ping and Handling Fees and Costs | | | |
| 5. | In addition to disclosing the accounting policy decision regarding the classification of shipping and handling costs, has the entity properly disclosed both the amounts if significant and if not included in the cost of sales, and the line item(s) on the income statement where included? [FASB ASC 605-45-50-2] | | | |
| | s Collected From Customers and Remitted to Governmental porities | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly disclosed the accounting policy decision regarding the presentation of taxes within the scope of FASB ASC 605-45-15-2(e), either on a gross basis (included in revenues and costs) or a net basis (excluded from revenues), disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 235-10? [FASB ASC 605-45-50-3] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of taxes that are reported on a gross basis in interim and annual financial statements for each period for which an income statement is presented, if significant? (<i>Note</i> : The disclosure of these taxes may be done on an aggregate basis.) [FASB ASC 605-45-50-4] | | | |
| Cust | omer Payments and Incentives (FASB ASC 605-50) | | | |

Additional Presentation Information

G.

Presentation

For entities involved in providing customers sales incentives or other consideration, see FASB ASC 605-50-45 for further presentation information, including circumstances under which that consideration is either

- an adjustment of the selling prices of the vendor's product or services and therefore characterized as a reduction of revenue when recognized in the vendor's income statement, or
- a cost incurred by the vendor for assets or services received from the customer and therefore characterized as a cost or expense when recognized in the vendor's income statement.

| | | Vaa | Ma | NIA |
|----------|--|------------|------------|--------|
| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
| | Disclosure | | | |
| | Service Provider's Accounting for Consideration Given to a Manufacturer or Reseller of Equipment | | | |
| | 1. Has the entity properly disclosed, if the entity is a service provider and provides incentives to a third-party manufacturer or reseller that ultimately benefits the service provider's customer, this fact? [FASB ASC 605-50-50-1] | | | |
| VI. Expe | enses | | | |
| Α. | Compensation (FASB ASC 710-10) | | | |
| | Presentation | | | |
| | Additional Presentation Information | | | |
| | s with rabbi trusts, as discussed in FASB ASC 710-10-25-15, see FASB Apper presentation. | SC 710-1 | 0-45 for i | nforma |
| | Disclosure | | | |
| | Compensated Absences | | | |
| | 1. Has the entity properly disclosed, if the entity meets the conditions for recognizing a liability for compensated absences in subparagraphs 1(a)–1(c) of FASB ASC 710-10-25 ¹⁸ and does <i>not</i> accrue a liability because the amount cannot be reasonably estimated, that fact? [FASB ASC 710-10-50-1] | | | |
| В. | Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits (FASB ASC 712-10) | | | |
| | Disclosure | | | |
| | Other Postemployment Benefits | | | |
| | 1. If the entity does not accrue an obligation for other postem- ployment benefits in accordance with FASB ASC 450-20-25-2 or FASB ASC 710-10-25-1 because the amount cannot be rea- sonably estimated, has the entity properly disclosed that fact? | | | |

An employer shall accrue a liability for employees' compensation for future absences if all of the following conditions are met:

- The employer's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate. Vested rights are those for which the employer has an obligation to make payment even if an employee terminates; thus, they are not contingent on an employee's future service. Accumulate means that earned but unused rights to compensated absences may be carried forward to one or more periods subsequent to that in which they are earned, even though there may be a limit to the amount that can be carried forward.
- Payment of the compensation is probable.

¹⁸ FASB ASC 710-10-25 paragraph 1(a)–1(c) reads:

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Defi | ned Benefit Plans—Compensation (FASB ASC 715-20) ^{19, 20} | | | |
| Prese | ntation | | | |
| 1. | If the entity sponsors one or more defined benefit pension plans or one or more defined benefit other postretirement plans, has the entity separately presented, for pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans, the funded status of the plans and the amounts recognized in the statement of financial position, showing separately the assets and current and noncurrent liabilities recognized? [FASB ASC 715-20-45-2] | | | |
| 2. | If the entity presents a classified statement of financial position, has the entity properly presented the liability for an underfunded plan as a current liability, a noncurrent liability, or a combination of both? (<i>Note</i> : The current portion is the amount by which the actuarial present value of benefits included in the benefit obligation payable in the next 12 months, or operating cycle, if longer, exceeds the fair value of plan assets and that the amount classified as a current liability is limited to the amount of the plan's unfunded status recognized in the employer's statement of financial position.) [FASB ASC 715-20-45-3] | | | |
| 3. | If the entity presents a classified statement of financial position, has the entity properly presented the asset for an overfunded plan as a noncurrent asset? [FASB ASC 715-20-45-3] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |

Additional Disclosure Information

FASB ASC 715-20-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public companies. See the following "Public Entity Disclosures" section for required disclosures specific to public entities.

Disclosures by Nonpublic Entities

C.

4A. Has the entity properly disclosed separately for pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans, if the entity sponsors one or more defined benefit pension plans or one or more other defined benefit postretirement plans:

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-06.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

 $^{^{19}\,}$ Paragraphs 1–2 of FASB ASC 715-30-50, regarding defined benefit plans, refer to FASB ASC 715-20-50 for the disclosure requirements applicable to FASB ASC 715-30-50.

²⁰ In January 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This ASU establishes new disclosure requirements regarding transfers in and out of levels 1 and 2 of the fair value hierarchy and activity in level 3 fair value measurements. It also clarifies certain existing disclosures within FASB ASC 820-10-50 regarding level of disaggregation and inputs and valuation techniques. The amendments in this ASU will be effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009 (that is, January 1, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends), except for the disclosures in the level 3 fair value measurement roll forward. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 (that is, January 1, 2011, for entities with calendar year-ends), and for interim periods within those fiscal years.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 605-28-65-1.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|---|-----------|------------|----------|
| a. | The benefit obligation, fair value of plan assets, and funded status of the plan? | | | |
| b. | Employer contributions, participant contributions, and benefits paid? | | | |
| | Additional Disclosure Information | | | |
| | lisclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets are to | provide 1 | users of f | inancial |

The objectives of statements with an understanding of the following:

- How investment allocation decisions are made, including the factors that are pertinent to an understanding of investment policies and strategies
- The major category of plan assets
- The inputs and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets
- The effect of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) on changes in the plan assets for the period
- Significant concentrations of risk within plan assets
 - Considering the items in the preceding "Additional Disclosure Information," has the entity provided:
 - A narrative description of investment policies and strategies, including target allocation percentages or range of percentages considering the major categories of plan assets disclosed pursuant to item (ii), as of the latest statement of financial position presented (on a weighted-average basis for employers with more than one plan), and other factors that are pertinent to an understanding of those policies and strategies such as investment goals, risk management practices, permitted and prohibited investments including the use of derivatives, diversification, and the relationship between plan assets and benefit obligations?
 - ii. The fair value of each major category of plan assets as of each date for which a statement of financial position is presented? (Note: Asset categories are based on the nature and risks of assets in the entity's plan[s].)
 - iii. A narrative description of the basis used to determine the overall expected long-term rate-of-return-on-assets assumption, such as the general approach used, the extent to which the overall rate-of-return-on-assets assumption was based on historical returns, the extent to which adjustments were made to those historical returns in order to reflect expectations of future returns, and how those adjustments were determined?

| | | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--|---|---|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| iv | men niqu of pl object | ts to a es use an ass | on that enables users of financial state- assess the inputs and valuation tech- ed to develop fair value measurements sets at the reporting date? To meet this has the entity properly disclosed the | | | |
| | (1) | whice entire urene marke (leve puts | level within the fair value hierarchy in the fair value measurements in their rety fall, segregating fair value measurements using quoted prices in active kets for identical assets or liabilities el 1), significant other observable in- (level 2), and significant unobservable its (level 3)? | | | |
| | (2) | using (leve and chan | fair value measurements of plan assets g significant unobservable inputs el 3), a reconciliation of the beginning ending balances, separately presenting ages during the period attributable to ollowing: | | | |
| | | (a) | Actual return on plan assets? | | | |
| | | (b) | Purchases, sales, and settlements, net? | | | |
| | | (c) | Transfers in or out, or both, of level 3? | | | |
| | (3) | niqu valu atior | rmation about the valuation tech- e(s) and inputs used to measure fair e and a discussion of changes in valu- n techniques and inputs, if any, during period? | | | |
| | define fit obl | | nefit pension plans, the accumulated n? | | | |
| finar each for the fits s tions the e | ncial post of the five should used and of | positioner next entransfer fiscal be entropy to me the year. | of the date of the latest statement of in presented) expected to be paid in five fiscal years, and in the aggregate I years thereafter? The expected bene- stimated based on the same assump- easure the entity's benefit obligation at ear and should include benefits attrib- ted future employee service. | | | |
| ably paid after tion sente (i) collaws | be do to the the d prese ed in to | etermie plan ate of nted? he agg utions liscreti | best estimate, as soon as it can reasonned, of contributions expected to be during the next fiscal year beginning the latest statement of financial posi-Estimated contributions may be prepregate combining any of the following: required by funding regulations or ionary contributions, and (iii) noncash | | | |

d.

e.

f.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| g. | The amounts recognized in the statements of financial position, showing separately the postretirement benefit assets and current and noncurrent postretirement benefit liabilities? | | | |
| h. | Separately, the net gain or loss and net prior service cost or credit recognized in OCI for the period pursuant to FASB ASC 715-30-35 paragraphs 11 and 21 and FASB ASC 715-60-35 paragraphs 16 and 25 and reclassification adjustments of OCI for the period, as those amounts, including amortization of the net transition asset or obligation, are recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost? | | | |
| i. | The amounts in accumulated OCI that have not yet been recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost, showing separately the net gain or loss, net prior service cost or credit, and net transition asset or obli- gation? | | | |
| j. | On a weighted-average basis, all of the following assumptions used in the accounting for the plans, specifying in a tabular format, the assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation and the assumptions used to determine net benefit cost: | | | |
| | i. Assumed discount rates (refer to FASB ASC 715-30-35-45 for a discussion of representationally faithful disclosure)? | | | |
| | ii. Rates of compensation increase (for pay-related plans)? | | | |
| | iii. Expected long term rates of return on plan assets? | | | |
| k. | The assumed health care cost trend rate(s) for the next year used to measure the expected cost of benefits covered by the plan (gross eligible charges), and a general description of the direction and pattern of change in the assumed trend rates thereafter, together with the ultimate trend rate(s) and when that rate is expected to be achieved? | | | |
| l. | If applicable, the amounts and types of securities of the employer and related parties included in plan assets, the approximate amount of future annual benefits of plan participants covered by insurance contracts, including annuity contracts, issued by the employer or related parties, and any significant transactions between the employer or related parties and the plan during the period? | _ | _ | |
| т. | The nature and effect of significant nonroutine events, such as amendments, combinations, divestitures, curtailments, and settlements? | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------------|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | n. | The amounts in accumulated OCI expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost over the fiscal year that follows the most recent annual statement of financial position presented, showing separately the net gain or loss, net prior service cost or credit, and net transition asset or obligation? | | | |
| | 0. | The amount and timing of any plan assets expected to be returned to the employer during the 12 month period, or operating cycle if longer, that follows the most recent annual statement of financial position presented? | | | |
| | р. | The amount of net periodic benefit cost recognized? [FASB ASC 715-20-50-5] | | | |
| | 715-2 Thro place the p sure in m | (ASU No. 2010-06): ASU No. 2010-06 affects FASB ASC 20-50-5, question 4A, preceding, in the following manner: ughout the paragraph, the term <i>major category</i> was reed with the term <i>class</i> . As such, entities that have adopted provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 should consider the disclorequirements contained in question 4A with this change ind. Inding Content" in FASB ASC 715-20-50-5] | | | |
| Interi | m Dis | sclosure Requirements for Nonpublic Entities | | | |
| 5. | which total pector cantle to FA may butice tribu | the entity properly disclosed, in interim periods for h a complete set of financial statement is presented, the amount of the employer's contributions paid, and exed to be paid, during the current fiscal year, if significy different than amounts previously disclosed pursuant ASB ASC 715-20-50-5(f)? ²¹ (<i>Note</i> : Estimated contributions be presented in the aggregate by combining [<i>a</i>] contributions required by regulations or laws, [<i>b</i>] discretionary contions, and [<i>c</i>] noncash contributions.) | | | |
| Discl | osures | s Related to Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets | | | |
| 6. | avera based or ot entity rate, | e entity has changed the previously disclosed weightedage expected long-term rate of return for plan assets, d on a subsequent interim measurement of both pension ther postretirement plan assets and obligations, has the y disclosed the beginning and more recently assumed or a properly weighted combination of the two? B ASC 715-20-50-8] | | | |
| Discletions | osures | s Related to Japanese Governmental Settlement Transac- | | | |

Additional Disclosure Information

For entities with activities regarding accounting for Japanese governmental settlement transactions, see paragraphs 9–10 of FASB ASC 715-20-50 for disclosure requirements.

 $^{^{21}}$ See question 4A(f) in the "VI.C. Defined Benefit Plans—Compensation (FASB ASC 715-20)" section.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|-----|----|-----|
| Public Entity Disclosure | | | | | | |
| Disclosures by Public Entities | | | | | | |
| 7A. | Has the public entity properly disclosed the following items, separately for pension plans and other postretirement benefits, if the entity is a sponsor of one or more defined benefit pension plans or one or more defined benefit other postretirement plans: (<i>Note</i> : Amounts related to the entity's results of operations should be disclosed for each period for which a statement of income is presented and amounts related to the entity's statement of financial position for each statement of financial position presented.) | | | | | |
| | <i>a</i> . | the ble, the for the bland for obliger | conciliation of beginning and ending balances of benefit obligation, showing separately, if applicable effects during the period attributable to each of bllowing: (<i>Note</i> : For defined benefit pension plans, enefit obligation is the projected benefit obligation for defined other postretirement plans, the benefit ation is the accumulated postretirement benefit ation.) | | | |
| | | i. | Service cost? | | | |
| | | ii. | Interest cost? | | | |
| | | iii. | Contribution by plan participants? | | | |
| | | iv. | Actuarial gains and losses? | | | |
| | | v. | Foreign currency exchange rates? (<i>Note</i> : The effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes that are to be disclosed are those applicable to plans of a foreign operation whose functional currency is not the reporting currency pursuant to FASB ASC 830-10-45.) | | | |
| | | vi. | Benefits paid? | | | |
| | | vii. | Plan amendments? | | | |
| | | viii. | Business combinations? | | | |
| | | ix. | Divestitures? | | | |
| | | x. | Curtailments, settlements, and special and contractual termination benefits? | | | |
| | b. | of th appli | conciliation of the beginning and ending balances e fair value of plan assets showing separately, if cable, the effects during the period attributable to of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | Actual return on plan assets? | | | |
| | | ii. | Foreign currency exchange rates? | - | | |
| | | iii. | Contribution by the employer? | | | |
| | | iv. | Contributions by plan participants? | | | |
| | | v. | Benefits paid? | | | |
| | | vi. | Business combinations? | | | |

| | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|-----------------|----|-----|
| vii. Divestitures? | | | |
| viii. Settlements? | | | |
| The funded status of the plans and the a nized in the statement of financial posseparately the assets and current and no ities? | sition, showing | | |

The objectives of the disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets are to provide users of financial statements with an understanding of the following:

- How investment allocation decisions are made, including the factors that are pertinent to an understanding of investment policies and strategies
- The major category of plan assets

c.

- The inputs and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets
- The effect of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) on changes in the plan assets for the period
- Significant concentrations of risk within plan assets
 - d. Considering the items in the preceding "Additional Disclosure Information," has the entity provided the following:
 - i. A narrative description of investment policies and strategies, including target allocation percentages or range of percentages considering the major categories of plan assets disclosed pursuant to item (ii), as of the latest statement of financial position presented (on a weighted-average basis for employers with more than one plan), and other factors that are pertinent to an understanding of those policies and strategies such as investment goals, risk management practices, permitted and prohibited investments including the use of derivatives, diversification, and the relationship between plan assets and benefit obligations?
 - ii. The fair value of each major category of plan assets as of each date for which a statement of financial position is presented? (*Note*: Asset categories are based on the nature and risks of assets in the entity's plan[s].)
 - iii. A narrative description of the basis used to determine the overall expected long-term rate-of-return-on-assets assumption, such as the general approach used, the extent to which the overall rate-of-return-on-assets assumption was based on historical returns, the extent to which adjustments were made to those historical returns in order to reflect expectations of future returns, and how those adjustments were determined?

N/A

No

Yes

| | | | | · <u></u> | | |
|----|--|---|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| | iv. | ment nique of pla | mation that enables users of financial state is to assess the inputs and valuation tech is used to develop fair value measurements in assets at the reporting date? To meet this cive, has the entity properly disclosed the wing: | - s s | | |
| | | (1) | The level within the fair value hierarchy ir which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall, segregating fair value measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1), significant other observable in puts (level 2), and significant unobservable inputs (level 3)? | r - e s - | | |
| | | (2) | For fair value measurements of plan assets using significant unobservable inputs (level 3), a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances, separately presenting changes during the period attributable to the following: | S 5 | | |
| | | | (a) Actual return on plan assets? | | | |
| | | | (b) Purchases, sales, and settlements net? | | | |
| | | | (c) Transfers in, out, or both of level 3? | | | |
| | | (3) | Information about the valuation technique(s) and inputs used to measure fair value and a discussion of changes in valuation techniques and inputs, if any, during the period? | r - | | |
| е. | | | ulated benefit obligation? (For defined ben plans) | - | | |
| f. | efit pension plans) The benefits expected to be paid in each of the next five fiscal years, and in the aggregate for the five fiscal years thereafter? (<i>Note</i> : The expected benefits should be estimated based on the same assumptions used to measure the entity's benefit obligation at the end of the year and should include benefits attributable to estimated future employee service.) | | | | | |
| g. | be de the pl date sente sente quire | terming terming the description of the description | best estimate, as soon as it can reasonably ned, of contributions expected to be paid to ring the next fiscal year beginning after the latest statement of financial position preceive: Estimated contributions may be preceive aggregate combining [i] contributions reanding regulations or laws, [ii] discretionaryns, and [iii] noncash contributions.) | 0 e - - | | |
| h. | | | nt of net benefit cost recognized, showing all of the following: | 3 | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|---|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | i. | The service cost component? | | | |
| | ii. | The interest cost component? | | | |
| | iii. | The expected return on plan assets for the period? | | | |
| | iv. | The gain or loss component? | | | |
| | v. | The prior service cost or credit component? | | | |
| | vi. | The transition asset or obligation component? | | | |
| | vii. | The gain or loss recognized due to settlements or curtailments? | | | |
| i. | or cr FASI ASC tion amor | reately the net gain or loss and net prior service cost redit recognized in OCI for the period pursuant to B ASC 715-30-35 paragraphs 11 and 21 and FASB 715-60-35 paragraphs 16 and 25 and reclassifica-adjustments of OCI for the period, as those unts, including amortization of the net transition t or obligation, are recognized as components of net odic benefit cost? | | | |
| j. | been cost, | amounts in accumulated OCI that have not yet a recognized as components of net periodic benefit showing separately the net gain or loss, net prior ice cost or credit, and net transition asset or oblion? | | | |
| k. | the a mat, ligat bene rates | a weighted-average basis, the assumptions used in accounting for the plans, specifying in a tabular forthe assumptions used to determine the benefit obtion and the assumptions used to determine net effit cost including (i) assumed discount rates, (ii) s of compensation increase (for pay-related plans), (iii) expected long-term rates of return on plan as- | | | |
| 1. | year ered descr assur mate | assumed health care cost trend rate(s) for the next used to measure the expected cost of benefits covby the plan (gross eligible charges), and a general ription of the direction and pattern of change in the med trend rates thereafter, together with the ultitatent rate(s) and when that rate is expected to be eved? | | | |
| m. | effectsume the s posts mula | effect of a one-percentage-point increase and the et of a one-percentage-point decrease in the aseed health care cost trend rates on the aggregate of service and interest cost components of net periodic retirement health care benefit costs and the accuated postretirement benefit obligation for health benefits? | | _ | |

| | | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|----|---|------------|----|-----|
| n. | If applicable, the amounts and types of securities of the employer and related parties included in plan assets, the approximate amount of future annual benefits of plan participants covered by insurance contracts, including annuity contracts issued by the employer or related parties, and any significant transactions between the employer or related parties and the plan during the period? | | | |
| 0. | If applicable, any alternative method used to amortize prior service amounts or net gains and losses pursuant to FASB ASC 715-30-35-13 and 715-30-35-25 or FASB ASC 715-60-35-18 and 715-60-35-31? | | | |
| р. | If applicable, any substantive commitment, such as past practice or a history of regular benefit increases, used as the basis for accounting for the benefit obligation? | | | |
| q. | If applicable, the cost of providing special or contractual termination benefits recognized during the period and a description of the nature of the event? | | | |
| r. | An explanation of any significant change in the benefit obligation or plan assets not otherwise apparent in the other disclosures required by FASB ASC 715-20-50? | | | |
| s. | The amounts in accumulated OCI expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost over the fiscal year that follows the most recent annual statement of financial position presented, showing separately the net gain or loss, net prior service cost or credit, and net transition asset or obligation? | | | |
| t. | The amount and timing of any plan assets expected to be returned to the employer during the 12-month period, or operating cycle if longer, that follows the most recent annual statement of financial position presented? | | | |
| | sented? [FASB ASC 715-20-50-1] | | | |

Note (ASU No. 2010-06): ASU No. 2010-06 affects FASB ASC 715-20-50-1, question 7A, in the following manner: (a) throughout the paragraph, the term *major category* was replaced with the term *class* and (b) the following statement was added to item 7A(d)(ii): "For additional guidance on determining appropriate classes of plan assets, see FASB ASC 820-10-50-2A." As such, public entities that have adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 should consider the disclosure requirements contained in question 7A with these changes in mind.

["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 715-20-50-1]

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|
| 8. | Has the public entity properly aggregated the disclosures, as required by FASB ASC 715-20-50, for all of the entity's defined benefit pension plans and for all of the entity's other defined benefit postretirement plans, unless disaggregating in groups is considered to provide useful information or is otherwise required by paragraphs 3–4 of FASB ASC 715-20-50 (discussed subsequently)? [FASB ASC 715-20-50-2] | | | |

Disclosures about pension plans with assets in excess of the accumulated benefit obligation generally may be aggregated with disclosures about pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of assets. The same aggregation is permitted for other postretirement benefit plans. If aggregate disclosures are presented, an employer should disclose both of the following:

- The aggregate benefit obligation and aggregate fair value of plan assets for plans with benefit obligations in excess of plan assets as of the measurement date of each statement of financial position presented, and
- The aggregate pension accumulated benefit obligation and aggregate fair value of plan assets for pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets

[FASB ASC 715-20-50-3]

U.S. reporting entities may combine disclosures about pension plans or other postretirement benefit plans outside the United States with those for U.S. plans unless the benefit obligations of the plans outside the United States are significant relative to the total benefit obligation and those plans use significantly different assumptions. A foreign reporting entity that prepares financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP should apply the preceding guidance to its domestic and foreign plans. [FASB ASC 715-20-50-4]

Interim Disclosure Requirements for Publicly Traded Entities

- Has the public entity properly disclosed the following information for its interim financial statements that include a statement of income:
 - a. The amount of net benefit cost recognized, for each period for which a statement of income is presented, showing separately each of the following:

| snow | ring separately each of the following: | | |
|------|---|------|--|
| i. | The service cost component? | | |
| ii. | The interest cost component? | | |
| iii. | The expected return on plan assets for the period? | | |
| iv. | The gain or loss component? | | |
| v. | The prior service cost or credit component? | | |
| vi. | The transition asset or obligation component? | | |
| vii. | The gain or loss recognized due to a settlement or curtailment? | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|-------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | b. The total amount of the employer's contributions paid, and expected to be paid, during the current fiscal year, if significantly different from amounts previously disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC 715-20-50-1(g)? ²² Estimated contributions may be presented in the aggregate combining all of the following: (i) contributions required by funding regulations or laws, (ii) discretionary contributions, and (iii) noncash contributions. [FASB ASC 715-20-50-6] | | | |
| D. | Defi | ned Benefit Plans—Other Postretirement (FASB ASC 715-60) | | | |
| | Discl | osure | | | |
| | Med | icare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following, if the entity is including for the first time, in interim or annual financial statements, the effects of the Medicare subsidy in measuring the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation and in measuring net periodic postretirement benefit cost: | | | |
| | | a. The reduction in the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation for the subsidy related to benefits attributed to past service? | | | |
| | | b. The effect of the subsidy on the measurement of net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the current period? (<i>Note</i> : That effect includes any amortization of the actuarial gain, noted in question 1[a], as a component of the net amortization called for by paragraphs 29–30 of FASB ASC 715-60-35, the reduction in current period service cost due to the subsidy, and the resulting reduction in interest cost on the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as a result of the subsidy.) | | | |
| | | c. Any other disclosures required by FASB ASC 715-20-50-1(r)? [FASB ASC 715-60-50-3] | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for purposes of the disclosures required by paragraphs 1(a) and 1(f) of FASB ASC 715-20-50, gross benefit payments (paid and expected, respectively), including prescription drug benefits, and separately the gross amount of the Medicare subsidy receipts (received and expected, respectively)? [FASB ASC 715-60-50-4] | | | |
| | 3. | Until the entity is able to determine whether benefits provided by its plan are actuarially equivalent (as defined in the act), has the entity properly disclosed the following in the financial statements for interim or annual periods: | | | |
| | | a. The existence of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act? | | | |

 $^{^{22}\,}$ See question 7A(g) in the "VI.C. Defined Benefit Plans—Compensation (FASB ASC 715-20)" section.

E.

F.

G.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|--------------|-----------|-----|
| | b. That measures of the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation or net periodic postretirement benefit cost do not reflect any amount associated with the subsidy because the employer is unable to conclude whether the benefits provided by the plan are actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D under the act? [FASB ASC 715-60-50-6] | : · | | |
| Defi | ned Contribution Plans (FASB ASC 715-70) | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of cost recognized for defined contribution pension plans and for other defined contribution postretirement benefit plans for all periods presented separately from the amount of cost recognized for defined benefit plans? (<i>Note</i> : The disclosures should include a description of the nature and effect of any significant changes during the period affecting comparability, such as a change in the rate of employer contributions, a business combination, or a divestiture.) [FASB ASC 715-70-50-1] | | | |
| Mult | tiemployer Plans (FASB ASC 715-80) | | | |
| Discl | losure | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of contributions to multiemployer plans for each annual period for which a statement of income is presented? (<i>Note</i> : An entity may disclose total contributions to multiemployer plans without disaggregating the amounts attributable to pension plans and other postretirement benefit plans. The disclosures should include a description of the nature and effect of any changes affecting comparability, such as a change in the rate of employer contributions, a business combination, or a divestiture.) [FASB ASC 715-80-50-1] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed if it is either probable or reasonably possible that (<i>a</i>) an employer would withdraw from the plan under circumstances that would give rise to an obligation, or (<i>b</i>) an entity's contribution to the fund would be increased during the remainder of the contract period to make up a shortfall in the funds necessary to maintain the negotiated level of benefit coverage (a "maintenance of benefits" clause), the provisions of FASB ASC 450, <i>Contingencies</i> ? [FASB ASC 715-80-50-2] | | | |
| Stoc | k Compensation (FASB ASC 718-10) | | | |
| Discl | losure | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if the entity has one or more share-based payment arrangements, information that enables users of the financial statements to understand (<i>Note</i> : This information is not required for interim disclosure.) | . | | |

FSP §17,100.01

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|-------------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| | <i>a</i> . | the nature and terms of such arrangements that existed during the period and the potential effects of those ar- rangements on shareholders? | | | |
| | b. | the effect of compensation cost arising from share- based payment arrangements on the income statement? | | | |
| | С. | the method of estimating the fair value of the goods or services received, or the fair value of the equity instru- ments granted (or offered to grant), during the period? | | | |
| | d. | the cash flow effects resulting from share-based payment arrangements? [FASB ASC 718-10-50-1] | | | |
| 2. | mun some | the entity properly disclosed the following, at a mini- n, with regards to stock-based compensation: (<i>Note</i> : In e circumstances, an entity may need to disclose informa- beyond the following to achieve the disclosure objec- s.) | | | |
| | <i>a</i> . | A description of the share-based payment arrangement(s), including the general terms of awards under the arrangement(s), such as | | | |
| | | i. the requisite service period(s) and any other sub- stantive conditions (including those related to vesting)? | | | |
| | | ii. the maximum contractual term of equity (or liability) share options or similar instruments? | | | |
| | | iii. the number of shares authorized for awards of equity share options or other equity instruments? | | | |
| | b. | The method it uses for measuring compensation cost from share-based payment arrangements with employees? | | | |
| | с. | For the most recent year for which an income statement is provided, both of the following: | | | |
| | | i. The number and weighted-average exercise prices (or conversion ratios) for (1) shares outstanding at the beginning of the year, (2) shares outstanding at the end of the year, (3) shares exercisable or convertible at the end of the year, and (4) those during the year that were granted, exercised or converted, forfeited or expired? | | | |
| | | ii. The number and weighted-average grant-date fair value (or calculated value for a nonpublic entity that uses that method or intrinsic value for awards measured pursuant to FASB ASC 718-10-30-21) of equity instruments not specified in item (<i>c</i>)(i), for those (1) nonvested at the beginning of the year, (2) nonvested at the end of the year, and (3) those during the year that were granted, vested or forfeited? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| d. | For vide | each year for which an income statement is pro- | | | |
| | i. | the weighted average grant-date fair values (or calculated value for a nonpublic entity that uses that method or intrinsic value for awards measured at that value pursuant to paragraphs 21–22 of FASB ASC 718-10-30) of equity options or other equity instruments granted during the year? | | | |
| | ii. | value of shares vested during the year? | | | |
| e. | opti | fully vested share options (or share units) and share ons expected to vest at the date of the latest state- it of financial position | | | |
| | i. | the number, weighted-average exercise price (or conversion ratio), aggregate intrinsic value (except for nonpublic entities), and weighted-average remaining contractual term of options (or share units) outstanding? | | | |
| | ii. | the number, weighted-average exercise price (or conversion ratio), aggregate intrinsic value (except for nonpublic entities), and weighted-average remaining contractual term of options (or share units) currently exercisable (or convertible)? | | | |
| f. | sent intri FAS lowi | each year for which an income statement is preed, both of the following (an entity that uses the nsic value method pursuant to paragraphs 21–22 of B ASC 718-10-30 is not required to disclose the foling information for awards accounted for under method): | | | |
| | i. | A description of the method used during the year to estimate the fair value (or calculated value) of awards under share-based payment arrangements? | | | |
| | ii. | A description of the significant assumptions used during the year to estimate the fair value (or cal- culated value) of share-based compensation awards, including (if applicable) | | | |
| | | (1) expected term of share options and similar instruments, including a discussion of the method used to incorporate the contractual term of the instruments and employees' expected exercise and postvesting employment termination behavior into the fair value (or calculated value) of the instrument? | _ | | |

| | | | Yes | | No | N/A |
|--|--|--|-----|---|----|-----|
| | (2) | expected volatility of the entity's shares and the method used to estimate it? (An entity that uses a method that employs different volatilities during the contractual term should disclose the range of expected volatilities used and the weighted-average expected volatility. A nonpublic entity that uses the calculated value method should disclose the reasons why it is not practicable for it to estimate the expected volatility of its share price, the appropriate industry sector index that it has selected, the reasons for selecting that particular index, and how it has calculated historical volatility using that index.) | | - | | |
| | (3) | expected dividends? (An entity that uses a method that employs different dividend rates during the contractual term should disclose the range of expected dividends used and the weighted-average expected dividends.) | | - | | |
| | (4) | risk-free rate(s)? (An entity that uses a method that employs different risk-free rates should disclose the range of risk-free rates used.) | | - | | |
| | (5) | discount for post-vesting restrictions and the method for estimating it? | | - | | |
| strum range speci differ ences disclo | nents ements fied in rent ty s in the osure | ity, if the entity grants equity or liability in- under multiple share-based payment ar- s with employees, provided the information items (a)–(f) of this question separately for pes of awards to the extent that the differ- e characteristics of the awards make separate important to an understanding of the en- share-based compensation? | | - | | |
| | | ear for which an income statement is pre- n of the following: | | | | |
| i. | arran well | compensation cost for share-based payment gements (including recognized in income as as the total recognized tax benefit related to and capitalized as part of the cost of an ?? | | | | |
| ii. | cluding ber of menta | scription of the significant modifications, in- ng the terms of the modifications, the num- of employees affected, and the total incre- al compensation cost resulting from the fications? | | | | |

g.

h.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|
| i. | As of the latest balance sheet date presented, the total compensation cost related to nonvested awards not yet recognized and the weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized? | | | |
| j. | If not separately disclosed elsewhere, the amount of cash received from exercise of share options and similar instruments granted under share-based payment arrangements and the tax benefit realized from stock options exercised during the annual period? | | | |
| k. | If not separately disclosed elsewhere, the amount of cash used to settle equity instruments granted under share-based payment arrangements? | | | |
| 1. | Description of the entity's policy, if any, for issuing shares upon share option exercise (or share unit conversion), including the source of those shares (that is, new shares or treasury shares). If as a result of its policy, an entity expects to repurchase shares in the following annual period, the entity should disclose an estimate of the amount (or a range, if more appropriate) of shares to be repurchased during that period? [FASB ASC 718-10-50-2] | | | |

In addition to the information required by FASB ASC 718-10-50, the entity may disclose supplemental information that it believes would be useful to investors and creditors, such as a range of values calculated on the basis of different assumptions, provided that the supplemental information is reasonable and does not lessen the prominence and credibility of the information required by FASB ASC 718-10-50. The alternative assumptions should be described to enable users of the financial statements to understand the basis for the supplemental information.

[FASB ASC 718-10-50-4]

H. Employee Stock Ownership Plans (FASB ASC 718-40)

Presentation

Earnings Per Share

1. Has the entity properly presented dividends on preferred stock held by an employee stock ownership plan as a deduction from net income net of any applicable tax benefit when computing both basic and diluted EPS (if that preferred stock is considered outstanding)?
[FASB ASC 718-40-45-1]

Issuance of Shares or the Sale of Shares to an Employee Stock Ownership Plan

2. Has the entity properly presented, as a separate balance sheet item, the issuance of shares or the sale of treasury shares to an employee stock ownership plan when the issuance or sale occurred and presented a corresponding charge to unearned employee stock ownership plan shares?

[FASB ASC 718-40-45-2]

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--------|------------|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| Disclo | sure | | | | |
| 3. | | an entity that sponsors an employee stock ownership properly disclosed the following information about the | | | |
| | a. | A description of the plan, the basis for determining contributions, including the employee groups covered, and the nature and effect of significant matters affecting comparability of information for all periods presented? (<i>Note</i> : For leveraged employee stock ownership plans and pension reversion employee stock ownership plans, the description should include the basis for releasing shares and how dividends on allocated and unallocated shares are used.) | _ | _ | |
| | b. | A description of the accounting policies followed for employee stock ownership plan transactions, including the method of measuring compensation, the classification of dividends on employee stock ownership plan shares, and the treatment of employee stock ownership plan shares for EPS computations? (<i>Note</i> : If the entity has both old employee stock ownership plan shares for which it does not adopt the guidance in FASB ASC 718-40 and new employee stock ownership plan shares for which the guidance in FASB ASC 718-40 is required, the accounting policies for both blocks of shares shall be described.) | | | |
| | С. | The amount of compensation cost recognized during the period? | | | |
| | d. | The number of allocated shares, committed-to-be-re-leased shares, and suspense shares held by the employee stock ownership plan at the balance sheet date? (<i>Note</i> : If the disclosure should be made separately for shares accounted for under FASB ASC 718-40 and for grandfathered employee stock ownership plan shares.) | | | |
| | e. | The fair value of unearned employee stock ownership plan shares at the balance sheet date for shares accounted for under FASB ASC 718-40? (<i>Note</i> : This disclosure does not apply to old employee stock ownership plan shares that are not accounted for under FASB ASC 718-40.) | | | |
| | f. | The existence and nature of any repurchase obligation, including disclosure of the fair value of the shares allocated as of the balance sheet date which are subject to the repurchase obligation? | | | |
| | <i>g</i> . | The amount and treatment in the EPS computation of the tax benefit related to dividends paid to any em- ployee stock ownership plan, if material? [FASB ASC 718-40-50-1] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|-----|---|-----|----|-----|
| I. | Sto | ck Compensation—Income Taxes (FASB ASC 718-740) | | | |
| | | sentation | | | |
| | Exc | ess Tax Benefit | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity recognized an excess tax benefit pursuant to FASB ASC 718-740-35-3 as additional paid-in capital, unless the excess of a tax benefit for an award over the deferred tax asset for that award is recognized in the income statement for an excess, which stems from a reason other than changes in the fair value of the entity's shares between the measurement date for accounting purposes and a later measurement date for tax purposes? [FASB ASC 718-740-45-2] | | | |
| | Tax | Deficiency | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly offset the write-off of a deferred tax deficiency, pursuant to the guidance in paragraphs 5–8 of FASB ASC 718-840-35, against additional paid-in capital, with the remaining balance of the write-off of a deferred tax asset related to a tax deficiency recognized in the income state- | | | |
| | | ment? [FASB ASC 718-740-45-4] | | | |
| | Em | ployee Stock Ownership Plans | | | |
| | 3. | Pursuant to the requirements of FASB ASC 740-20-45-11(d), if the cost of shares committed to be released in an employee stock ownership plan is greater than their fair value has the entity credited to shareholders equity the tax effect of the amount by which the deductible expense exceeds the book | | | |
| | | expense? [FASB ASC 718-740-45-5] | | | |
| | 4. | If the cost of shares committed to be released in an employee stock ownership plan is less than their fair value, has the entity charged shareholders' equity the tax effect of the amount by which the book expense exceeds the deductible expense, to the extent of previous credits to shareholders' equity related to cost exceeding fair value of the shares committed to be released in previous periods? [FASB ASC 718-740-45-6] | | | |
| | | Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards to Em- yees | | | |
| | 5. | Has the entity properly recognized a realized income tax benefit as an increase to additional paid-in capital from dividends that are charged to retained earnings and paid to employees for nonvested equity shares, nonvested equity share units or outstanding share options, and included the amount in the pool of excess tax benefits available to absorb tax deficiencies on share-based payment awards? [FASB ASC 718-740-45-8] | | | |

| | | | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|------|---------------------------------|--|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| | 6. | from payr to al payr | divi nent a bsorb nent a | ntity excluded the unrealized income tax benefits dends on equity-classified employee share-based awards from the pool of excess tax benefits available potential future tax deficiencies on share-based awards? C 718-740-45-10] | | | |
| | 7. | bene paid entit ficier | fits fr -in ca y's po ncies o | ty estimates an increase in forfeitures, has the tax om dividends that are reclassified from additional pital to the income statement been limited to the ool of excess tax benefits available to absorb tax deon the date of the reclassification? C 718-740-45-12] | | | |
| J. | Inst | ırance | Costs | s (FASB ASC 720-20) | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | | | |
| | Clai | ms-Ma | ide Co | ontracts | | | |
| | 1. | curre signi item it is | ence-b ficant s requ at leas | ntity properly disclosed, when it changes from occased insurance claims-made insurance or elects to the reduce or eliminate its insurance coverage, the tired by paragraphs 3–6 of FASB ASC 450-20-50, ²³ if st reasonably possible that a loss has been incurred? C 720-20-50-1] | | | |
| | Oth | er | | | | | |
| | 2. | | , suc | cly held entities and entities with public accounta- h as governments, are circumstances disclosed in | | | |
| | | a. | they to | are exposed to risks of future material loss related | | | |
| | | | i. | torts? | | | |
| | | | ii. | theft of, damage to, expropriation of, or destruction of assets? | | | |
| | | | iii. | business interruption? | | | |
| | | | iv. | errors or omissions? | | | |
| | | | v. | injuries to employees? | | | |
| | | | vi. | acts of God? | | | |
| | | b. | | se risks have not been transferred to unrelated third ies through insurance? (<i>Encouraged, but not reed.</i>) | | | |
| | 3. | tain | unins | ering those matters to be disclosed that relate to cer- sured risks of future material loss as described in C 720-20, has the entity considered the following: | | | |

 $^{^{23}\,}$ See questions 3–6 of the "III.F. Loss Contingencies (FASB ASC 450-20)" section.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------|-----------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | | a. | The actual and potential effects of losses from such risks on the entity's historical or planned operations, including exposure to losses from claims, curtailment of research and development or manufacturing, or contraction or cessation of other activities, such as discontinuance of a product line? | | | |
| | | b. | Comparison of current insurance coverage by major categories of risk to coverage in prior periods, without necessarily quantifying such coverage or change in coverage? | | | |
| | | С. | Recent claims experience? | | | |
| | | d. | A description of the reporting entity's risk management programs? (<i>Encouraged</i> , but not required.) | | | |
| K. | Adv | ertisii | ng Costs (FASB ASC 720-35) | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | | |
| | 1. | | the entity properly disclosed the following related to adising costs: | | | |
| | | a. | The accounting policy for reporting whether such costs are expensed as incurred or the first time the advertising takes place? | | | |
| | | b. | The total amount charged to advertising expense for each income statement presented? [FASB ASC 720-35-50-1] | | | |
| L. | Res | earch | and Development Expenses (FASB ASC 730-10) | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | | |
| | 1. | velo an shou a co mar | the entity properly disclosed the total research and dependent costs charged to expense in each period for which income statement is presented? (<i>Note</i> : This disclosure all include research and development costs incurred for emputer software product to be sold, leased, or otherwise elected.) SB ASC 730-10-50-1] | | | |
| M. | Res | | and Development Arrangements (FASB ASC 730-20) | | | |
| | | closure | | | | |
| | 1. | and velo | the entity properly disclosed the following, for research development arrangements to perform research and dependent for others which are accounted for under FASB 2 730-20: | | | |
| | | a. | The terms of significant agreements under the research and development arrangement (including royalty ar- rangements, purchase provisions, license agreements, and commitments to provide additional funding) as of the date of each balance sheet presented? | | | |
| | | b. | The amount of compensation earned and costs incurred under such contracts for each period for which an income statement is presented? [FASB ASC 730-20-50-1] | | | |

N.

| | | <u>res</u> | <u> NO</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|------------|------------|-----|
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed each research and development arrangement separately, if such separate disclosure is necessary to understand the effects on the financial statements? (<i>Note</i> : Aggregation of similar arrangements, by type, may be appropriate.) [FASB ASC 730-20-50-3] | | | |
| Inco | me Taxes (FASB ASC 740-10) | | | |
| Prese | entation | | | |
| Defe | rred Tax Assets | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented separately, in a classified statement of financial position, the deferred tax assets and liabilities into a current amount and a noncurrent amount? (<i>Note</i> : Deferred tax assets and liabilities should be classified as current or noncurrent based on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting.) [FASB ASC 740-10-45-4] | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly allocated the valuation allowance for a particular tax jurisdiction, properly allocated between current and noncurrent deferred tax assets for that tax jurisdiction on a pro rata basis? [FASB ASC 740-10-45-5] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented, for a particular tax-paying component of the entity and within a particular tax jurisdiction, all current deferred tax assets and liabilities offset and as a single amount and all noncurrent tax assets and liabilities in the same manner? (<i>Note</i> : The entity should not offset deferred tax liabilities and assets attributable to different tax-paying components of the entity or to different tax jurisdictions.) [FASB ASC 740-10-45-6] | | | |
| 4. | If the entity is an S corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, is the reason that no income tax expense is recorded disclosed? [Common Practice] | | | |
| Defe | rred Tax Accounts Not Related to an Asset or Liability | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented and classified deferred tax assets not related to an asset or liability for financial reporting (see paragraphs 25–26 of FASB ASC 740-10-25), including those related to carryforwards, according to the expected reversal date of the temporary difference? [FASB ASC 740-10-45-9] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Tax | Accounts, Other Than Deferred—Unrecognized Tax Benefits | | | |
| 6. | If the entity presents a classified statement of financial position, has the entity properly classified a liability associated with an unrecognized tax benefit as a current liability (or the amount of a net operating loss carryforward or amount refundable is reduced) to the extent the entity anticipates payment (or receipt) of cash within one year or the operating cycle, if longer? (<i>Note</i> : The liability for unrecognized tax benefits (or reduction in amounts refundable) should not been combined with deferred tax liabilities or assets.) [FASB ASC 740-10-45-11] | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly not presented and classified a liability recognized for an unrecognized tax benefit as a deferred tax liability, unless it arose from a taxable temporary difference? [FASB ASC 740-10-45-12] | | | |
| 8. | Has the entity properly not presented, as offset, cash or other assets against a tax liability or other amount owing to governmental bodies, except as noted in FASB ASC 210-20-45-6? ²⁴ [FASB ASC 740-10-45-13] | | | |
| | ome Statement Presentation of Certain Measurement Changes to ome Tax Accounts—Changes in Tax Laws or Rates | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly presented changes to deferred tax accounts, as required by FASB ASC 740-10-35-4, for the effect of a change in tax laws or rates in income from continuing operations for the period that includes the enactment date? [FASB ASC 740-10-45-15] | | | |
| | ome Statement Presentation of Certain Measurement Changes to ome Tax Accounts—Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly presented changes as a result of recognition or derecognition of a deferred tax account, as required by FASB ASC 740-10-25-32 and FASB ASC 740-10-40-6, due to a change in tax status, included in income from continuing operations? [FASB ASC 740-10-45-19] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |

FASB ASC 740-10-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public companies. See the following "Public Entity Disclosures" section of this checklist for required disclosures specific to public entities.

²⁴ The offset of cash or other assets against the tax liability or other amounts owing to governmental bodies should not be acceptable except in the following circumstance.

Most securities issued by governments are not by their terms designed specifically for the payment of taxes and, accordingly, should not be deducted from taxes payable on the balance sheet. The only exception to this general principle occurs when it is clear that a purchase of securities is in substance an advance payment of taxes that will be payable in the relatively near future, so that in the special circumstances the purchase is tantamount to the prepayment of taxes.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| State | ment | of Financial Position Related Disclosures | | | |
| 11. | defe | the entity properly disclosed the components of the net rred tax asset or liability recognized in the statement of incial position, as follows: | | | |
| | a. | The total of all deferred tax liabilities (measured as described in FASB ASC 740-10-30-5[b])? | | | |
| | b. | The total of all deferred tax assets (measured as described in [c] and [d] of FASB ASC 740-10-30-5)? | | | |
| | С. | The total valuation allowance recognized for deferred tax assets (measured as described in FASB ASC 740-10-30-5[e])? [FASB ASC 740-10-50-2] | | | |
| 12. | valu | the entity properly disclosed the net change in the total ation allowance during the year? BB ASC 740-10-50-2] | | | |
| 13. | Has | the entity properly disclosed the following: | | | |
| | a. | The amounts and expiration dates of operating loss and tax credit carryforwards for tax purposes? | | | |
| | b. | Any portion of the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for which subsequently recognized tax benefits will be credited directly to contributed capital? [FASB ASC 740-10-50-3] | | | |
| 14. | tax s if a year 1 are | the entity properly disclosed the change in the entity's tatus for year 2 and the effects of that change, if material, change in the entity's tax status becomes effective after end in year 2 but before the financial statements for year e issued or are available to be issued? BB ASC 740-10-50-4 | | | |
| State Entit | | of Financial Position Related Disclosures—Nonpublic | | | |
| 15. | pora omit | the entity properly disclosed the types of significant temry differences and carryforwards? (<i>Note</i> : The entity may disclosures of the tax effects of each type.) BASC 740-10-50-8] | | | |
| Incor | ne Sta | atement Related Disclosures | | | |
| 16. | oper | the entity properly disclosed the following significant ponents of income tax expense attributable to continuing ations for each year presented: (<i>Note</i> : The components follow are not exhaustive.) | | | |
| | a. | Current tax expense (or benefit)? | | | |
| | b. | Deferred tax expense (or benefit) (exclusive of the effects of other components in this list)? | | | |
| | С. | Investment tax credits? | | | |
| | d. | Government grants (to the extent recognized as a reduction of income tax expense)? | | | |
| | e. | The benefits of operating loss carryforwards? | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| f. | Tax expense that results from allocating certain tax benefits directly to contributed capital? | | | |
| 8 | Adjustments of a deferred tax liability or asset for enacted changes in tax laws or rates or a change in the tax status of the reporting entity? | | | |
| h | Adjustments of the beginning-of-the-year balance of a valuation allowance because of a change in circumstances that causes a change in judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset in future years (for example, any acquisition-date income tax benefits or expenses recognized from changes in the acquirer's valuation allowance for its previously existing deferred tax assets as a result of a business combination [see FASB ASC 805-740-30-3])? [FASB ASC 740-10-50-9] | | | |
| e a v 2 e | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of income tax expense or benefit allocated to continuing operations and the mounts separately allocated to other items (in accordance with the intraperiod tax allocation provisions of paragraphs —14 of FASB ASC 740-20-45 and FASB ASC 852-740-45-3) for each year for which those items are presented? FASB ASC 740-10-50-10] | | | |
| Income tions— | Tax Expense Compared to Statutory Expecta- Nonpublic Entities | | | |
| it e tl p fi ti | Has the entity properly disclosed the nature of significant terms required to reconcile the reported amount of income tax expense attributable to continuing operations for the year to the amount of income tax expense that would result from applying domestic federal statutory tax rates to pretax income from continuing operations? (<i>Note</i> : A numerical reconciliation is not required.) FASB ASC 740-10-50-13] | | | |
| Income tities | Tax Expense Compared to Statutory Expectations—All En- | | | |
| n c | f not otherwise evident, has the entity properly disclosed the ature and effect of any other significant matter affecting omparability of information for all periods presented? FASB ASC 740-10-50-14] | | | |
| Unreco | gnized Tax Benefit Related Disclosures | | | |
| | Ias the entity properly disclosed the following at the end of ach annual reporting period presented: | | | |
| а | The total amounts of interest and penalties recognized in the statement of operations and the total amounts of interest and penalties recognized in the statement of financial position? | | | |

| | | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | b. | total a | ositions for which it is reasonably possible that the amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will signifi- increase or decrease within 12 months of the reng date, | | | |
| | | i. | the nature of the uncertainty? | | | |
| | | ii. | the nature of the event that could occur in the next 12 months that would cause the change? | | | |
| | | iii. | an estimate of the range of the reasonably possible change or a statement that an estimate of the range cannot be made? | | | |
| | С. | inatio | scription of tax years that remain subject to examon by major tax jurisdictions? 3 ASC 740-10-50-15] | | | |
| | | | parately Issued Financial Statements That Are nsolidated Tax Return | | | |
| 21. | tax r | eturn, | r is a member of a group that files a consolidated has the entity properly disclosed the following separately issued financial statements: | | | |
| | a. | pense amou | ggregate amount of current and deferred tax ex- e for each income statement presented and the ent of any tax-related balances due to or from affil- as of the date of each balance sheet presented? | | | |
| | b. | conso pense ture a deterning th presen | principal provisions of the method by which the didated amount of current and deferred tax exis allocated to members of the group and the name of effect of any changes in that method (and in mining related balances to or from affiliates) durine years for which the disclosures in item (a) are inted? 3 ASC 740-10-50-17 | | | |
| Policy cies | -Rela | | sclosures—Interest and Penalty Recognition Poli- | | | |
| 22. | | | | | | |
| Policy Policy | | ted D | isclosures—Investment Tax Credit Recognition | | | |
| 23. | inves (<i>Note</i> and to | tment e: FASI the flo ting fo | ity properly disclosed its policy on accounting for tax credits and amounts involved, if material? 3 ASC 740-10-25-46 identifies the deferral method w-through method as acceptable methods of acrinvestment tax credits.) 740-10-50-20] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| Publi | ic Entity L | Disclosures | | | |
| | | Financial Position Related to Disclosures | | | |
| 24. | effect of that give ties and lowance | public entity properly disclosed the approximate tax each type of temporary difference and carryforward es rise to a significant portion of deferred tax liabilideferred tax assets (before allocation of valuation alses)? ASC 740-10-50-6] | | | |
| Inco | = | xpense Compared to Statutory Expectations | | | |
| 25. | Has the ing percincome the year sult from tax inco tax rates tax systesignification. | public entity properly disclosed a reconciliation uscentages or dollar amounts of the reported amount of tax expense attributable to continuing operations for to the amount of income tax expense that would remapplying domestic federal statutory tax rates to preme from continuing operations? (<i>Note</i> : The statutory is should be the regular tax rates if there are alternative ems. Further the estimated amount and nature of each ant reconciling item should be disclosed.) ASC 740-10-50-12] | | | |
| Unre | ecognized | Tax Benefit Related Disclosures | | | |
| 26. | | entity properly disclosed the following at the end of nual reporting period presented: | | | |
| | ni | tabular reconciliation of the total amount of unrecogzed tax benefits at the beginning and the end of the eriod that includes, at a minimum, the following: | | | |
| | i. | The gross amounts of the increases and decreases in unrecognized tax benefits as a result of tax positions taken during the prior period? | | | |
| | ii. | The gross amounts of increases and decreases in unrecognized tax benefits as a result of tax positions taken during the current period? | | | |
| | iii | The amounts of decreases in the unrecognized tax benefits relating to settlements with taxing authorities? | | | |
| | iv | . Reductions to unrecognized tax benefits as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations? | | | |
| | re | ne total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if cognized, would affect the effective tax rate? ASB ASC 740-10-50-15A] | | | |
| Publ | ic Entities | s Not Subject to Income Tax | | | |
| 27. | that it i taxed di tween th assets an | public entity properly disclosed the fact, if applicable, s not subject to income taxes because its income is irectly to its owners, as well as the net difference bene tax bases and the reported amounts of the entity's and liabilities? ASC 740-10-50-16 | | | |

| | | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | IVIA |
|----|---|---------------|---|------------|---------|------|
| | Insu | rance | Entity | | | |
| | 28. | liabi preh | the following information been disclosed if a deferred tax lity is not recognized because of the exceptions to compensive recognition of deferred taxes for any of the areas ressed by FASB ASC 740-10-25: | | | |
| | | a. | A description of the types of temporary differences for which a deferred tax liability has not been recognized and the types of events that would cause those tempo- rary differences to become taxable? | | | |
| | | b. | The cumulative amount of each type of temporary difference? | | | |
| | | С. | The amount of the deferred tax liability for temporary differences other than the policyholders' surplus of a life insurance entity that is not recognized in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10-25-3? [FASB ASC 944-740-50-1] | | | |
| O. | Intr | aperio | d Tax Allocations (FASB ASC 740-20) | | | |
| | Pres | entatio | n | | | |
| | 1. | | the entity properly presented the income tax expense or efit for the year, allocated among the following: | | | |
| | | a. | Continuing operations? | | | |
| | | b. | Discontinued operations? | | | |
| | | с. | Extraordinary items? | | | |
| | | d. | OCI? | | | |
| | | e. | Items charged or credited directly to shareholders' equity? | | | |
| | | | [FASB ASC 740-20-45-2] | | | |
| Р. | Inco 740- | | exes—Other Considerations or Special Areas (FASB ASC | | | |
| | Undistributed Earnings of Subsidiaries and Corporate Joint Ventures | | | | | |
| | 1. | defe tions | the entity properly disclosed the following whenever a rred tax liability is not recognized because of the exceps to comprehensive recognition of deferred taxes related absidiaries and corporate joint ventures: | | | |
| | | a. | A description of the types of temporary differences for which a deferred tax liability has not been recognized and the types of events that would cause those tempo- rary differences to become taxable? | | | |
| | | <i>b</i> . | The cumulative amount of each type of temporary difference? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | for temporary differences related to investments in foreign subsidiaries and foreign corporate joint ventures that are essentially permanent in duration if determination of that liability is practicable or a statement that determination is not practicable? (<i>Note</i> : Whereas FASB ASC 740-30-25-14 prohibits recognition of a tax benefit for tax deductions or favorable tax rates attributable to future dividends of undistributed earnings for which a deferred tax liability has not been recognized, favorable tax treatment would be reflected in measuring that unrecognized deferred tax liability for disclosure purposes.) | | | |
| | 1 | d. The amount of the deferred tax liability for temporary differences other than those in question 1(c) (that is, undistributed domestic earnings) that is not recognized in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC 740-30-25-18? | | | |
| | | [FASB ASC 740-30-50-2] | | | |
| Q. | Incom | e Taxes—Interim Reporting (FASB ASC 740-270) | | | |
| | Disclos | sure | | | |
| | · : | Has the entity properly disclosed the reasons for significant variations in the customary relationship between income tax expense and pretax accounting income in the interim period financial statements if they are not otherwise apparent from the financial statements or from the nature of the entity's business? [FASB ASC 740-270-50-1] | | | |
| Broa | d Tra | nsactions | | | |
| A. | Business Combinations (FASB ASC 805-10) ²⁵ | | | | |
| | Presen | | | | |
| | | tualizations | | | |
| | : | Has the entity displayed closed block assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses together with all other assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the entity based on the nature of the particular item, with appropriate disclosures relating to the closed block? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-1] | | | |

VII.

²⁵ In January 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-02, *Consolidation (Topic 810): Accounting and Reporting for Decreases in Ownership of a Subsidiary—a Scope Clarification.* The amendments in this ASU clarify that the scope of the decrease in ownership provisions of FASB ASC 810-10 and related guidance applies to all of the following:

A subsidiary or group of assets that is a business or nonprofit activity

A subsidiary that is a business or nonprofit activity that is transferred to an equity method investee or joint venture

An exchange of a group of assets that constitutes a business or nonprofit activity for a noncontrolling interest in an entity (including an equity method investee or joint venture)

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|--|-----|----|-----|
| 2. | Has the entity presented unrealized investment gains and losses, other items of accumulated OCI, and the amount of offsetting policyholder dividend obligation separately in the presentation of OCI? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-2] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity classified direct and incremental costs incurred in demutualization or in the formation of a mutual insurance holding entity as a single line item within income from continuing operations and not as an extraordinary item? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-3] | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity that demutualizes in a distribution form demutualization reclassified all of its retained earnings as of the date of the demutualization to capital stock and additional paid-in capital accounts? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-4] | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity recorded the distribution of cash or policy credits to policyholders in lieu of capital stock, as part of the demutualization, as a direct reduction to the appropriate capital accounts? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-4] | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity left the amounts in accumulated OCI unchanged as a result of the demutualization or formation of a mutual insurance holding entity? [FASB ASC 944-805-45-5] | | | |

The amendments in the ASU also clarify that the decrease in ownership guidance in FASB ASC 810-10 does not apply to: (a) sales of in substance real estate and (b) conveyances of oil and gas mineral rights, even if these transfers involve businesses.

The amendments in ASU No. 2010-02 expand the disclosure requirements about deconsolidation of a subsidiary or derecognition of a group of assets to include all of the the following:

- The valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of any retained investment
- The nature of any continuing involvement with the subsidiary or entity acquiring the group of assets
- Whether the transaction that resulted in the deconsolidation or derecognition was with a related party or whether the former subsidiary or entity acquiring the assets will become a related party after the transaction

The amendments are effective beginning in the period that an entity adopts FASB Statement No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of ARB 51 (now included in FASB ASC 810-10). If an entity has previously adopted FASB Statement No. 160, the amendments are effective beginning in the first interim or annual reporting period ending on or after December 15, 2009 (that is, January 1, 2009, for entities with calendar year-ends). The amendments in ASU 2010-02 should be applied retrospectively to the first period that an entity adopts FASB Statement 160.

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-02.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 810-10-65-3.

| Disclosure | | |
|--|------|--|
| Business Combinations Occurring During a Current Reporting Period or After the Reporting Date but Before the Financial Statements Are Issued | | |
| 7. As the acquirer in a business combination, the entity must properly disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effect of a business combination that occurred either in the current reporting period or after the reporting period but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. To meet these objectives, has the entity properly disclosed the following: | | |
| a. The name and a description of the acquiree? | | |
| b. The acquisition date? | | |
| <i>c</i> . The percentage of voting equity interests acquired? | | |
| d. The primary reasons for the business combination and a description of how the acquirer obtained control of the acquiree? | | |
| e. For transactions that are recognized separately from the acquisition of assets and assumptions of liabilities in the business combination (see FASB ASC 805-10-25-20), all of the following: | | |
| i. A description of each transaction? | | |
| ii. How the acquirer accounted for each transaction? | | |
| iii The amounts recognized for each transaction and the line item in the financial statements in which each amount is recognized? | | |
| iv. If the transaction is the effective settlement of a preexisting relationship, the method used to de- termine the settlement amount? | | |
| f. For separately recognized transactions required in item(e) all of the following: | | |
| i. The amount of acquisition-related costs, the amount recognized as an expense, and the line item or items in the income statement in which those expenses are recognized? | | |
| ii. The amount of any issuance costs not recognized as an expense and how they were recognized? | | |
| g. In a business combination achieved in stages, both of the following: | | |
| i. The acquisition-date fair value of the equity interest in the acquiree held by the acquirer immediately before the acquisition date? | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| | ii. | The amount of any gain or loss recognized as a result of remeasuring to fair value the equity interest in the acquiree held by the acquirer before the business combination (see FASB ASC 805-10-25-10) and the line item in the income statement in which that gain or loss is recognized? | | | |
| h. | | e acquirer is a public business entity, are all of the wing disclosed: | | | |
| | i. | The amounts of revenue and earnings of the acquiree since the acquisition date included in the consolidated income statement for the reporting period? | | | |
| | ii. | The revenue and earnings of the combined entity for the current reporting period as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the year had been as of the beginning of the annual reporting period (supplemental pro forma information)? | | | |
| | iii. | If comparative financial statements are presented, the revenue and earnings of the combined entity for the comparable prior reporting period as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period (supplemental pro forma information)? [FASB ASC 805-10-50-1; "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 805-10-50-2] | | | |
| busing that "Penaggr | ness co are m ding (egate? | city properly disclosed, for individually immaterial embinations occurring during the reporting period laterial collectively, the information required by Content" in FASB ASC 805-10-50-2(e)–(h), in the | | | |
| busin the f has f FASI busin state initial should reason | ness co inancia the enfo 3 ASC ness co ments al acco ld descons wh | tity properly disclosed, if the acquisition date of a ombination is after the reporting date but before all statements are issued or available to be issued, tity, as the acquirer, the information required by 805-10-50-2, unless the initial accounting for the ombination is incomplete at the time the financial are issued or available to be issued? (<i>Note</i> : If the unting is incomplete, the entity, as the acquirer, cribe which disclosures could not be made and the ty they could not be made.) | | | |

8.

9.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------|--|--|---|-----|----|-----|
| | ions T | | ects of Adjustments That Relate to Business Com- ccurred in the Current or Previous Reporting Per- | | | |
| 10. | a bus of FA finan ally, comb | siness ASB A cial st the fo inatio | tity properly disclosed, if the initial accounting for combination is incomplete (see paragraphs 13–14 SC 805-10-25) and the amounts recognized in the tatements have been determined only provisionallowing information for each material business on (or, in the aggregate for individually immaterial ombinations that are material collectively): | | | |
| | a. | The 1 | reasons why the initial accounting is incomplete? | | | |
| | b. | | assets, liabilities, equity interests, or items of conation for which the initial accounting is incom-? | | | |
| | C. | justn corda | nature and amount of any measurement period adnests recognized during the reporting period in aconce with FASB ASC 805-10-25-17? B ASC 805-10-50-6] | | | |
| Othe | r Discl | losure | s | | | |
| 11. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if the specific disclosures required by FASB ASC 805-10-50 (this subtopic) and other U.S. GAAP do not meet the objectives set out in paragraphs 1 and 5 of FASB ASC 805-10-50, whatever additional information is necessary to meet those objectives? | | | | | |
| Dem | utualiz | zation | | | | |
| Discle | osures | | | | | |
| 12. | Has t | he en | tity disclosed the following: | | | |
| | a. | | nature and terms of demutualization or formation mutual insurance holding company? | | | |
| | b. | | pasis of presentation and terms of operation of the d block? | | | |
| | С. | A ge | neral description of all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The method of emergence of earnings from the closed block? | | | |
| | | ii. | Presentation of assets and liabilities of the closed block? | | | |
| | | iii. | The policyholder dividend obligation? [FASB ASC 944-805-50-2] | | | |
| 13. | | | y has formed a closed block, do the disclosures in- ollowing: | | | |

²⁶ FASB ASC 805-10-50-5 states that an acquirer should disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate the financial effects of adjustments recognized in the current reporting period that relate to business combinations that occurred in the current or previous reporting periods.

| | | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|--------|------------------|----------------|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| | a. | the p | neral description of the closed block that includes urpose of the closed block and the types of insurpolicies included? | | | |
| | b. | | nature of the cash flows that increase and decrease mount of closed block assets and liabilities? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | | dication of the continuing responsibility of the en- o support the payment of contractual benefits? | | | |
| | d. | The r | nature of expenses charged to the closed block op- ons? | | | |
| | е. | endir | narized financial data as of, or for the periods ag on the date of, the financial statements pred, including, at a minimum, all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The carrying amounts for the major types of invested assets of the closed block? | | | |
| | | ii. | Future policy benefits and policyholders' account balances? | | | |
| | | iii. | Policyholder dividend obligation? | | | |
| | | iv. | Premiums? | | | |
| | | v. | Net investment income? | | | |
| | | vi. | Realized investment gains and losses? | | | |
| | | vii. | Policyholder benefits? | | | |
| | | viii. | Policyholder dividends? | | | |
| | | ix. | The amount of maximum future earnings remaining to inure to the benefit of stockholders from the assets and liabilities of the closed block? | | | |
| | | х. | An analysis of the changes in the policyholder dividend obligation? [FASB ASC 944-805-50-3] | | | |
| 14. | differ tity p | from roperl | ve maturities of the closed block fixed maturities those of the reporting entity, has the reporting enty made separate disclosures? 944-805-50-4] | | | |
| | | | ets and Liabilities, and Any Noncontrolling Inter- ombinations (FASB ASC 805-20) | | | |
| Discle | osure | | | | | |
| riod o | | | ations Occurring During a Current Reporting Pe- Reporting Date but Before the Financial Statements | | | |
| 1. | tive c | of FAS | city properly disclosed, in order to meet the objectible ASC 805-10-50-1, the following information for ess combination that occurred during the period: | | | |
| | a. | For in | ndemnification assets, all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The amount recognized as of the acquisition date? | | | |

В.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | ii. | A description of the arrangement and the basis for determining the amount of the payment? | | | |
| | iii. | An estimate of the range of outcomes (undiscounted) or, if a range cannot be estimated, that fact and the reasons why a range cannot be estimated? (If the maximum amount of the payment is unlimited, the entity should disclose that fact.) | | | |
| b. | of Fa of re acco | acquired receivables not subject to the requirements ASB ASC 310-30, all of the following (by major class eceivable, such as loans, direct financing leases in ordance with FASB ASC 840-30, and any other class eceivables): | | | |
| | i. | The fair value of the receivables? | | | |
| | ii. | The gross contractual amounts receivable? | | | |
| | iii. | The best estimate at the acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected? | | | |
| c. | each | amounts recognized as of the acquisition date for a major class of assets acquired and liabilities as- led (see example 5 in FASB ASC 805-10-55-37)? | | | |
| d. | | contingencies (included in the footnote that de- bes the business combination), | | | |
| | i. | for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies recognized at the acquisition date (which may be aggregated for assets or liabilities arising from contingencies that are similar in nature), (1) the amounts recognized at the acquisition date and the measurement basis applied (that is, at fair value or at an amount recognized in accordance with FASB ASC 450, <i>Contingencies</i> , and FASB ASC 450-20-25), and (2) the nature of the contingencies? | | | |
| | ii. | for contingencies that are not recognized at the acquisition date, the disclosures required by FASB ASC 450 if the criteria for disclosures therein are met (which may be aggregated for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies that are similar in nature)? | | | |
| e. | hold | each business combination in which the entity ls less than 100 percent of the equity interests in the uiree at the acquisition date, | | | |
| | i. | the fair value of the noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date? | | | |
| | ii. | the valuation technique(s) and significant inputs used to measure the fair value of the noncontrolling interest? [FASB ASC 805-20-50-1] | | | |

C.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------|--|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| 2. | busin that a ASC | ess co ire ma 805-20 | tity properly disclosed, for individually immaterial ombinations occurring during the reporting period aterial collectively, the information required FASB 0-50-1, in the aggregate? | | | |
| 3. | busin the fi the ir the ir plete able to plete, disclose could | ess conanciantormatical at the to be the osures | tity properly disclosed, if the acquisition date of a combination is after the reporting date but before all statements are issued or available to be issued, action required by FASB ASC 805-20-50-1, unless accounting for the business combination is income time the financial statements are issued or availassued? (<i>Note</i> : If the initial accounting is incomentity, as the acquirer, should describe which is could not be made and the reasons why they be made.) | | | |
| | | | in From Bargain Purchase, Including Considera- (FASB ASC 805-30) | | | |
| Disclo | osure | | | | | |
| riod o | | | nations Occurring During a Current Reporting Pe- Reporting Date but Before the Financial Statements | | | |
| 1. | tive c | of FAS busine | tity properly disclosed, in order to meet the objec- SB ASC 805-10-50-1, the following information for ess combination that occurred during the reporting | | | |
| | а. | the g from quire | palitative description of the factors that make up goodwill recognized, such as expected synergies combining operations of the acquiree and the accer, intangible assets that do not qualify for separate gnition, or other factors? | | | |
| | b. | tion | acquisition-date fair value of the total considera- transferred and the acquisition-date fair value of major class of consideration, such as the following: | | | |
| | | i. | Cash? | | | |
| | | ii. | Other tangible or intangible assets, including a business or subsidiary of the acquirer? | | | |
| | | iii. | Liabilities incurred, for example, a liability for contingent consideration? | | | |
| | | iv. | Equity interests of the acquirer, including the number of instruments or interests issued or issuable and the method of determining the fair value of those instruments or interests? | | | |
| | С. | | contingent consideration arrangements, all of the wing: | | | |
| | | i. | The amount recognized as of the acquisition date? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| | ii. | A description of the arrangement and the basis for determining the amount of the payment? | | | |
| | iii. | An estimate of the range of outcomes (undiscounted) or, if a range cannot be estimated, that fact and the reasons why a range cannot be estimated? If the maximum amount of the payment is unlimited, the acquirer should disclose that fact. | | | |
| d. | | total amount of goodwill that is expected to be de- lible for tax purposes? | | | |
| e. | of go of go 41–44 as of | e acquirer is required to disclose segment informa- in accordance with FASB ASC 280-10, the amount bodwill by reportable segment? (If the assignment bodwill to reporting units required by paragraphs 4 of FASB ASC 350-20-35 has not been completed the date the financial statements are issued or are able to be issued, the acquirer should disclose that | | | |
| f. | | bargain purchase (see paragraphs 2–4 of FASB 805-30-25), both of the following: | | | |
| | i. | The amount of any gain recognized in accordance with FASB ASC 805-30-25-2 and the line item in the income statement in which the gain is recognized? | | | |
| | ii. | A description of the reasons why the transaction resulted in a gain? [FASB ASC 805-30-50-1] | | | |
| busing that a | ness co are ma 805-30 | tity properly disclosed, for individually immaterial ombinations occurring during the reporting period aterial collectively, the information required FASB 0-50-1, in the aggregate? | | | |
| busing the fitther in the interpolation pleter able pleter discless could be able to the coul | ness coinancian form nitial a at the to be , the posures I not be | tity properly disclosed, if the acquisition date of a ombination is after the reporting date but before all statements are issued or available to be issued, ation required by FASB ASC 805-30-50-1, unless accounting for the business combination is incomertime the financial statements are issued or availabseud? (<i>Note</i> : If the initial accounting is incomentity, as the acquirer, should describe which a could not be made and the reasons why they be made.) | | | |

2.

3.

| | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|-----|----|-----|
| The Financial Effects of Adjustments That Relate to Business Combinations That Occurred in the Current or Previous Reporting Periods | | | |
| 4. Has the entity properly disclosed, in order to meet the objective of FASB ASC 805-10-50-5, the following information for each material business combination, or in the aggregate for individually immaterial business combinations that are material collectively, that occurred during the period: | | | |
| a. For each reporting period after the acquisition date until the entity collects, sells, or otherwise loses the right to a contingent consideration asset, or until the entity settles a contingent consideration liability or the liability is cancelled or expires, all of the following: | | | |
| i. Any changes in the recognized amounts, including any differences arising upon settlement? | | | |
| ii. Any changes in the range of outcomes (undiscounted) and the reasons for those changes? | | | |
| iii. The fair value disclosures required by paragraphs 1–3 of FASB ASC 820-10-50? | | | |
| b. A reconciliation of the carrying amount of goodwill at the beginning and end of the reporting period as re- quired by FASB ASC 350-20-50-1? [FASB ASC 805-30-50-4] | | | |
| Business Combinations—Related Issues (FASB ASC 805-50) | | | |
| Presentation | | | |
| Transactions Between Entities Under Common Control—Financial Statement Presentation in Period of Transfer | | | |
| 1. For assets and liabilities transferred between entities under common control, has the receiving entity properly presented the results of operations for the period in which the transfer occurs as though the transfer of net assets or exchange of equity interest had occurred at the beginning of the period? [FASB ASC 805-50-45-2] | | | |
| 2. Has the receiving entity properly presented the statement of financial position and other financial information as of the beginning of the period as though the assets and liabilities had been transferred at that date? [FASB ASC 805-50-45-4] | | | |
| Transactions Between Entities Under Common Control—Comparative Financial Statement Presentation in Prior Years | | | |
| 3. Has the entity properly presented prior years' financial statements and financial information retrospectively adjusted to furnish comparative information, only adjusting periods during which the entities were under common control? (<i>Note</i> : All adjusted financial statements and financial summaries should clearly indicate that financial data of previously separate entities are combined.) [FASB ASC 805-50-45-5] | | | |

D.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|----------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Disc | closure | | | | |
| Trai | nsactio | ons Between Entities Under Common Control ²⁷ | | | |
| 4. | EPS tern FAS requ | the entity properly disclosed the nature of and effects on of nonrecurring intra-entity transactions involving long-nassets and liabilities? (<i>Note</i> : Under the guidance of BASC 805-50-45-3 the effects of these transaction is not uired to be eliminated.) SBASC 805-50-50-2] | | | |
| 5. | state | the entity properly disclosed, in the notes to the financial ements, the following, for the period in which the transfer issets and liabilities or exchange of equity interests occed: | | | |
| | a. | The name and brief description of the entity included in the reporting entity as a result of the net asset trans- fer or exchange of equity interests? | | | |
| | b. | The method of accounting for the transfer of net assets or exchange of equity interests? [FASB ASC 805-50-50-3] | | | |
| Col | labora | tive Arrangements (FASB ASC 808-10) | | | |
| Disc | closure | | | | |
| 1. | pan the ann vid | the entity properly disclosed the following, if a particitin a collaborative arrangement, in the period in which collaborative arrangement has been entered into and all ual periods thereafter: (<i>Note</i> : Information related to indically significant collaborative arrangements should be losed separately.) | | | |
| | a. | Information about the nature and purpose of its collaborative arrangements? | | | |
| | b. | Its rights and obligations under the collaborative arrangements? | | | |
| | С. | The accounting policy for collaborative arrangements in accordance with FASB ASC 235, <i>Notes to Financial Statements</i> ? | | | |
| | d. | The income statement classification and amounts attributable to transactions arising from the collaborative arrangement between participants for each period an income statement is presented? [FASB ASC 808-10-50-1] | | | |
| | | r | | | |

E.

 $^{^{27}}$ Per FASB ASC 805-50-50-4, the entity should also consider whether additional disclosures are required in accordance with FASB ASC 850-10-50, which provides guidance on related party transactions and certain common control relationships.

F.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|------|---|------------|-----------|------------|
| Con | solidation (FASB ASC 810-10) ²⁸ | | | |
| Pres | entation | | | |
| Proc | cedures | | | |
| 1. | Has the parent properly presented its consolidated financial statements with intra-entity balances and transactions eliminated? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | Has the parent properly presented its consolidated financial statements <i>without</i> retained earnings or deficit of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition included in consolidated retained earnings? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-2] | | | |
| 3. | Has the parent properly presented in its consolidated financial statements a subsidiary's revenues, expenses, gains, and losses only from the date the subsidiary was initially consolidated? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-4] | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly not presented shares of the parent, held by the subsidiary as outstanding shares in the consolidated statement of financial position? (These shares are not considered outstanding shares and should be eliminated and reflected as treasury shares.) [FASB ASC 810-10-45-5] | | | |
| Con | nbined Financial Statements | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly presented its combined financial statements, prepared for a group of related entities, with intra-entity transactions and profits or losses eliminated, and noncontrolling interests, foreign operations, different fiscal periods, or income taxes treated and presented in the same manner as in consolidated financial statements? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-10] | | | |

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2009-17.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

²⁸ In December 2009, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-17, Consolidations (Topic 810): Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities. This update is to incorporate FASB Statement No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R), into the codification. ASU No. 2009-17 represents a revision to former FSP FIN 46(R), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, and changes how a reporting entity determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. The determination of whether a reporting entity is required to consolidate another entity is based on, among other things, the other entity's purpose and design and the reporting entity's ability to direct the activities of the other entity that most significantly impact the other entity's economic performance. The amendments in this ASU will be effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009, and interim periods within those fiscal years (that is, January 1, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends). Early adoption is not permitted.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 810-10-65-2.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Pare | nt-Entity Financial Statements | | | |
| 6. | Has the entity properly presented parent-entity financial statements, in addition to consolidated financial statements, if necessary, to adequately indicate the position of bondholders and other creditors or preferred shareholders of the parent? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 810-10-45-11] | | | |
| Diffe | ering Fiscal Year-Ends Between Parent and Subsidiary | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly presented information regarding intervening events that materially affect the financial position or results of operations if the financial reporting periods of any subsidiaries are different from that of the parent? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-12] | | | |
| A Cl ent | hange in the Fiscal Year-End Lag Between Subsidiary and Par- | | | |
| 8. | Has the parent or investor properly presented information regarding a change to (or the elimination of) a previously existing difference between the parent's reporting period and the reporting period of a consolidated entity or between the reporting period of an investor and the reporting period of an equity method investee in the parent's or investor's consolidated financial statements, in accordance with FASB ASC 250, <i>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections</i> , as described in FASB ASC 810-10-45-13? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-13] | | | |
| of th | controlling Interest in a Subsidiary—Nature and Classification are Noncontrolling Interest in the Consolidated Statement of Ficial Position | | | |
| 9. | Has the entity properly presented, clearly identified and labeled, a noncontrolling interest in the entity (net assets) section of the consolidated statement of position, separately from the entity's equity (net assets)? (<i>Note</i> : An entity with noncontrolling interests in more than one subsidiary may present those interests in aggregate.) | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 810-10-45-16] ²⁹ | | | |
| | ibuting Net Income and Comprehensive Income to the Parent the Noncontrolling Interest | | | |
| 10. | Has the entity properly presented, in the consolidated financial statements, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, net income or loss, and OCI at the consolidated amounts, which include amounts attributable to the owners of the parent and the noncontrolling interest? [FASB ASC 810-10-45-19] | | | |

²⁹ The "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-45-16 includes a parenthetical reference to "net assets" when discussing the entity's equity. Entities subject to FASB Statement No. 164, *Not-for-Profit Entities: Mergers and Acquisitions*, should refer to the transition and open effective date information in FASB ASC 810-10-65-1 for more information.

Yes No N/A

Disclosure

Additional Disclosure Information

FASB ASC 810-10-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public companies. Further, "Pending Content" related to ASU No. 2009-17, Consolidations (Topic 810): Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities, contains guidance that is applicable to all entities. As such, this portion of the checklist has been divided into three distinct sections.

For entities that have not adopted the guidance of ASU No. 2009-17, the following sections are applicable:

- Disclosures for all entities, and
- Disclosures for nonpublic entities, or
- Disclosures for *public entities*.

For entities for which the guidance of ASU No. 2009-17 is mandatorily effective (early adoption is not permitted), the following sections are applicable:

- Disclosures for all entities, and
- Disclosures for all entities (subject to ASU No. 2009-17)

| | | | , | | | |
|-------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Discl | osure j | for All | Entities | | | |
| Cons | olidat | tion Po | blicy | | | |
| 11. | Has the entity properly disclosed the consolidation policy that is being followed? (<i>Note</i> : In most cases this can be made apparent by the headings or other information in the financial statements.) [FASB ASC 810-10-50-1] | | | | | |
| Pare | nt Wit | h a Le | ess-Than-Wholly-Owned Subsidiary | | | |
| 12. | Has the parent properly disclosed all the following regarding one or more less-than-wholly-owned subsidiaries for each re- porting period: | | | | | |
| | a. | | Separately, on the face of the consolidated financial statements, both of the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The amounts of consolidated net income and consolidated comprehensive income? | | | |
| | | ii. | The related amounts on each attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest? | | | |
| | b. | Either in the notes or on the face of the consolidated income statement, amounts attributable to the parent for any of the following, if reported in the consolidated financial statements: | | | | |
| | | i. | Income from continuing operations? | | | |
| | | ii. | Discontinued operations? | | | |
| | | iii. | Extraordinary items? | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| c. Either in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, if presented, or in the notes to consolidated financial statements, a reconciliation at the beginning and the end of the period of the carrying amount of total equity (net assets), equity (net assets) attributable to the parent, and equity (net assets) attributable to the noncontrolling interest? (<i>Note</i> : This reconciliation should separately disclose [i] net income, [ii] transactions with owners acting in their capacity as owners, showing separately contributions from and distributions to owners, and [iii] each component of OCI.) | | | |
| d. In notes to the consolidated financial statements, a separate schedule that shows the effects of any changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary on the equity attributable to the parent? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-1A] | | | |
| Deconsolidation of a Subsidiary | | | |
| 13. Has the entity properly disclosed the following, as a parent entity, if a subsidiary has been deconsolidated: | | | |
| a. The amount of any gain or loss recognized in accordance with FASB ASC 810-10-40-5? | | | |
| b. The portion of any gain or loss related to the remeasurement of any retained investment in the former subsidiary of group of assets to its fair value? | | | |
| c. The caption in the income statement in which the gain or loss is recognized unless separately presented on the face of the income statement? | | | |
| d. A description of the valuation technique(s) used to measure the fair value of any direct or indirect retained investment in the former subsidiary or group of assets? | | | |
| e. Information that enables users of the parent's financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop the fair value in item (d)? | | | |
| f. The nature of continuing involvement with the subsidiary or entity acquiring the group of assets after it has been deconsolidated or derecognized? | | | |
| g. Whether the transaction that resulted in the deconsolidation or derecognition was with a related party? | | | |
| Whether the former subsidiary or entity acquiring a group of assets will be a related party after deconsolidation? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-50-1B] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---------------|----------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | hange :-Ends | e in the Difference Between Parent and Subsidiary Fiscal | | | |
| 14. | rega ing and | the entity properly disclosed, pursuant to FASB ASC 250, arding a change in (or elimination of) a previously exist-difference between the fiscal year-ends of a parent entity subsidiary or an investor and an equity method investee? SB ASC 810-10-50-2] | | | |
| Disc | losure | for Nonpublic Entities | | | |
| Vari | able I | nterest Entities—Nonpublic Entities—Primary Beneficiary | | | |
| 15. | tity | ne entity is a primary beneficiary of a variable interest en- (VIE), has the entity disclosed all of the following (unless primary beneficiary also holds a majority voting interest): | | | |
| | a. | The nature, purpose, size, and activities of the VIE? | | | |
| | b. | The carrying amount and classification of consolidated assets that are collateral for the VIE's obligations? | | | |
| | С. | Lack of recourse if creditors (or beneficial interest holders) of a consolidated VIE have no recourse to the general credit of the primary beneficiary? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-3] | | | |
| | | Interest Entities—Nonpublic Entities—Holder of Signifiable Interest in a Variable Interest Entity | | | |
| 16. | holo | the entity properly disclosed all of the following, if it ds a significant interest in a VIE, but is not the VIE's pri- ry beneficiary: | | | |
| | a. | The nature of its involvement with the VIE and when that involvement began? | | | |
| | b. | The nature, purpose, size, and activities of the VIE? | | | |
| | С. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the VIE? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-4] | | | |
| | | Interest Entities—Nonpublic Entities—Relation to FASB <i>Transfers and Servicing</i> , Disclosures | | | |
| 17. | FAS sure VIE sepa | the entity properly disclosed information required by 6B ASC 860 regarding VIEs in the same note as the discloses required by this subtopic? (<i>Note</i> : Information about s may be reported in the aggregate for similar entities if arate reporting would not add material information.) SB ASC 810-10-50-5] | | | |
| Vari closi | | nterest Entities—Nonpublic Entities—Scope-Related, Dis- | | | |
| 18. | forn "Va <i>Con</i> | the reporting entity properly disclosed the following innation if the entity does not apply the guidance in the riable Interest Entities" subsections of FASB ASC 810, solidation, to one or more VIEs or potential VIEs because the condition described in FASB ASC 810-10-15-17(c): | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| | a. The number of legal entities to which this guidance is not being applied and the reason why the information required to apply this guidance is not available? | | | | |
| | b. | The nature, purpose, size (if available), and activities of the legal entity or entities and the nature of the report- ing entity's involvement with the legal entity or enti- ties? | | | |
| | С. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss because of its involvement with the legal entity or entities? | | | |
| | d. | The amount of income, expense, purchases, sales, or other measure of activity between the reporting entity and the legal entity or entities for all periods presented? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-6] | | | |
| Discl | osure fo | or Public Entities | | | |
| Aggr | egatio | n of Certain Disclosures | | | |
| 19. | Has the public entity made disclosures that provide financial statement users with information regarding all of the following: | | | | |
| | a. | The significant judgments and assumptions made by a reporting entity in determining whether it must do any of the following: | | | |
| | | i. Consolidate a VIE? | | | |
| | | ii. Disclose information about its involvement with a VIE? | | | |
| | b. | The nature of restrictions on a consolidated VIE's assets reported by a reporting entity in its statement of financial position, including the carrying amounts of such assets? | | | |
| | с. | The nature of, and changes in, the risks associated with a reporting entity's involvement with the VIE? | | | |
| | d. | How a reporting entity's involvement with the VIE affects the entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-8] | | | |

| | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | IVIA | | |
|-------------|--|--|------------|---------|------|--|--|
| 20. | not pusers tity s and entity iable (Not inforeach ther, and | the public entity properly disclosed, if providing disclosed about VIEs, and if providing separate reporting would provide more useful information to financial statement is, how similar entities are aggregated? The reporting enchould distinguish between (a) VIEs that are consolidated (b) those that are not consolidated because the reporting in interest or is the sponsor that holds the variable interest? In entity should consider quantitative and qualitative mation about different risk and reward characteristics of VIE and the significance of each VIE to the entity. Furdisclosures should be presented in a manner that clearly fully explains to the financial statement users the nature extent of an entity's involvement with VIEs.) | | | | | |
| | | on of Certain Disclosures—Public Entity That Is a Prificiary, Holds a Significant Variable Interest, or Is a Spon- | | | | | |
| 21. | mati signi | the public entity properly disclosed the following infor- on if the entity is a primary beneficiary of a VIE, holds a ficant variable interest in a VIE, or is a sponsor that is a variable interest in a VIE: | | | | | |
| | a. | Its methodology for determining whether the reporting entity is (or is not) the primary beneficiary of a VIE, including, but not limited to, significant judgments and assumptions made? | | | | | |
| | b. | If the conclusion to consolidate a VIE has changed in the most recent financial statements the primary factors that caused the change and the effect on the entity's fi- nancial statements? | | | | | |
| | C. | Whether the reporting entity has provided financial or other support during the periods presented to the VIE that it was not previously contractually required to provide, including both of the following: | | | | | |
| | | i. The type and amount of support? | | | | | |
| | | ii. The primary reasons for providing the support? | | | | | |
| | d. | Qualitative and quantitative information about the reporting entity's involvement with the VIE, including but not limited to the nature, purpose, size, and activities of the VIE, including how the VIE is financed? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-12] | | | | | |
| Aggr VIE | egatic | on of Certain Disclosures—The Primary Beneficiary of a | | | | | |
| 22. | Has the public entity properly disclosed the following, if the entity is the primary beneficiary of a VIE: | | | | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|--|------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | a. | The carrying amount and classification of the VIE's assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position that are consolidated in accordance with the guidance in the "Variable Interest Entities" subsections of FASB ASC 810-10, including qualitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and associated liabilities? | | | |
| | b. | Lack of recourse if creditors (or beneficial interest holders) of a consolidated VIE have no recourse to the general credit of the primary beneficiary? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | Terms of arrangements, giving consideration to both explicit arrangements and implicit variable interests, that could require the reporting entity to provide financial support to the VIE, including events or circumstances that could expose the reporting entity to a loss? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-14] | | | |
| Signi | | n of Certain Disclosures—Public Entity That Holds a Variable Interest or Is a Sponsor but Is Not the Primary | | | |
| 23. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following, if it holds a significant variable interest or is a sponsor that holds a variable interest in a VIE, but is not the VIE's primary beneficiary: (<i>Note</i> : A public entity meeting items [<i>a</i>]–[<i>c</i>], which follow, are encouraged to disclose information about any liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments by third parties that may affect the fair value or risk of the reporting entity's variable interest in the VIE.) | | | | | |
| | a. | The carrying amount and classification of the assets and liabilities in the reporting entity's statement of financial position that relate to the reporting entity's variable interest in the VIE? | | | |
| | b. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the VIE, including the following: | | | |
| | | i. How the maximum exposure is determined? | | | |
| | | ii. The significant sources of the reporting entity's exposure to the VIE? | | | |
| | | iii. If a maximum exposure cannot be identified, has that fact been disclosed? | | | |
| | С. | A tabular comparison of the carrying amount of the liability (as required by item [a]) and the reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss (as required by item [b]). [FASB ASC 810-10-50-15] | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | No | N/A |
|-----|----------------------------|--|------------|----|-----|
| Agg | regati | on of Certain Disclosures—Scope-Related Disclosures | | | |
| 24. | app secti tent | the entity properly disclosed the following if it has not lied the guidance in the "Variable Interest Entities" sub- tions of FASB ASC 810-10-50 to one or more VIEs or po- tial VIEs because of the condition described in FASB ASC 10-15-17(c): | | | |
| | a. | The number of legal entities to which that guidance is not being applied? | | | |
| | b. | The reason why the information required to apply that guidance is not available? | | | |
| | С. | The nature, purpose, size (if available), and activities of the legal entities? | | | |
| | d. | The nature of the reporting entity's involvement with the legal entities? | | | |
| | е. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss because of its involvement with the legal entities? | | | |
| | f. | The amount of income, expense, purchases, sales, or other measure of activity between the reporting entity and the legal entities for all periods presented? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-16] | | | |
| | | on of Certain Disclosures—Nontransferor Sponsor or eror Servicer of a Qualifying Special-Purpose Entity | | | |
| 25. | mat stan pose non | the public entity properly disclosed the following infor- ion that provides financial statement users with an under- ding of its involvement with the qualifying special-pur- e entity (QSPE) if the public entity is either a transferor sponsor or a nontransferor servicer? SB ASC 810-10-50-17] | | | |
| 26. | Has mat | the public entity properly disclosed the following infor- ion that provides financial statement users with an under- ding of its involvement with the QSPE if the public entity ther a nontransferor sponsor or a nontransferor servicer? | | | |
| | a. | The nature, purpose, size, and activities of the QSPE, including how the entity is financed? | | | |
| | b. | The carrying amount and classification of the assets and liabilities recognized in the statement of financial position related to the reporting entity's involvement with the QSPE? | | | |
| | С. | Terms of arrangements that could require the reporting entity to provide financial support to the QSPE, including events or circumstances that could expose the entity to loss? (All available evidence should be considered. See FASB ASC 810-10-50-19[c] for specific examples of evidence to consider). | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|----------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the QSPE, including how the maximum exposure is determined and the significant sources of the reporting entity's exposure to the QSPE? (If the entity's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the QSPE cannot be quantified, that fact should be disclosed.) | | _ | |
| | е. | Whether the entity has provided financial or other support during the periods presented to the QSPE that it was not previously contractually required to provide, including both of the following: | | | |
| | | i. The type and amount of support? | | | |
| | | ii. The primary reasons for providing the support? [FASB ASC 810-10-50-19] | | | |
| Discl | osure f | for All Entities (subject to the guidance of ASU No. 2009-17) | | | |
| 27. | der ting discl | lic and nonpublic entities that have applied ASU No17) Has the entity properly included disclosures, in orso provide financial statement users with an understandof the following: (The entity may need to supplement the osures required by this subsection to achieve the objectibelow. Further, these disclosures may be made in more one note, provided there is a cross-reference provided.) | | | |
| | a. | The significant judgments and assumptions made by the entity in determining whether it must (i) consoli- date a VIE, and (ii) disclose information about its in- volvement in a VIE? | | | |
| | b. | The nature of restrictions on the consolidated VIE's assets and on the settlement of its liabilities reported by the entity in its statement of financial position, including the carrying amounts of such assets and liabilities? | | | |
| | С. | The nature of, and changes in, the risks associated with the reporting entity's involvement with the VIE? | | | |
| | d. | How the entity's involvement with the VIE affects the reporting entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-50-2AA] | | | |
| Varia | able Ir | nterest Entities—Primary Beneficiary of a Variable Inter- | | | |

est Entity

28. (Public and nonpublic entities that have applied ASU No. 2009-17) Has the entity properly disclosed, if it is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, all of the following: (Note: A VIE may issue voting equity interests, and the entity that holds a majority voting interest may also be the primary beneficiary of the VIE. If so, and if the VIE meets the definition of a business and the VIE's assets can be used for purposes other than the settlement of the VIE's obligations, the disclosures that follow are not required.)

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|-----|------------|---|------------|-----------|------------|
| | a. | The carrying amounts and classification of the VIE's assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position that are consolidated in accordance with the "Variable Interest Entities" subsections of FASB ASC 810-10, including qualitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and liabilities? | | | |
| | b. | Lack of recourse if creditors (or beneficial interest holders) of a consolidated VIE have no recourse to the general credit of the primary beneficiary? | | | |
| | С. | Terms of arrangements, giving consideration to both explicit arrangements and implicit variable interests that could require the reporting entity to provide financial support to the VIE, including events or circumstances that could expose the reporting entity to a loss? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-50-3] | | | |
| | ble In | terest Entities—Nonprimary Beneficiary of a Variable In- | | | |
| 29. | 2009- | lic and nonpublic entities that have applied ASU No17) Has the entity properly disclosed the following, if it is an interest in a VIE, but is not the VIE's primary benety: | | | |
| | a. | The carrying amounts and classification of the assets and liabilities in the reporting entity's statement of financial position that relate to the reporting entity's variable interest in the VIE? | | | |
| | b. | The reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with the VIE, including how the maximum exposure is determined and the significant sources of the reporting entity's exposure to the VIE? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . | A tabular comparison of the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities, as required by item (<i>a</i>), preceding, and the reporting entity's maximum exposure to loss, as required by item (<i>b</i>), preceding? (<i>Note</i> : The reporting entity should provide qualitative and quantitative information to allow financial statement users to understand the differences between the two amounts. That discussion should include, but is not limited to, the terms of arrangements, giving consideration to both explicit arrangements and implicit variable interests, that could require the reporting entity to provide financial support to the VIE, including events or circumstances that could expose the reporting entity to a loss.) | | | |
| | d. | Encouraged, although not required, information about any liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments by third parties that may affect the fair value or risk of the reporting entity's variable interest in the VIE? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| е. | ment activ VIE's with | plicable, significant factors considered and judges made in determining that the power to direct the ities of a VIE that most significantly impact the seconomic performance is shared in accordance the guidance in FASB ASC 810-10-25-38D? Inding Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-50-4] | | | |
| | | Entities—Primary Beneficiaries or Other Holders riable Interest Entities | | | |
| 20 lov va efi the the for | 109-17) H wing, if it iriable in iciary: (N e entity the e primary e definition | d nonpublic entities that have applied ASU No. as the reporting entity properly disclosed the folties a primary beneficiary of a VIE or if it holds a terest in a VIE but is not the entity's primary beneficiary. A VIE may issue voting equity interests, and that holds a majority voting interest may also be by beneficiary of the VIE. If so, and if the VIE meets it on of a business and the VIE's assets can be used ses other than the settlement of the VIE's obligation, tures that follow are not required.) | | | |
| a. | Its mentity but retions quire involuments | tethodology for determining whether the reporting by is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, including, not limited to, significant judgments and assumption about the entity may meet this disclosure rement by providing information about the types of elements a reporting entity considers significant, elemented with information about how the significant of the reporting entity is the primary beneficiary. | | | |
| b. | sion cent vious the p | tts and circumstances change such that the concluto consolidate a VIE has changed in the most refinancial statements (for example, the VIE was presly consolidated and is not currently consolidated), primary factors that caused the change and the efonthe reporting entity's financial statements? | | | |
| c. | | | | | |
| | i. | The type and amount of support, including situations in which the reporting entity assisted the VIE in obtaining another type of support? | | | |
| | ii. | The primary reason for providing the support? | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. Qualitative and quantitative information about the reporting entity's involvement (giving consideration to both explicit arrangements and implicit variable interests) with the VIE, including, but not limited to, the nature, purpose, size, and activities of the VIE, including how the VIE is financed? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 810-10-50-5A] | | | |
| 31. | | | | |
| Deri | vatives and Hedging (FASB ASC 815-10)30 | | | |
| Prese | ntation | | | |
| Balar | nce Sheet—Netting | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> presented a hedging derivative's asset (or liability) position against the hedged liability (or asset) position in the balance sheet? [FASB ASC 815-10-45-2] | | | |

G.

³⁰ In March 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-11, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Scope Exception Related to Embedded Credit Derivatives*. The amendments in this ASU, among others, clarify the scope exception under paragraphs 8–9 of FASB ASC 815-15-25 for embedded credit derivative features related to the transfer of credit risk in the form of subordination of one financial instrument to another. Further, the amendments address how to determine which embedded credit derivatives, including those in collateralized debt obligations and synthetic collateralized debt obligations, are considered to be embedded derivatives that should not be analyzed under FASB ASC 815-15-25 for potential bifurcation and separate accounting. The amendments in this ASU are effective at the beginning of the entity's first fiscal quarter beginning after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted at the beginning of each entity's first fiscal quarter beginning after issuance of this ASU.

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-11.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 815-10-65-5.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | me Statement Classification—Derivative Instruments Held for ing Purposes | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented gains and losses (realized and unrealized) on all derivative instruments within the scope of FASB ASC 815, <i>Derivatives and Hedging</i> , as net when recognized in the income statement, whether or not settled physically, if the derivative instruments are held for trading purposes? [FASB ASC 815-10-45-9] | | | |
| | Flow Statement Classification—Derivative Instruments With a noing Element | | | |
| 3. | If an other-than-insignificant financing element is present at inception—other than a financing element inherently included in an at-the-market derivative instrument with no prepayments—has the entity properly presented all cash inflows and outflows associated with that derivative instrument, in a manner consistent with financing activities as described in paragraphs 14–15 of FASB ASC 230-10-45? [FASB ASC 815-10-45-12] | | | |
| Discl | | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed information, in order for the users of the financial statements to understand the follow- ing, if the entity has derivative instruments (or nonderivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging in- struments pursuant to FASB ASC 815-20-25-58 and 815-20-25- 66): | | | |
| | <i>a.</i> How and why an entity uses derivative instruments (or such nonderivative instruments)? | | | |
| | <i>b.</i> How derivative instruments (or such nonderivative instruments) and related hedged items are accounted for under FASB ASC 815? | | | |
| | c. How derivative instruments (or such nonderivative instruments) and related hedged items affect the entity's financial position, performance and cash flows? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-1] | | | |
| 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for each annual and interim reporting period for which a statement of financial position and statement of financial performance are presented, if the entity has derivative instruments (or nonderivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments pursuant to FASB ASC 815-20-25-58 and 815-20-25-66): | | | |
| | a. Its objectives for holding or issuing those instruments? | | | - |
| | <i>b.</i> The context needed to understand those objectives? | | | |
| | <i>c</i> . Its strategies for achieving those objectives? | | | |

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A | | |
|----|---|--|--|-----|----|-----|--|--|
| | d. | state thos and such its in | rmation that would enable users of its financial ements to understand the volume of its activity in see instruments? (An entity should select the format the specifics of disclosures relating to its volume of a activity that are most relevant and practicable for advidual facts and circumstances.) SB ASC 815-10-50-1A] | | | | | |
| 6. | deri ques the rele stan tion instr such mar | Has the entity properly disclosed information, regarding the derivative instruments in question $5(d)$, in the preceding question, in such a format and in enough specifics relating to the volume of such activity such that the disclosures are most relevant and practicable for the individual facts and circumstances? For items in question $5(a)$ – (c) in the preceding question, has information been disclosed in the context of each instrument's primary underlying risk exposure and have such items been distinguished between those used for risk management purposes and those used for other purposes? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-1B] | | | | | | |
| 7. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following to distinguish between the instruments with disclosures required by question $5(a)$ – (c) : | | | | | | | |
| | a. | men | ivative instruments (and nonderivative instru- its) used for risk management purposes, distin- shed between each of the following: | | | | | |
| | | i. | Derivative instruments (and nonderivative instruments) designated as hedging instruments, distinguished between each of the following: (1) fair value hedging instruments, (2) cash flow hedging instruments, and (3) hedges of foreign currency exposure of net investments in foreign operations? | | | | | |
| | | ii. | Derivative instruments used as economic hedges and for other purposes related to the entity's risk exposure? | | | | | |
| | b. | | ivative instruments used for other purposes? SB ASC 815-10-50-2] | | | | | |
| 8. | tive der | instru FASB | ntity properly disclosed the purpose of any deriva- ments not designated as hedging instruments un- ASC 815-20? C 815-10-50-4] | | | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|--|---|-----|----|-----|
| Ove | rall Q | uantitative Disclosures | | | |
|). | annifina presinsti and ativi issu purs port plica gair | the entity properly disclosed in tabular format, for every ual and interim reporting period for which a statement of incial position and statement of financial performance are sented, the location and fair value amounts of derivative ruments reported in the statement of financial position the location and amount of the gains and losses on derive instruments (or nonderivative instruments it holds or es that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments suant to FASB ASC 815-20-25 paragraphs 58 and 66) resed in the statement of financial performance (or when apable, the statement of financial position) (for example, as and losses initially recognized in OCI)? | | | |
| 10. | spec A(a) port 58 a valu | the entity properly formatted the disclosures, with rett to the disclosures required by FASB ASC 815-10-50-10, to conform to the following: (<i>Note</i> : Amounts to be reted for nonderivative instruments pursuant to paragraphs and 66 of FASB ASC 815-20-25 should be the carrying the of the nonderivative hedging instrument, rather than following.) | | | |
| | a. | The fair value of derivative instruments have been disclosed on a gross basis (even if the derivative instruments are subject to master netting agreements and qualify for net presentation in the statement of financial position in accordance with FASB ASC 210-20 [general hedging activities])? | | | |
| | b. | Cash collateral payables and receivables associated with those instruments have not been added to or netted against fair value amounts? | | | |
| | С. | Fair value amounts have been presented as separate asset and liability values segregated between each of the following: | | | |
| | | i. Those instruments designated and qualifying as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20, presented separately by type of contract? | | | |
| | | ii. Those instruments not designated as hedging instruments, presented separately by type of contract? | | | |
| | d. | The disclosure has identified the line item(s) in the statement of financial position in which the fair value amounts for these categories of derivative instruments are included? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4B] | | | |
| 11. | exce clos | the entity properly disclosed in tabular format (with the eption of item [a], which follows) the gains and losses dised pursuant to FASB ASC 815-10-50-4A(b) separately for of the following by type of contract: | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | a. | Derivative instruments designated and qualifying as hedging instruments in fair value hedges and related hedged items designated and qualifying in fair value hedges? | | | |
| | b. | The effective portion of gains and losses on derivative instruments designated and qualifying in cash flow hedges and net investment hedges that was recognized in OCI during the current period? | | | |
| | С. | The effective portion of gains and losses on derivative instruments designated and qualifying in cash flow hedges and net investment hedges recorded in accumulated OCI during the term of the hedging relationship and reclassified into earnings during the current period? | | | |
| | d. | The portion of gains and losses on derivative instruments designated and qualifying in cash flow hedges and net investment hedges representing (i) the amount of the hedges' ineffectiveness and (ii) the amount, if any, excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness? | | | |
| | е. | Derivative instruments not designated or qualifying as hedging instruments under FASB ASC 815-20? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4C] | | | |
| 12. | examequit so fo of fin categ | the entity properly disclosed separately, pursuant to tion 11, information by type of derivative contract (for uple, interest rate contracts, foreign exchange contracts, y contracts, commodity contracts, credit contracts, and rth) as well as identify the line item(s) in the statement tancial performance in which the gains and losses for the cories of derivative instruments are included? B ASC 815-10-50-4D] | | | |
| Trad | _ | erivatives | | | |
| 13. If the entity's policy is to include are not designated or qualified at FASB ASC 815-20 in its trading at not to separately disclose gain FASB ASC 815-10-50-4C(e), has the following: (<i>Note</i> : If the disgraph is elected, the entity show | | e entity's policy is to include derivative instruments that of designated or qualified as hedging instruments under 3 ASC 815-20 in its trading activities, and the entity elects to separately disclose gain and losses as required by 3 ASC 815-10-50-4C(e), has the entity properly disclosed following: (<i>Note</i> : If the disclosure option in this parameter is elected, the entity should include a footnote in the fired tables referencing the use of this alternative disclosfor trading activities.) | | | |
| | a. | The gains and losses on its trading activities (including both derivative and nonderivative instruments) recognized in the statement of financial performance, separately by major types of items (such as fixed income/interest rates, foreign exchange, equity, commodity, and credit)? | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | b. | The line items in the statement of financial performance in which trading activities gains and losses are in- cluded? | | | |
| | С. | A description of the nature of its trading activities and related risks, and how the entity manages those risks? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4F] | | | |
| Cred | it-Risk | -Related Contingent Features | | | |
| 14. | terim sition the f holds sues pursu 25-66 that a perio strum 815-2 | the entity properly disclosed, for every annual and interporting period for which a statement of financial potential performance are presented, collowing information about derivative instruments it is or issues (or nonderivative instruments it holds or isthat are designated and qualify as hedging instruments that to FASB ASC 815-20-25-58 and FASB ASC 815-20-1) that have credit-risk-related contingent features and are in a net liability position at the end of the reporting d: (<i>Note</i> : Amounts to be reported for nonderivative intents pursuant to paragraphs 58 and 66 of FASB ASC 0-25 should be the carrying value of the nonderivative ing instrument, rather than the following.) | | | |
| | a. | The existence and nature of credit-risk-related contingent features and the circumstances in which the features could be triggered in derivative instruments that are in a net liability position at the end of the reporting period? | | | |
| | b. | The aggregate fair value amounts of derivative instruments that contain credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a net liability position at the end of the reporting period? | | | |
| | c. | The aggregate fair value of assets that are already posted as collateral at the end of the reporting period and (i) the aggregate fair value of additional assets that would be required to be posted as collateral and (ii) the aggregate fair value of assets needed to settle the instrument immediately, if the credit-risk-related contingent features were triggered at the end of the reporting period? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4H] | | | |
| Infor | matio | n in More Than One Footnote | | | |
| 15. | Has notes the d vativ ing in | the entity properly included cross-references to other in which derivative-related information is disclosed, if isclosures related to derivative instruments (or nonderi- e instruments that are designated and qualify as hedg- nstruments pursuant to paragraphs 58 and 66 of FASB 815-20-25) are disclosed in more than a single footnote? | | | |
| | | B ASC 815-10-50-4I] | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|-------------------------------|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| Cred | it Deı | rivatives | | | |
| 16A. | guar vide defa lihoo | the entity properly disclosed the following, as a <i>seller of</i> it derivative (as defined in FASB ASC 815-10-50-4J as a rantor in a guarantee type contract or any party that proses the credit protection in an option type contract, a credit rult swap, or any other credit derivative), even if the like-od of the seller's having to make any payments under the it derivative is remote: | | | |
| | a. | The nature of the credit derivative, including all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. The approximate term of the credit derivative? | | | |
| | | ii. The reasons for entering into the credit derivative? | | | |
| | | iii. The events or circumstances that would require the seller to perform under the credit derivative? | | | |
| | | iv. The current status (that is, as of the date of the statement of financial position) of the payment/performance risk of the credit derivative? | | | |
| | | v. If the entity uses internal groupings for the purposes of item (iv), how those groupings are determined and used for managing risk? | | | |
| | b. | The maximum potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) that the seller could be required to make under the credit derivative, which should not be reduced by the effect of any amounts that may possibly be recovered under recourse or collateralization provisions in the credit derivative? | | | |
| | С. | If the terms of the credit derivative provide for no limitation to the maximum potential future payments under the credit derivative, is that fact disclosed? | | | |
| | d. | If the seller is unable to develop an estimate of the maximum potential amount of future payments under the credit derivative, the reasons why the maximum potential amount cannot be estimated? | | | |
| | e. | The fair value of the credit derivative as of the date of the statement of financial position? | | | |
| | f. | The nature of | | | |
| | | i. any recourse provisions that would enable the seller to recover from third parties any of the amounts paid under the guarantee? | | | |
| | | ii. any assets held either as collateral or by third parties that, upon the occurrence of any triggering event or condition under the guarantee, the guarantor can obtain and liquidate to recover all or a portion of the amounts paid under the guarantee? | | | |

N/A

Yes

No

g. If estimable, the approximate extent to which the proceeds from liquidation of those assets would be expected to cover the maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantee? *Note:* For hybrid instruments that have embedded credit derivatives, the seller of the embedded credit derivative should disclose the information required for the entire hybrid instrument, not just the embedded credit derivatives. [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4L] [FASB ASC 815-10-50-4K]

Note (ASU No. 2010-11, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Scope Exception Related to Embedded Credit Derivatives): ASU No. 2010-11 affects FASB ASC 815-10-50-4K, question 16A, preceding, in the following manner:

- The "Pending Content" included in FASB ASC 815-10-50-4K includes minor wording changes which do not significantly impact the disclosure requirements; and
- The "Pending Content" included in FASB ASC 815-10-50-4K includes the following additional passage, "The disclosures required by this paragraph (FASB ASC 815-10-50-4K) do not apply to the embedded derivative feature discussed in FASB ASC 815-15-15-9."

As such, entities that have adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2010-11 should consider the disclosure requirements contained in question 16A, preceding, with these changes in mind.

Oualitative Disclosures

17. Although encouraged, but not required, has the entity properly included additional qualitative disclosures for every annual and interim reporting period for which a statement of financial position and statement of financial performance are presented related to qualitative items about the entity's objectives and strategies for using derivative instruments? (*Note*: These disclosures may relate to interest rate risk, foreign currency exchange rate risk, commodity price risk, credit risk, and equity price risk.)
[FASB ASC 815-10-50-5]

Unconditional Purchase Obligations

18. Has the entity properly disclosed the information required by FASB ASC 440, *Commitments*, and FASB ASC 815 if the entity has unconditional purchase obligations which are subject to the requirements of those topics?

[FASB ASC 815-10-50-6]

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| Balaı | nce Sł | neet Offering | | | |
| 19. | not (| the entity properly disclosed its policy for offsetting or offsetting in accordance with FASB ASC 815-10-45-6? SB ASC 815-10-50-7] | | | |
| 20. | the e | the entity properly disclosed the amounts recognized at end of each reporting period for the right to reclaim cash ateral or the obligation to return cash collateral as follows: | | | |
| | a. | If the entity has made an accounting policy decision to offset fair value amounts, has it separately disclosed amounts recognized for the right to reclaim cash collateral or the obligation to return cash collateral that have been offset against net derivative positions in accordance with FASB ASC 815-10-45-5? | | | |
| | b. | Has the entity separately disclosed amounts recognized for the right to reclaim cash collateral or the obligation to return cash collateral under master netting arrange- ments that have not been offset against net derivative instrument positions? | | | |
| | С. | If the entity has made an accounting policy decision to not offset fair value amounts, has it separately disclosed the amounts recognized for the right to reclaim cash collateral or the obligation to return cash collateral under master netting arrangements? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-8] | | | |
| Certa | ain Co | ontracts on Debt and Equity Securities | | | |
| 21. | Has the entity properly disclosed its accounting policy for the premium paid (time value) to acquire an option that is classified as held to maturity or available for sale, if applicable? [FASB ASC 815-10-50-9] | | | | |
| Emb | edded | d Derivatives (FASB ASC 815-15) | | | |
| Prese | ntatio | n | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented hybrid financial instruments measured at fair value under the election and practicability exception in FASB ASC 815-15-30-1 by either (<i>a</i>) displaying separate line items for the fair value and non-fair-value carrying amounts or (<i>b</i>) presenting the aggregate of the fair value and non-fair-value amounts and parenthetically disclosing the amount of fair value included in the aggregate amount? [FASB ASC 815-15-45-1] | | | | |

H.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--------|--|------------------|----|-----|
| Discle | osure | | | |
| Hybr | rid Instruments That Are Not Separated | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for those hybrid financial instruments measured at fair value under the election and under the practicability exception in FASB ASC 815-15-30-1 on earnings (or other performance indicators for entities that do not report earnings), the information in paragraphs 28–32 of FASB ASC 825-10-50? [FASB ASC 815-15-50-1] | l L t | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed information that will allow users to understand the effect of changes in the fair value of hybrid financial instruments measured at fair value under the election and under the practicability exception in FASB ASC 815-15-30-1 on earnings (or other performance indicators for entities that do not report earnings)? [FASB ASC 815-15-50-2] | f | | |
| Embe | edded Conversion Option That Is No Longer Bifurcated | | | |
| 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for those embedded conversion options previously accounted for as a derivative instrument under FASB ASC 815-15 (embedded derivatives) that no longer meet the separation criteria, a description of the principal changes causing the embedded conversion option to no longer require bifurcation and the amount of the liability for the conversion option which has been reclassified to stockholders' equity? [FASB ASC 815-15-50-3] | -) f - | | |
| Fair ' | Value Hedging (FASB ASC 815-25) | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for every annual and interim reporting period for which a statement of financial position and statement of financial performance are presented, the following for derivative instruments, as well as nonderivative instruments that may give rise to foreign currency transaction gains or losses under FASB ASC 830-20, that have been designated and have qualified as fair value hedging instruments and for the related hedged items: | | | |
| | a. The net gain or loss recognized in earnings during the reporting period representing (i) the amount of the hedges' ineffectiveness and (ii) the component of the derivative instruments' gain or loss, if any, excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness? | 5 | | |
| | b. The amount of net gain or loss recognized in earnings when a hedged firm commitment no longer qualifies as a fair value hedge? [FASB ASC 815-25-50-1] | | | |

I.

J.

| | | | res | NO | <u>IN/A</u> | |
|-------|---|--|-----|----|-------------|--|
| Cash | Flov | v Hedges (FASB ASC 815-30) | | | | |
| Prese | ntatio | on | | | | |
| Othe | r Cor | mprehensive Income | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented, as a separate classification within OCI, the net gain or loss on any derivative instruments designated and qualifying as cash flow hedging instruments that are reported in comprehensive income pursuant to FASB ASC 815-20-25-65 and FASB ASC 815-30-35-3? [FASB ASC 815-30-45-1] | | | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | | |
| 2. | terir sitio the igna | the entity properly disclosed, for every annual and in- m reporting period for which a statement of financial po- on and statement of financial performance are presented, following for derivative instruments that have been des- ated and have qualified as cash flow hedging instruments for the related hedged transactions: | | | | |
| | a. | A description of the transactions or other events that will result in the reclassification into earnings of gains and losses that are reported in accumulated OCI, and the estimated net amount of the existing gains or losses at the reporting date that is expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months? | | | | |
| | b. | The estimated net amount of the existing gains or losses that are reported in accumulated OCI at the reporting date that is expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months? | | | | |
| | С. | The maximum length of time over which the entity is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions excluding those forecasted transactions related to the payment of variable interest on existing financial instruments? | | | | |
| | d. | The amount of gains and losses reclassified into earnings as a result of the discontinuance of cash flow hedges because it is probable that the original forecasted transactions will not occur by the end of the originally specified time period or within the additional period of time discussed in paragraphs 4–5 of FASB ASC 815-30-40? [FASB ASC 815-30-50-1] | | | | |
| 3. | OCI stru curr any | the entity properly disclosed, as a separate component of I, the beginning and ending accumulated derivative inment gain or loss, the related net change associated with cent period hedging transactions, and the net amount of reclassification into earnings? SB ASC 815-30-50-2] | | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| K. | Net | Investment Hedges (FASB ASC 815-35) | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | |
| | 1. | Although encouraged, but not required, has the entity properly included additional qualitative disclosures to present a more complete picture of its activities about derivative instruments by presenting information that may be more useful, and less likely to be perceived to be out of context or otherwise misunderstood, if similar information is disclosed about other financial instruments or nonfinancial assets and liabilities to which the derivative instruments are related by activity? | | | |
| - | | [FASB ASC 815-35-50-2] | | | |
| L. | | ntracts in Entity's Own Equity (FASB ASC 815-40) | | | |
| | | closure | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the financial statements, changes in fair value for all contracts within the scope of FASB 815-40 classified as assets or liabilities as long as the contracts remain classified as assets or liabilities? [FASB ASC 815-40-50-1] | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed the related disclosures required by FASB ASC 815-10-50; FASB ASC 815-25-50; FASB ASC 815-30-50; and FASB ASC 815-35-50, if a contract within the scope of FASB ASC 815-40 meets the definition of a <i>derivative instrument</i> ? [FASB ASC 815-40-50-2] | | | |
| | Recl | assifications and Related Accounting Policy Disclosures | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed the contract reclassification, the reason for the reclassification and the effect on the entity's financial statements, if contracts within the scope of FASB ASC 815-40 are reclassified into (or out of) equity during the life of the instrument (in whole or in part) pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 8–13 of FASB ASC 815-40-35? [FASB ASC 815-40-50-3] | | | |
| | 4. | Has the entity properly disclosed the accounting policy decision pursuant to FASB ASC 235, if the entity partially reclassifies a contract(s) subject to FASB ASC 815-40? [FASB ASC 815-40-50-4] | | | |
| | Inte | raction With Disclosures About Capital Structure | | | |
| | 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following, pursuant to FASB ASC 505-10-50, if the entity has contracts related to their capital structure of the following nature: | | | |
| | | a. If the entity has an option or forward contract, has relevant information including (i) the forward rate, (ii) the option strike price, (iii) the number of shares to which the contract is indexed, (iv) the settlement date(s), and (v) the issuers accounting for the contract (asset, liability, or equity) been disclosed? | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|---------------------|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| | b. | If the entity's contract(s) provide settlement alternatives, has the relevant information including (i) who controls the settlement alternatives and (ii) the maximum number of shares that could be required to be issued to net share settle the contract been disclosed? | | | |
| | С. | If the entity's contract(s) does not have a fixed or determinable maximum number of shares that may be required to be issued, is the fact that an infinite number may be required to settle the contract(s) disclosed? | | | |
| | d. | For each of the entity's contract(s) has disclosure been made of the current fair value for each settlement alter- native and how changes in the price of the issuer's eq- uity instruments affect those settlement amounts? (For some issuers, a tabular format may provide the most concise and informative presentation of these data.) | | | |
| | е. | If the entity has temporary equity (for example redeemable stock issued by nonpublic entities) have the disclosures required by FASB ASC 505-10-50-11 been made? [FASB ASC 815-40-50-5] | | | |
| M. | Weather 1 | Derivatives (FASB ASC 815-45) | | | |
| | Disclosure | | | | |
| | stru wea witl | the entity properly disclosed information for financial inments, such as those required in FASB ASC 825-10-50, for other derivative contracts, which are financial instruments in the scope of FASB ASC 815-45? SB ASC 815-45-50-1] | | | |
| N. | Fair Valu | e Measurements and Disclosures (FASB ASC 820-10) ³¹ | | | |
| | Disclosure | | | | |

Additional Disclosure Information

The quantitative disclosures required by FASB ASC 820-10-50 should be presented using a tabular format. [FASB ASC 820-10-50-8]

In addition, ASU No. 2010-06 clarifies the requirements of the following existing disclosures:

- For purposes of reporting fair value measurement for each class of assets and liabilities, a reporting entity needs to use judgment in determining the appropriate classes of assets and liabilities; and
- A reporting entity should provide disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements.

The amendments in this ASU are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009 (that is, January 1, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends), except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll

(continued)

³¹ In January 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06. This ASU requires some new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurement in FASB ASC 820-10. FASB's objective is to improve these disclosures and, thus, increase the transparency in financial reporting. Specifically, ASU No. 2010-06 amends FASB ASC 820-10 to now require the following:

[•] A reporting entity should disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers; and

[•] In the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, a reporting entity should present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|--|----------------------|----|-----|
| 1A. | Has the entity properly disclosed information that enables users of its financial statements to assess both of the following | | | |
| | a. For assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the periods subsequent to initial recognition, the inputs used to develop those measurements? | al | | |
| | b. For recurring fair value measurements using significa unobservable inputs (level 3), the effect of the measurements on earnings (or changes in net assets) for the priod? | e- | | |
| 15 | [FASB ASC 820-10-50-1] | | | |
| 1B. | (ASU No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Discl sures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements) Has the entity properly disclosed information that enables users of its financial statements to assess both of the following: | ue a- | | |
| | a. For assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the periods subsequent to initial recognition, the valuation techniques and inputs use to develop those measurements? | al | | |
| | b. For recurring fair value measurements using significa unobservable inputs (level 3), the effect of the measur ments on earnings (or changes in net assets) for the priod? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-1] | 'e- | | |
| 2A. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following information for each interim and annual period separately for each majicategory of assets and liabilities: (<i>Note</i> : For equity and desecurities, major category should be defined as major securitype as described in FASB ASC 320-10-50-1B, even if the euity or debt securities are not within the scope of FASB ASC 320-10.) | or bt ty 9- | | |
| | a. The fair value measurements at the reporting date? | | | |
| | b. The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall, segregating (i) fair value measurements using quoted prices active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 2) (ii) significant other observable inputs (level 2), and (is significant unobservable inputs (level 3)? | nt- in 1), | | |

forward of activity in level 3 fair value measurements, see FASB ASC 820-10-50-2(c)(2). Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 (that is, January 1, 2011, for entities with calendar year-ends), and for interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted.

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-06.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

This guidance is labeled as "Pending Content" due to the transition and open effective date information discussed in FASB ASC 820-10-65-7.

| | | <u>res</u> | <u> 1NO</u> | IVIA |
|---|---|------------|--------------------|------|
| c. | For fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3), a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances, separately presenting changes during the period attributable to any of the following (may be presented net): | | | |
| | i. Total gains or losses for the period (realized and unrealized), segregating those gains or losses included in earnings (or changes in net assets), and a description of where those gains or losses included in earnings (or changes in net assets) are reported in the statement of income (or activities)? | | | |
| | ii. Purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements (net)? | | | |
| | iii. Transfers in and out, or both, of level 3 (for example, transfers due to changes in the observability of significant inputs)? | | | |
| d. | The amount of the total gains or losses for the period in FASB ASC 820-10-50-1(c)(1) included in earnings (or changes in net assets) that are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date and a description of where those unrealized gains or losses are reported in the statement of income? | | | |
| e. | The inputs and valuation technique(s) used to measure fair value and a discussion of changes in valuation techniques and related inputs, if any, during the pe- riod? | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 820-10-50-2] | | | |
| (ASU No. 2010-06) Has the entity properly disclosed the following information, to meet the objectives of FASB ASC 820-10-50-1, for each interim and annual period separately for each class of assets and liabilities: (Note: The reporting entity should determine appropriate classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of guidance in "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-2. It should provide sufficient information to permit reconciliation of the fair value measurement disclosures for the various classes of assets and liabilities to the line items in the statement of financial position.) | | | | |
| a. | The fair value measurement at the reporting date? | | | |
| b. | The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall, segregating (i) fair value measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1), (ii) significant other observable inputs (level 2), and (iii) significant unobservable inputs (level 3)? | | | |

2B.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| с. | The amounts of significant transfers between level 1 and level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the reasons for the transfers? (Significant transfers into each level should be disclosed separately from transfers out of each level. The reporting entity should disclose and consistently follow its policy for determining when transfers between levels are recognized. The policy about the timing of recognizing transfers should be the same for transfers into the levels as that for transfers out of the levels. Examples of policies for when to recognize the transfer include [i] the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer, [ii] the beginning of the reporting period, and [iii] the end of the reporting period.) | | | |
| d. | For fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3), a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances, separately presenting changes during the period attributable to any of the following: | | | |
| | i. Total gains or losses for the period (realized and unrealized), separately presenting gains or losses included in earnings (or changes in net assets), and gains or losses recognized in OCI, and a de- scription of where those gains or losses included in earnings (or changes in net assets) are reported in the statement of income (or activities) or in OCI? | | | |
| | ii. Purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements (each type disclosed separately)? | | | |
| | iii. Transfers in and out, or both, of level 3 and the reasons for those transfers? (Significant transfers into level 3 should be disclosed separately from significant transfers out of level 3. Examples include [1] the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer and [2] the beginning and [3] the end of the reporting period.) | | | |
| e. | The amount of the total gains or losses for the period in FASB ASC 820-10-50-1(c)(1) included in earnings (or changes in net assets) that are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date and a description of where those unrealized gains or losses are reported in the statement of income (or activities)? | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
|-------------|---|--|------------|-----------|------------|
| | f. | For fair value measurements using significant other observable inputs (level 2) and significant unobservable inputs (level 3), a description of the valuation technique (or multiple valuation techniques) used, such as the market approach, income approach, or the cost approach, and the inputs used in determining the fair values of each class of assets or liabilities? (<i>Note</i> : If there has been a change in the valuation technique[s], the reporting entity should disclose that change and the reason for making it.) ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-2] | | | |
| 3B. | | <i>I No.</i> 2010-06) Has the entity properly disclosed both of following: | | | |
| | a. | The fair value disclosures required by FASB ASC 820-10-50-2(a) on a gross basis? | | | |
| | b. | The reconciliation disclosure required by FASB ASC 820-10-50-2(c)–(d) either gross or net? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-3] | | | |
| Liab men | - | ssued With an Inseparable Third-Party Credit Enhance- | | | |
| 4. | an in ured subjective the constant | the entity properly disclosed, for a liability issued with inseparable third-party credit enhancement that is meast or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis (and is not sect to the listed exceptions in FASB ASC 820-10-50-4A), existence of a third-party credit enhancement on its islability, if such an enhancement exists? BB ASC 820-10-50-4A] | | | |
| Non | recurr | ing Measurements | | | |
| 5A. | regar on a ogni each and jor s even | the entity properly disclosed the following information riding assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value nonrecurring basis in periods subsequent to initial rection, for each interim and annual period separately for major category of assets and liabilities: (<i>Note</i> : For equity debt securities, major category should be defined as masecurity type as described in FASB ASC 320-10-50-1B, if the equity or debt securities are not within the scope ASB ASC 320-10.) | | | |
| | a. | The fair value measurements recorded during the period and the reasons for the measurements? | | | |
| | b. | The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall, segregating (i) fair value measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1), (ii) significant other observable inputs (level 2), and (iii) significant unobservable inputs (level 3)? | | | |
| | c. | For fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3), a description of the inputs and the information used to develop the inputs? | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | d. | The inputs and valuation technique(s) used to measure fair value and a discussion of changes, if any, in the valuation technique(s) used to measure similar assets or liabilities or both in prior periods? [FASB ASC 820-10-50-5] | | | |
| 5B. | lowi mea subs perio The asse | If No. 2010-06) Has the entity properly disclosed the fol- ing information regarding assets and liabilities that are sured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in periods sequent to initial recognition, for each interim and annual and separately for each class of assets and liabilities: (Note: reporting entity should determine appropriate classes of its and liabilities on the basis of guidance in "Pending tent" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-2A.) | | | |
| | a. | The fair value measurement recorded during the period and the reasons for the measurement? | | | |
| | b. | The level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurement in its entirety fall, segregating the fair value measurement using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1), significant other observable inputs (level 2), and significant unobservable inputs (level 3)? | | | |
| | C. | For fair value measurements using significant other observable inputs (level 2) and significant unobservable inputs (level 3), the disclosure required by FASB ASC 820-10-50-2(e)? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-5] | | | |
| | | e Measurements of Investments in Certain Entities That Net Asset Value Per Share (or Its Equivalent) | | | |
| 6A. | for each of Fare is sis dinare investigations. | the entity properly disclosed the following information, each interim and annual period, separately, regarding a major category of investment that are within the scope ASB ASC 820-10-15-4 and FASB ASC 820-10-15-5 and that measured at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring baluring the period, information that enables users of its ficial statements to understand the nature and risks of the stment and whether the investment are probably of being at amounts different from net asset value per share (or quivalent): | | | |
| | a. | The fair value of the investments in the major category, and a description of the significant investment strategies of the investee(s) in the major category? | | | |
| | b. | For each major category of investment that includes investments that can never be redeemed with the investees, but the reporting entity receives distributions through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the investees, the reporting entity's estimate of the period of time over which the underlying assets are expected to be liquidated by the investees? | | | |

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|---|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| С. | The amount of the reporting entity's unfunded commitments related to investments in the major category? | | | |
| d. | A general description of the terms and conditions upon which the investor may redeem investments in the ma- jor category? | | | |
| e. | The circumstances in which an otherwise redeemable investment in the major category (or a portion thereof) might not be redeemable. (<i>Note</i> : For those otherwise redeemable investments that are restricted from redemption as of the reporting entity's measurement date, the reporting entity should disclose its estimate of when the restriction from redemption might lapse. If an estimate cannot be made, the reporting entity should disclose that fact and how long the restriction has been in effect.) | | | |
| f. | Any other significant restriction on the ability to sell investments in the major category at the measurement date? | | | |
| g. | If the reporting entity determines that it is probable that it will sell an investment(s) for an amount different from net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as described in FASB ASC 820-10-35-62, the reporting entity should disclose the total fair value of all investments that meet that criteria and any remaining actions required to complete the sale? | | | |
| h. | If a group of investments would otherwise meet the criteria in FASB ASC 820-10-35-62 but the individual investments to be sold have not been identified, so the investments continue to qualify for the practical expedient in FASB ASC 820-10-35-59, the reporting entity should disclose its plans to sell and any remaining actions required to complete the sale(s)? [FASB ASC 820-10-50-6A] | | | |
| lowing arate scope meast finantinves sold | I No. 2010-06) Has the entity properly disclosed the fol- ng information, for each interim and annual period, sep- ly, regarding each class of investment that are within the e of paragraphs 4–5 of FASB ASC 820-10-15 and that are sured at fair value, information that enables users of its icial statements to understand the nature and risks of the estment and whether the investment are probably of being at amounts different from net asset value per share (or quivalent): | | | |
| a. | The fair value of the investments in the class, and a description of the significant investment strategies of the investments in the class? | | | |

6B.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| b. | For each class of investment that includes investments that can never be redeemed with the investees, but the reporting entity receives distributions through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the investees, the reporting entity's estimate of the period of time over which the underlying assets are expected to be liquidated by the investees? | | | |
| С. | The amount of the reporting entity's unfunded commitments related to investments in the class? | | | |
| d. | A general description of the terms and conditions upon which the investor may redeem investments in the class? | | | |
| е. | The circumstances in which an otherwise redeemable investment in the class (or a portion thereof) might not be redeemable? (<i>Note</i> : For those otherwise redeemable investments that are restricted from redemption as of the reporting entity's measurement date, the reporting entity should disclose its estimate of when the restriction from redemption might lapse. If an estimate cannot be made, the reporting entity should disclose that fact and how long the restriction has been in effect.) | | | |
| f. | Any other significant restriction on the ability to sell investments in the class at the measurement date? | | | |
| g. | If the reporting entity determines that it is probable that it will sell an investment(s) for an amount different from net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as described in FASB ASC 820-10-35-62, the reporting entity should disclose the total fair value of all investments that meet that criteria and any remaining actions required to complete the sale? | | | |
| h. | If a group of investments would otherwise meet the criteria in FASB ASC 820-10-35-62 but the individual investments to be sold have not been identified, so the investments continue to qualify for the practical expedient in FASB ASC 820-10-35-59, the reporting entity should disclose its plans to sell and any remaining actions required to complete the sale(s)? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 820-10-50-6A] | | | |
| Relation t | to Other Disclosure Requirements | | | |
| 7. Alt | hough encouraged but not required, has the entity | | | |
| a. | combined the fair value information disclosed under FASB ASC 820-10-50 with the fair value information disclosed under other FASB ASC subtopics (for example, FASB ASC 825-10-50) in the periods in which those disclosures are required, if practicable? | | | |
| b. | disclosed information about other similar measurements (for example, inventories measured at market value under FASB ASC 330, <i>Inventory</i>), if practicable? [FASB ASC 820-10-50-9] | | | |

O.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| 8. | Plan assets of a defined pension or other postretirement plan that are accounted for under FASB ASC 715, <i>Compensation—Retirement Benefits</i> , are not subject to the disclosure requirements in paragraphs 1–9 of FASB ASC 820-10-50 but are subject to disclosure requirements under FASB ASC 715-20-50-1(d)(iv) and FASB ASC 715-20-50-5(c)(iv). Have the proper disclosures been made under the listed paragraphs of FASB ASC 715? [FASB ASC 820-10-50-10] | | | |
| Fina | ncial Instruments (FASB ASC 825-10) | | | |
| Prese | entation | | | |
| Fair | Value Option—Statement of Financial Position | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented information that separates the reported assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, pursuant to the fair value option in FASB ASC 825, from the carrying amounts of similar assets measured using another measurement attribute by either | | | |
| | a. presenting the aggregate of fair value and non-fair-value amounts in the same line item in the statement of financial position and parenthetically disclosing the amount measured at fair value included in the aggregate amount, or | | | |
| | b. presenting two separate line items to display the fair value and non-fair-value carrying amounts? [FASB ASC 825-10-45 par. 1–2] | | | |
| 2. | Have deferred acquisition costs related to investment contracts been reported as an asset consistent with FASB ASC 944-30-45-2? [FASB ASC 944-825-45-1] | | | |
| Fair | Value Option—Statement of Cash Flows | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly presented cash receipts and cash payments related to items measured at fair value according to their nature and purpose as required by FASB ASC 230? [FASB ASC 825-10-45-3] | | | |
| Disci | osure | | | |

Additional Disclosure Information

The disclosure about fair values of financial instruments is optional (for annual reporting periods) for reporting entities that meet all of the following criteria:

Are nonpublic entities as defined in the FASB ASC glossary,

Applicability of This Subsection—Entities

- Have total assets of less than \$100 million on the date of the financial statements, and
- Have no instrument that, in whole or in part, is accounted for as a derivative instrument under FASB ASC 815, other than commitments related to the origination of mortgage loans to be held for sale during the reporting period.

(continued)

Yes No N/A

This criterion should be applied to the most recent year presented in comparative financial statements to determine the applicability of FASB ASC 825-10-50.

The following table clarifies the requirements for disclosures if prior periods are presented in comparative financial statements.

| | | for the Current d Are: | And Disclosures for Prior Periods Were: | Then Disclosures for Prior Periods Presented in Comparative Statements Are: |
|-----------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | Optional | | Optional | Optional |
| Optional | | | Required | Optional |
| | Required Required [FASB ASC 825-10-50 par. 3–7] | | Optional | Optional |
| | | | Required | Required |
| [FASB ASC | 825-1 | 10-50 par. 3–7] | | |
| | Tran | sactions | | |
| | 4. | | properly <i>not</i> made disclosure if the r 3 ASC 825-10-50 paragraphs 10–16 for | |
| | | other po life insu ployee | ers' and plans' obligations for pension be stretirement benefits including health carance benefits, postemployment benefits stock option and stock purchase plar ems of deferred compensation agreement | are and its, em- ns, and |
| | | | cively extinguished debt subject to the uirements of FASB ASC 405-20? | disclo- |
| | | | re contracts, other than financial gua estment contracts, as discussed in FAS | |
| | | d. Lease co | ntracts as defined in FASB ASC 840, Lea | ases? |
| | | e. Warrant | y obligations? | |
| | | | tional purchase obligations as defined in 1-10-50-2? | n FASB |
| | | accordar | ents accounted for under the equity me nce with the requirements of FASB ASC s—Equity Method and Joint Ventures? | |
| | | | crolling interests and equity investments d subsidiaries? | in con- |
| | | in stockl sition? | nstruments issued by the entity and clandlers' equity in the statement of financial SC 825-10-50-8] | |
| | Fair | Value of Financ | ial Instruments | |
| | 5. | Has the entity | properly made the following disclosure | es: |
| | | accompa | the body of the financial statements of anying notes, the fair value of financial or which it is practicable to estimate the | instru- |

| | | | <u>res</u> | <u></u> | <u>IV/A</u> |
|----|---|---|------------|---------|-------------|
| | b. | The method or methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments? | | | |
| | c. | A description of the changes in the method or methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments, if any, during the period? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-10] | | | |
| 6. | getheries lareser relate | the entity properly disclosed fair value in the notes to- er with the related carrying amount in a form that clari- both (<i>a</i>) whether the fair value and carrying amount rep- nt assets or liabilities and (<i>b</i>) how the carrying amounts e to what is reported in the statement of financial posi- or (B) ASC 825-10-50-11] | | | |
| 7. | Has discl fair v the r quire | the entity properly disclosed, if fair value information is osed in more than a single note, a summary table of the value and related carrying amounts in one note, and does note cross-reference to the location(s) of the remaining reed disclosures? BB ASC 825-10-50-12 | | | |
| 8. | fair v finar of the excepthe seral mast for a chase 45? | the entity properly <i>not</i> disclosed a net presentation of the value of financial instruments with the fair value of other notal instruments, even if those financial instruments are not same class or are otherwise considered to be related, put to the extent that the offsetting of carrying amounts in that the that the offsetting of carrying amounts in that the the principle in FASB ASC 210-20-45-1, or the exceptions for the retting arrangements in FASB ASC 815-10-45-5 and amounts related to certain repurchase and reverse repure agreements in paragraphs 11–17 of FASB ASC 210-20-65 ASC 825-10-50-15] | | | |
| 9. | sures grap estin | the entity properly made both of the following disclosifit is not practicable (see FASB ASC 825-10-50 parahs 17–19 for a definition of <i>practicable</i> in this context) to nate the fair value of a financial instrument or a class of incial instruments: | | | |
| | a. | Information pertinent to estimating the fair value of that financial instrument or class of financial instru- ments, such as the carrying amount, effective interest rate, and maturity? | | | |
| | b. | The reasons why it is not practicable to estimate fair value? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-16] | | | |

| | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|---|---|-----------|-----|
| Concentration of Credit Risk | | | |
| FASB ASC 825-10-50-22, all significant concentrations an individual counterparty or groups of count (<i>Note</i> : Group concentrations of credit risk exist if of counterparties are engaged in similar activities similar economic characteristics that would cause that to meet contractual obligations to be similarly at changes in economic or other conditions.) (<i>Note</i> : The sure applies to derivatives.) [FASB ASC 825-10-50-20] | rations of , whether erparties? a number and have heir ability ffected by | | |
| 11. Has the entity properly disclosed the following a significant concentration: (<i>Note</i> : These disclosure ments do not apply to financial instruments des FASB ASC 825-10-50-8[a], [c], [e], or [f], except for receivables and prepaid reinsurance premiums or instruments of a pension plan, including plan assets to the accounting and reporting requirements of F715.) See the preceding, with regard to derivatives. | e require- scribed in sinsurance financial , if subject | | |
| a. Information about the (shared) activity, region nomic characteristic that identifies the concentration | | | |
| b. The maximum amount of loss due to credit based on the gross fair value of the finance ment, the entity would incur if parties to the instruments that make up the concentration far pletely to perform according to the terms of tracts and the collateral or other security, if an amount due proved to be of no value to the entity of the security. | ial instru- e financial hiled com- f the con- hy, for the | | |
| c. The entity's policy of requiring collateral or curity to support financial instruments subjec- risk, information about the entity's access to t eral or other security, and the nature and a scription of the collateral or other security s those financial instruments? | et to credit hat collat- brief de- | | |
| d. The entity's policy of entering into master r rangements to mitigate the credit risk of fir struments, information about the arranger which the entity is a party, and a brief describe terms of those arrangements, including to which they would reduce the entity's amount of loss due to credit risk? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-21] | nancial in- ments for cription of the extent | | |
| 12. Are concentrations of credit risk associated with re receivables and prepaid reinsurance premiums dis a ceding entity under the provisions of FASB ASC 8 [FASB ASC 944-825-55-1] | closed for | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 13. | der have beca gene cred | a ceding entity disclosed concentrations of credit risk un- FASB ASC 825-10-50 if it is aware that reinsured risks been retroceded to a diverse group of retrocessionaires use the assuming entity's rights under retrocessions are erally not available to the ceding entity to mitigate its it risk? BB ASC 944-825-55-3] | | | |
| Marl | ket Ris | sk of All Financial Instruments | | | |
| 14. | erly of fi man of re ities haus | ough encouraged but not required, has the entity prop- disclosed quantitative information about the market risks nancial instruments that is consistent with the way it ages or adjusts those risks? Although appropriate ways porting that quantitative information will differ, possibil- include the following: (<i>Note</i> : The following is not an ex- stive list and the entity is encouraged to develop other s of reporting quantitative information.) | | | |
| | a. | More details about current positions and perhaps activity during the period? | | | |
| | b. | The hypothetical effects on comprehensive income (or net assets), or annual income, of several possible changes in market prices? | | | |
| | С. | A gap analysis of interest rate repricing or maturity dates? | | | |
| | d. | The duration of the financial instruments? | | | |
| | e. | The entity's value at risk from derivatives and from other positions at the end of the reporting period and the average value at risk during the year? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-23] | | | |
| | | Option—Required Disclosures as of Each Date for Which or Annual Statement of Financial Position Is Presented | | | |
| 15. | state form | the entity properly disclosed, as of each date for which a ment of financial position is presented, the following intation about items measured at fair value under the opin FASB ASC 825: | | | |
| | a. | Management's reasons for electing a fair value option for each eligible item or group of similar eligible items? | | | |
| | b. | The following information of the fair value option is elected for some but not all eligible items within a group of similar eligible items: | | | |
| | | i. A description of those similar items and the reasons for partial election? | | | |
| | | ii. Information to enable users to understand how the group of similar items relates to individual line items on the statement of financial position? | | | |
| | С. | The following information for each line item in the statement of financial position that includes an item or items for which the fair value option has been elected: | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| | i. | Information to enable users to understand how each line item in the statement of financial position relates to major categories of assets and liabilities presented in accordance with the fair value disclosure requirements in FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures? | | | |
| | ii. | The aggregate carrying amount of items included in each line item in the statement of financial po- sition that are not eligible for the fair value op- tion, if any? | | | |
| d. | | difference between the aggregate fair value and the regate unpaid principal balance of the following: | | | |
| | i. | Loans and long term receivables (other than securities subject to FASB ASC 320, <i>Investments—Debt and Equity Securities</i>) that have contractual principal amounts and for which the fair value option has been elected? | | | |
| | ii. | Long term debt instruments that have contractual principal amounts and for which the fair value option has been elected? | | | |
| e. | | loans held as assets for which the fair value option been elected, | | | |
| | i. | the aggregate fair value of loans that are 90 days or more past due? | | | |
| | ii. | if the entity's policy is to recognize interest in- come separately from other changes in fair value, the aggregate fair value of loans in nonaccrual status? | | | |
| | iii. | the difference between the aggregate fair value and the aggregate unpaid principal balance for loans that are 90 days or more past due, in non- accrual status, or both? | | | |
| f. | (equivest the control of the control | information required by FASB ASC 323-10-50-3 atty method and joint venture investments) for inments that would have been accounted for under equity method if the entity had not chosen to apply fair value option? (<i>Note</i> : This disclosure applies to estments in common stock, in-substance common k, and other investments that both [i] would othere be required to be accounted for under the equity hod and [ii] would be required to satisfy the rements of FASB ASC 323-10-50-3. When applying item, the entity should apply the guidance of FASB C 323-10-50-2 and FASB ASC 323-10-50-3[a] and [c].) SB ASC 825-10-50-28] | | | |

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | Value Option—Required Disclosures for Each Period for ch an Interim or Annual Income Statement Is Presented | | | |
| 16. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for each period for which an interim or annual income statement is presented, the following information about items measured at fair value under the option in FASB ASC 825: | | | |
| | a. For each line item in the statement of financial position, the amounts of gains and losses from fair value changes included in earnings during the period and in which line in the income statement those gains and losses are reported? (An entity may meet this requirement by disclosing amounts of gains and losses that include amounts of gains and losses for other items measured at fair value, such as items required to be measured at fair value.) | | | |
| | b. A description of how interest and dividends are measured and where they are reported in the income statement? | | | |
| | c. For loans and other receivables held as assets, (i) the estimated amount of gains or losses included in earnings during the period attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk and (ii) how the gains or losses attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk were determined? | | | |
| | d. For liabilities with fair values that have been significantly affected during the reporting period by changes in the instrument-specific credit risk, (i) the estimated amount of gains and losses from fair value changes included in earnings that are attributable to changes in the instrument-specific credit risk, (ii) qualitative information about the reasons for those changes, and (iii) how the gains and losses attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk were determined? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-30] | | | |
| Fair | Value Option—Other Required Disclosures | | | |
| 17. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for its annual period only, the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of items for which the fair value option has been elected? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-31] | | | |
| 18. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following information in the financial statements for the period of the election, if it had elected the fair value option at the time one of the events in FASB ASC 825-10-25-4(d)–(e) occurred: | | | |
| | <i>a</i> Qualitative information about the nature of the event? | | | |

P.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| | b. | Quantitative information by line item in the statement of financial position indicating which line items in the income statement include the effect of initially electing the fair value option for an item? [FASB ASC 825-10-50-32] | | | |
| | | nstruments—Registration Payment Arrangements | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | |
| 1. | if it is each ilar a the d GAA | the entity properly disclosed the following information, is the issuer of a registration payment arrangement, about registration payment arrangement or each group of sim-rrangements: (<i>Note</i> : These disclosures are incremental to disclosures that may be required under other applicable and are required even if the likelihood of the issuer ing to make any payments under the arrangement is respectively.) | | | |
| | a. | The nature of the registration payment, including all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. The approximate term of the arrangement? | | | |
| | | ii. The financial instrument(s) subject to the arrangement? | | | |
| | | iii. The events or circumstances that would require the issuer to transfer consideration under the ar- rangement? | | | |
| | b. | Any settlement alternatives contained in the terms of the registration payment arrangement, including the party that controls the settlement alternatives? | | | |
| | С. | The maximum potential amount of consideration, undiscounted, that the issuer could be required to transfer under the registration payment arrangement (including the maximum number of shares that may be required to be issued)? | | | |
| | d. | If the terms of the arrangement provide for no limitation to the maximum potential consideration (including shares) to be transferred, that fact should be disclosed? | | | |
| | е. | The current carrying amount of the liability representing the issuer's obligations under the registration payment arrangement? | | | |
| | f. | The income statement classification of any gains or losses resulting from changes in the carrying amount of the liability representing the issuer's obligations under the registration payment arrangement? [FASB ASC 825-20-50 par. 1–2] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|------|--|-----|----|-----|
| Q. | Fore | eign Currency Transactions (FASB ASC 830-20) | | | |
| ~ | | entation | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented the aggregate transaction gain or loss included in determining net income for the period in the financial statement or the notes thereto? [FASB ASC 830-20-45-1] | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the notes to the financial statements (if not disclosed in the financial statements, as discussed in FASB ASC 830-20-45-2), the aggregate transaction gain or loss included in determining net income for the period? [FASB ASC 830-20-50-1] | | | |
| | Sub | sequent Rate Changes | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed significant rate changes that have occurred after the date of the financial statements and the effects on unsettled balances related to foreign currency transactions? (<i>Note</i> : The disclosure should include consideration of changes in unsettled transactions from the date of the financial statements to the date that the rate changed. Further, in some cases it is not practicable to determine these changes, if so, the entity should disclose that fact.) [FASB ASC 830-20-50-2] | | | |
| | Effe | cts of Rate Changes on Results of Operations | | | |
| | 4. | Although encouraged but not required, has the entity supplemented the disclosures required by FASB ASC 830-20-50 with an analysis and discussion of the effects of rate changes on the reported results of operations? (<i>Note</i> : This type of disclosure might include the mathematical effects of translating revenue and expenses at rates that are different from those used in a preceding period as well as the economic effects of rate changes, such as the effects on selling prices, sales volume, and cost structures. The purpose is to assist financial report users in understanding the broader economic implications of rate changes and to compare recent results with those of prior periods.) [FASB ASC 830-20-50-3] | | | |
| R. | | eign Currency Matters—Translation of Financial Statements SB ASC 830-30) | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | |
| | Ana | llysis of Changes in Cumulative Translation Adjustment | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed an analysis of the changes during the period in the accumulated amount of translation adjustments reported in equity, either in a separate financial statement, as a part of the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements? (See FASB ASC 830-30-45-20 for minimum disclosure requirements.) [FASB ASC 830-30-50-1] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|----------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | Subs | sequent Rate Change | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if significant rate changes have occurred after the date of the financial statements, the rate change and its effects on unsettled balances related to foreign currency transactions, if significant? [FASB ASC 830-30-50-2] | | | |
| S. | Cap | pitalization of Interest (FASB ASC 835-20) | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following information regarding interest cost, in the financial statement or related notes: | | | |
| | | a. For accounting periods in which no interest is capitalized, the amount of interest cost incurred and charged to expense during the period? | | | |
| | | b. For an accounting period in which some interest cost is capitalized, the total amount of interest cost incurred during the period and the amount thereof that has been capitalized? [FASB ASC 835-20-50-1] | | | |
| T. | Imn | outation of Interest (FASB ASC 835-30) | | | |
| 1. | 1. 1. | If a note is noninterest bearing or has an inappropriate stated interest rate | | | |
| | | a. is the discount or premium presented as a deduction from or addition to the face amount of the note? | | | |
| | | b. does the disclosure include the effective interest rate and face amount of the note? (<i>Note:</i> See FASB ASC 835-30-55-8 for an illustration of balance sheet presentation of a discount on a note.) | | | |
| | | <i>c</i> . is amortization of discount or premium reported as interest in the income statement? | | | |
| | | d. are issue costs reported on the balance sheet as deferred charges?[FASB ASC 835-30-45 par. 1–4] | | | |
| U. | Leas | ses—Overall (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-10) | | | |
| | Pres | pentation | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented the accounts of any subsidiaries whose principal business activity is leasing property or facilities to the parent or other affiliated entities on a consolidated basis? (<i>Note</i> : The equity method is not adequate for fair presentation of those subsidiaries.) [FASB ASC 840-10-45-1] | | | |
| | Disc | closure | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed the nature and extent of leasing transactions with related parties? [FASB ASC 840-10-50-1] | | | |

V.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------|---|-----|----|-----|
| 3. | Has the entity, as a lessee, properly disclosed, in its financial statements or notes thereto, a general description of its leasing arrangements, including, but not limited to: | | | |
| | a. The basis on which contingent rental payments are determined? | | | |
| | <i>b.</i> The existence and terms of renewal or purchase options and escalation clauses? | | | |
| | Restrictions imposed by lease agreements, such as those concerning dividends, additional debt, and fur- ther leasing? [FASB ASC 840-10-50-2] | | | |
| 4. | If leasing, exclusive of leveraged leasing, is a significant part of the lessor's business activities in terms of revenue, net income, or assets, is a general description of the lessor's leasing arrangements disclosed? [FASB ASC 840-10-50-4] | | | |
| Оре | erating Leases (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-20) | | | |
| Pres | entation | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented rental costs in the lessee's income from continuing operations? [FASB ASC 840-20-45-1] | | | |
| Disc | losure | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for all operating leases, the rental expense for each period for which an income statement is presented, with separate amounts for minimum rentals, contingent rentals, and sublease rentals? (<i>Note</i> : Rental payments under leases with terms of a month or less that were not renewed need not be included.) [FASB ASC 840-20-50-1] | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed, for all operating leases having initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year (<i>a</i>) the future minimum rental payments required as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented, in aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years, and (<i>b</i>) the total of minimal rentals to be received in the future under noncancelable subleases as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented? [FASB ASC 840-20-50-2] | | | |
| 4. | If there is a modification of lease terms and the increase in lease payments is a termination penalty, is the accounting policy disclosed in accordance with FASB ASC 235, <i>Notes to Financial Statements</i> ? [FASB ASC 840-20-55-6] | | | |

W.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Capi | tal Le | ases (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-30) | | | |
| Prese | ntatio | n | | | |
| 1. | ital i ratel | the entity properly presented assets recorded under cap- leases and the accumulated amortization thereon sepa- y in the lessee's balance sheet or notes thereto? BB ASC 840-30-45-1] | | | |
| 2. | lease balar the then ance | the entity properly presented obligations under capital es and separately identified them as such in the lessee's nee sheet and have they been properly classified using same consideration as other obligations in classifying a with current and noncurrent liabilities in classified balsheets? 6B ASC 840-30-45-2] | | | |
| 3. | Has tizat erly tion state | the entity properly presented interest expense or amorion of leased assets with depreciation expense and prop- disclosed that fact, or properly presented the amortiza- charge as a separate disclosure in the financial ements or notes thereto? 6B ASC 840-30-45-3] | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | |
| 4. | | the entity properly disclosed the following information, ne financial statements or notes thereto, about capital es: | | | |
| | a. | The gross amounts of assets recorded under capital leases as of each balance-sheet date presented by major classes according to nature or function? (<i>Note</i> : This information may be combined with comparable information for owned assets.) | | | |
| | b. | The future minimum lease payments as of the latest balance sheet presented in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years with separate deductions from the total for the amount representing executory costs, including any profit thereon, included in the minimum lease payments and for the amount of imputed interest necessary to reduce net minimum lease payments to present value? | _ | _ | |
| | С. | The total of future minimum sublease rentals to be received in the future under noncancelable subleases as of the latest balance-sheet date? | | | |
| | d. | The total contingent rentals actually incurred for each period for which an income statement is presented? [FASB ASC 840-30-50-1] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A | | | |
|--------------|--|-----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| . Sa | le-Leaseback Transactions (Lessees) (FASB ASC 840-40) | | | | | | |
| | sclosure | | | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed in the financial statements, as a seller-lessee, a description of the terms of the sale-lease-back transaction including future commitments, obligations, provisions, or circumstances that require or result in the seller-lessee's continuing involvement? [FASB ASC 840-40-50-1] | | | | | | |
| | ral Estate—Transactions That Do Not Qualify for Sale-Leaseback ecounting | | | | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed in the financial statements, as a seller-lessee that has accounted for a sale-leaseback transaction by the deposit method or as a financing according to the guidance of FASB ASC 840-40, both of the following: | | | | | | |
| | a. The obligation for future minimum lease payments as of the date of the latest balance sheet presented in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years? | | | | | | |
| | b. The total of minimum sublease rentals, if any, to be received in the future under noncancelable subleases in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years? | | | | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 840-40-50-2] | | | | | | |
| | Leases—Overall (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-10) | | | | | | |
| | sclosure | | | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the nature and extent of leasing transactions with related parties? [FASB ASC 840-10-50-1] | | | | | | |
| 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the financial statements or footnotes thereto, a general description of the leasing arrangements if a significant part of the entity's business activities is leasing activity? [FASB ASC 840-10-50-4] | | | | | | |
| 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed (<i>a</i>) its accounting policy for contingent rental income, and (<i>b</i>) if a lessor accrues contingent rental income before the lessee's achievement of the specified target (provided the achievement of that target is considered probable), disclosure of the impact on rental income presented as if the lessor's accounting policy was to defer contingent rental income until the specified target is met? | | | | | | |
| | [FASB ASC 840-10-50-5] | | | | | | |
| . O j | perating Leases (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-20) | | | | | | |
| Pr | esentation | | | | | | |
| 1. | Has the entity properly presented leased property with or near property, plant, and equipment in the balance sheet? [FASB ASC 840-20-45-2] | | | | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|-------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | 2. | Has the entity properly presented accumulated depreciation as a deduction in the investment in the leased property in the balance sheet? [FASB ASC 840-20-45-3] | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the financial statements or footnotes thereto, the following, if a significant part of the entity's business activities are the result of leasing activity: | | | |
| | | a. The cost and carrying amount (if different) of property on lease or held for leasing by major classes of property according to nature and function, and the amount of accumulated depreciation in total as of the latest bal- ance-sheet date? | | | |
| | | b. The minimum future rentals on noncancelable leases as of the latest balance-sheet date presented, in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years? | | | |
| | | c. The total contingent rentals included in income for each period for which an income statement is presented? [FASB ASC 840-20-50-4] | | | |
| AA. | Cap | ital Leases (Lessors) (FASB ASC 840-30) | | | |
| | Prese | entation | | | |
| | Sales | s-Type Leases and Direct Financing Leases | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented the net investment in a sales-type or direct financing lease(s) using the same considerations as other assets in classification as current or noncurrent assets in a classified balance sheet? [FASB ASC 840-30-45-4] | | | |
| | Leve | eraged Leases | | | |
| | 2. | Has the entity properly presented, for the purposes of presenting the investment in a leveraged lease, the amount of related deferred taxes separately from the remainder of the net investment, in the balance sheet, and the amount of pretax income, the tax effect of pretax income, and the amount of investment tax credit recognized, separately, in the income statement or notes thereto? [FASB ASC 840-30-45-5] | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | |
| | Sales | s-Type Leases and Direct Financing Leases | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in the financial statements or footnotes thereto, the following, if a significant part of the entity's business activities are the result of sales-type and di- rect financing leasing activity: | | | |
| | | a. The components of the net investment in sales-type and direct financing leases as of each balance-sheet date: | | | |

| | | | | <u>res</u> | <u> NO</u> | NIA |
|-------|---|--|---|------------|------------|-----|
| | | i. | Future minimum lease payments to be received, with separate deductions for (1) amounts representing executory costs, including any profit thereon, included in minimum lease payments and (2) the accumulated allowances for uncollectible minimum lease payments receivable? | | | |
| | | ii. | The unguaranteed residual values accruing to the benefit of the lessor? | | | |
| | | iii. | For direct financing leases only, initial direct costs? | | | |
| | | iv. | Unearned income? | | | |
| | b. | each | future minimum lease payments to be received for of the five succeeding fiscal years as of the latest nee sheet presented? | | | |
| | С. | perio | total contingent rentals included in income for each od for which an income statement is presented? B ASC 840-30-50-4] | | | |
| Leve | raged | Leases | S | | | |
| 4. | stater 25-8, | ments, if a si | tity properly disclosed, in the notes to the financial, the following, as set forth in FASB ASC 840-30-gnificant part of the entity's business activities are of leveraged leasing activity: | | | |
| | a. | Renta | als receivable? | | | |
| | b. | Inves | stment-tax-credit receivable? | | | |
| | С. | Estin | nated residual value of the leased asset? | | | |
| | d. | | rrned and deferred income? B ASC 840-30-50-5] | | | |
| 5. | on le nifica incom reaso for th | verage int va ne tax in for t | tity properly disclosed, if accounting for the effect ed leases of the change in tax rates results in a significant from the customary relationship between a expense and pretax accounting income and the that variation is not otherwise apparent, the reason riation? | | | |
| Noni | nonet | ary Tı | ransactions (FASB ASC 845-10) | | | |
| Discl | osure | | | | | |
| 1. | | | ntity properly disclosed the following, related to arry transactions during the period: | | | |
| | a. | The 1 | nature of the transactions? | | | |
| | b. | The l | pasis of accounting for the assets transferred? | | | |
| | С. | | gains or losses recognized on the transfers? B ASC 845-10-50-1] | | | |

BB.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|--------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | 2. | Has the entity properly disclosed, in each period's financial statements, the amount of gross operating revenue recognized as a result of nonmonetary transactions (see FASB ASC 505-50)? [FASB ASC 845-10-50-2] | | | |
| | Purch | hase and Sale of Inventory | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed the amount of revenue and costs (or gains and losses) associated with inventory exchanges recognized at fair value? [FASB ASC 845-10-50-3] | | | |
| CC. | Relat | ted Party Disclosures (FASB ASC 850-10) | | | |
| | Discle | • | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following for material related party transactions, other than compensation arrangements, expense allowances, and other similar items in the ordinary course of business (excluding any that are eliminated in the preparation of consolidated or combined financial statements): | | | |
| | | <i>a.</i> The nature of the relationship(s) involved? | | | |
| | | b. A description of the transactions, including transactions to which no amounts or nominal amounts were ascribed, for each of the periods for which income statements are presented, and such other information deemed necessary to an understanding of the effects of the transactions on the financial statements? | | | |
| | | c. The dollar amounts of transactions for each of the periods for which income statements are presented and the effect of any change in the method of establishing the terms from that used in the preceding period? | | | |
| | | d. Amounts due from or to related parties as of the date of each balance sheet presented and, if not otherwise apparent, the terms and manner of settlement? | | | |
| | | e. If the entity issues separate financial statements and is a member of a group that files a consolidate tax return, | | | |
| | | i. the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax expense for each statement of earnings presented and the amount of any tax-related balances due to or from affiliates as of the date of each state- ment of financial position presented? | | | |
| | | ii. the principal provisions of the method by which the consolidated amount of current and deferred tax expense is allocated to members of the group and the nature and effect of any changes in that method (and in determining related balances to or from affiliates) during the years for which the preceding disclosures are presented? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-1] | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|------|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| | 2. | Has the entity shown separately notes or accounts receivable from officers, employees, or affiliated entities and not included them under a general heading (such as notes receivable or accounts receivable)? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-2] | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity properly disclosed, if necessary to understand the relationship, the name of the related party? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-3] | | | |
| | 4. | Has the entity properly <i>not</i> disclosed duplicate disclosures in a separate set of financial statements that are presented in the financial report of another entity (the primary entity) if those separate financial statements are also consolidated or combined in a complete set of financial statements and both sets of financial statements are presented in the same financial report? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-4] | | _ | |
| | Purc | chase and Sales of Inventory | | | |
| | 5. | Has the entity properly disclosed representations about transactions with related parties in such a manner that they avoid the implication that the related party transactions were consummated at arm's length, or if such implications are made, can they be substantiated? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-5] | | | |
| | Con | trol Relationships | | | |
| | 6. | If the reporting entity and one or more other entities are under common ownership or common control and the existence of that control could result in operating results or financial position of the reporting entity being significantly different from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous, has the entity properly disclosed the nature of a control relationship, even if there are no transactions between the entities? [FASB ASC 850-10-50-6] | | | |
| DD. | Reo | rganizations (FASB ASC 852-10 and FASB ASC 852-20) | | | |

Additional Presentation and Disclosure Information

For entities involved in reorganizations, see FASB ASC 852-10 for presentation and disclosure information. For entities involved in quasi-reorganizations, see FASB ASC 852-20 for presentation and disclosure information.

EE.

| | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---|--|---|
| esequent Events (FASB ASC 855-10)32 | | | |
| elosure | | | |
| es Through Which Subsequent Events Have Been Evaluated | | | |
| Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding subsequent events: | | | |
| a. The date through which subsequent events have been evaluated? | | | |
| b. Whether the date disclosed in item (a) is the date the financial statements were issued, or the date the financial statements were available to be issued? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-1] | | | |
| - | | | |
| Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding nonrecognized subsequent events such that the financial statements are kept from being misleading: | | | |
| a. The nature of the event? | | | |
| b. An estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made?IFASB ASC 855-10-50-21 | | | |
| Has the entity considered disclosing, regarding significant nonrecognized subsequent events, historical financial statements with pro forma financial data, including the presentation of pro forma statements (usually a balance sheet only, in columnar form on the face of the historical statements)? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-3] | | | |
| ssuance of Financial Statements | | | |
| Has the entity properly disclosed in revised financial statements the dates through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both the issued or available to be issued financial statements and in the revised financial statements? | | | |
| | subsequent events: a. The date through which subsequent events have been evaluated? b. Whether the date disclosed in item (a) is the date the financial statements were issued, or the date the financial statements were available to be issued? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-1] precognized Subsequent Events Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding nonrecognized subsequent events such that the financial statements are kept from being misleading: a. The nature of the event? b. An estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-2] Has the entity considered disclosing, regarding significant nonrecognized subsequent events, historical financial statements with pro forma financial data, including the presentation of pro forma statements (usually a balance sheet only, in columnar form on the face of the historical statements)? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-3] suance of Financial Statements Has the entity properly disclosed in revised financial statements the dates through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both the issued or available to be issued financial. | es Through Which Subsequent Events Have Been Evaluated Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding subsequent events: a. The date through which subsequent events have been evaluated? b. Whether the date disclosed in item (a) is the date the financial statements were issued, or the date the financial statements were available to be issued? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-1] precognized Subsequent Events Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding nonrecognized subsequent events such that the financial statements are kept from being misleading: a. The nature of the event? b. An estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-2] Has the entity considered disclosing, regarding significant nonrecognized subsequent events, historical financial statements with pro forma financial data, including the presentation of pro forma statements (usually a balance sheet only, in columnar form on the face of the historical statements)? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-3] Issuance of Financial Statements Has the entity properly disclosed in revised financial statements the dates through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both the issued or available to be issued financial statements and in the revised financial statements? | es Through Which Subsequent Events Have Been Evaluated Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding subsequent events: a. The date through which subsequent events have been evaluated? b. Whether the date disclosed in item (a) is the date the financial statements were issued, or the date the financial statements were available to be issued? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-1] precognized Subsequent Events Has the entity properly disclosed the following regarding nonrecognized subsequent events such that the financial statements are kept from being misleading: a. The nature of the event? b. An estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-2] Has the entity considered disclosing, regarding significant nonrecognized subsequent events, historical financial statements with pro forma financial data, including the presentation of pro forma statements (usually a balance sheet only, in columnar form on the face of the historical statements)? [FASB ASC 855-10-50-3] Essuance of Financial Statements Has the entity properly disclosed in revised financial statements the dates through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both the issued or available to be issued financial statements and in the revised financial statements? |

³² In February 2010, FASB issued ASU No. 2010-09, *Subsequent Events (Topic 855): Amendments to Certain Recognition and Disclosure Requirements*. This ASU amends the guidance to require entities (except Securities and Exchange Commission [SEC] filers and conduit debt obligors [CDOs]) to evaluate subsequent events through the date that the financial statements are available to be issued. SEC filers and CDOs should evaluate subsequent events through the date the financial statements are issued. Entities other than SEC filers should disclose both the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated and whether that date is the "issued" date or "available to be issued" date.

The amendments in this ASU were effective immediately upon issuance, except for CDOs. The amendments in this ASU are effective for CDOs for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2010 (that is, December 31, 2010, for entities with calendar year-ends).

This checklist has been updated to include the presentation and disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2010-09.

Readers can refer to the full text of the ASU on the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

Y<u>es</u> NoN/ATransfers and Servicing (FASB ASC 860-10)³³ Disclosure Additional Disclosure Information FASB ASC 860-10-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public companies. See the following "Public Entity Disclosures" section for required disclosures specific to public entities. If it is not practicable to estimate the fair value of certain assets obtained or liabilities incurred in transfers of financial assets during the period, has the entity disclosed a description of those items and the reasons why it is not practicable to estimate their fair value? [FASB ASC 860-10-50-1] Note (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded by ASU No. 2009-16. ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-10-50-1] Public Entity Disclosures Public Entities—Disclosure Objectives Has the public entity properly disclosed the following: A transferor's continuing involvement with financial a. assets that it has transferred in a securitization or assetbacked financing arrangement? The nature of any restrictions on assets reported by an b. entity in its statement of financial position that related to a transferred financial asset, including the carrying amounts of such assets? How servicing assets and servicing liabilities are re-С. ported under FASB ASC 860-50? For securitization or asset-backed financing arranged. ments accounted for as sales if a transferor has continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets and transfers of financial assets accounted for as secured borrowings, how the transfer of financial assets affects an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows? [FASB ASC 860-10-50-3] 2B. (ASU No. 2009-16) Has the public entity properly disclosed, in order to meet the objectives of the public entity disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 860, the following in order to provide the financial statement users an understanding of the following: A transferor's continuing involvement, if any, with transferred financial assets?

³³ See footnote 4.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| | b. | The nature of any restrictions on assets reported by an entity in its statement of financial position that related to a transferred financial asset, including the carrying amounts of such assets? | | | |
| | с. | How servicing assets and servicing liabilities are reported under FASB ASC 860-50? | | | |
| | d. | For both of the following, how the transfer of financial assets affects an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows: | | | |
| | | i. Transfers accounted for as sales, if a transferor has continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets? | | | |
| | | ii. Transfers of financial assets accounted for as secured borrowing?["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-10-50-3] | | | |
| 3A. | ASC to the ferred entity quire on the continuous contin | the public entity properly disclosed the items in FASB 860-10-50-3 in a manner that clearly and fully explains e financial statements users the risks related to the transd financial assets and any restrictions on the assets of the y? (<i>Note</i> : The entity may need to supplement the red public-entity disclosures of FASB ASC 860 depending he facts and circumstances of a transfer and the entity's nuing involvement with the transferred financial assets.) B ASC 860-10-50-4] | | _ | |
| 3B. | depe parti- ered | I No. 2009-16) Has the public entity achieved the objectin FASB ASC 860-10-50-3 through their disclosures, reless of whether any of the specific disclosures of FASB 860, including any possible supplemental disclosures nding on the following apply (disclosures required for a cular form of continuing involvement should be considwhen determining whether the disclosure objectives of 3 ASC 860 have been met): | | | |
| | a. | The facts and circumstances of the transfer? | | | |
| | b. | The nature of an entity's continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets? | | | |
| | C. | The effect of an entity's continuing involvement on the transferor's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-10-50-4] | | | |
| Publi | c Enti | ties—Aggregation of Certain Disclosures | | | |
| 4. | the fo | <i>I No.</i> 2009-16) Has the public entity properly disclosed ollowing, if it aggregates disclosures for similar transfers separate reporting would not provide more information: | | | |
| | a. | How similar transfers are aggregated? | | | |

Vac

Ma

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | b. | A distinguishment between transfers that are accounted for as secured borrowings and transfers that are accounted for as sales? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-10-50-4A] | | | |
| | 5A. | aggreportititation of the determinant trans [a] the tytrans to be feror ance | the public entity properly disclosed the following, if it egates disclosures for similar transfers (and separate reng would not provide more information): (<i>Note</i> : Quanve and qualitative information about the characteristics e transferred financial assets should be considered when mining whether to aggregate disclosures for multiple fers. Consideration should be given to, at a minimum, he nature of the transferor's continuing involvement, [b] types of financial assets transferred, [c] risks related to the ferred financial assets to which the transferor continues a exposed after the transfer and the change in the transfer risk profile as a result of the transfer, and [d] the guid-of FASB ASC 310-10-50-25 and FASB ASC 825-10-55 parches 1–2.) | | | |
| | | a. | A distinguishment between transfers that are accounted for as secured borrowings and transfers that are accounted for as sales? | | | |
| | | b. | A distinguishment between transfers to qualifying spe- cial-purpose entities accounted for as sales and all other transactions accounted for as sales? | | | |
| | | | [FASB ASC 860-10-50-5] ³⁴ | | | |
| GG. | Sales | of Fi | nancial Assets (FASB ASC 860-20)35 | | | |
| | Discl | osure | | | | |

Additional Disclosure Information

FASB ASC 860-20-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public companies. See the following "Public Entity Disclosures" section for required disclosures specific to public entities.

Nonpublic Entities—Financial Assets Securitized³⁶

Has the entity properly disclosed the following, for each major asset type, if it has securitized financial assets during any period presented and accounts for that transfer as a sale:

 $^{^{34} \ \}textit{"Pending Content"} \ in \ FASB \ ASC \ 860-10-50-5 \ removes \ the \ requirements \ from \ FASB \ ASC \ 860-10-50-5 \ regarding \ a \ distinguishment$ between transfers that are accounted for as secured borrowings and transfers that are accounted for as sales and a distinguishment between transfers to qualifying special-purpose entities accounted for as sales and all other transactions accounted for as sales. Entities subject to FASB ASU No. 2009-16 should refer to "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-10-50-5 for more information.

³⁶ At the effective date of ASU No. 2009-16, the title of this section will change to *Nonpublic Entities—Disclosures for Each Income Statement* Presented.

| | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | NIA |
|----|---|------------|-----------|-----|
| a. | Its accounting policies for initially measuring the interests that continue to be held by the transferor, if any, and servicing assets or servicing liabilities, if any, including the methodology (whether quoted market price, prices based on sales of similar assets and liabilities, or prices based on valuation techniques) used in determining their fair value? | | | |
| b. | The characteristics of securitizations (a description of the transferor's continuing involvement with the trans- ferred assets, including, but not limited to, servicing, recourse, and restrictions on interests that continue to be held by the transferor) and the gain or loss from sale of financial assets in securitizations? | | | |
| с. | The key assumptions used in measuring the fair value of interests that continue to be held by the transferor and servicing assets or servicing liabilities, if any, at the time of securitization (including, at a minimum, quantitative information about discount rates, expected prepayments including the expected weighted-average life of prepayable financial assets, and anticipated credit losses, if applicable)? (If any entity has made multiple securitizations of the same major asset type during a period, it may disclose the range of assumptions.) | | | |
| d. | Cash flows between the securitization special purpose entity and the transferor, unless reported separately elsewhere in the financial statements or notes (including proceeds from new securitizations, proceeds from collections reinvested in revolving-period securitizations, purchases of delinquent or foreclosed loans, servicing fees, and cash flows received on interests that continue to be held by the transferor)? [FASB ASC 860-20-50-3] | | | |
| | No. 2009-16) Has the entity properly disclosed the folg, for each income statement period presented, the folg: | | | |
| a. | The characteristics of the transfer, including (i) a description of the transferor's continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets, (ii) the nature and fair value of the assets obtained as proceeds and the liabilities incurred in the transfer, and (iii) the gain or loss from the sale of transferred financial assets? | | | |
| b. | For the initial fair value measurements in item (<i>a</i>), the level within the fair value hierarchy, as described in FASB ASC 820, in which fair value measurements fall, segregating fair value measurements into each "level?" | | | |

1B.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | С. | For the initial fair value measurements in item (<i>a</i>), the key inputs and assumptions used in measuring the fair value of assets obtained and liabilities incurred as a result of the sale that relate to the transferor's continuing involvement, including quantitative information about all of the following: | | | |
| | | i. Discount rates? | | | |
| | | ii. Expected prepayments including the expected weighted-average life of prepayable financial assets? | | | |
| | | iii. Anticipated credit losses, including expected static pool losses? | | | |
| | d. | For the initial fair value measurements in item (<i>a</i>), the valuation technique(s) used to measure fair value? | | | |
| | e. | Cash flows between a transferor and transferee, including (i) proceeds from new transfers, (ii) proceeds from collections reinvested in revolving-period transfers, (iii) purchases of previously transferred financial assets, (iv) servicing fees, and (v) cash flows received from a transferor's interests? | | | |
| | | ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-20-50-3] | | | |
| 2A. | Has that has in cial a ing li date of | Entities—Interests That Continue to Be Held ³⁷ the entity properly disclosed the following, if the entity interests that continue to be held by a transferor in finansesets that is has securitized or servicing assets or serviciabilities relating to assets that it has securitized, at the of the latest statement of financial position presented, for major asset type: | | | |
| | a. | Its accounting policies for subsequently measuring those interest, including the methodology used in de- termining their fair value? | | | |
| | b. | The key assumptions used in subsequently measuring the fair value of those interests including, at a minimum, quantitative information about (i) discount rates, (ii) expected prepayments including the expected weighted-average life of prepayable financial assets, and (iii) anticipated credit losses, if applicable? | | | |
| | С. | A sensitivity analysis or stress test showing the hypothetical effect on the fair value of those interests (including any servicing assets or servicing liabilities) of two or more unfavorable variations from the expected levels for each key assumption that is reported under item (<i>b</i>) independently from any change in another key assumption? | | | |
| | d. | A description of the objectives, methodology, and limitations of the sensitivity analysis or stress test? | | | |

³⁷ See footnote 36.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|-------|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| | е. | | the securitized assets and any other financial assets it manages together with them, | | | |
| | | i. | the total principal amount outstanding, the portion that has been derecognized, and the portion that continues to be recognized in each category reported in the statement of financial position, at the end of the period? | | | |
| | | ii. | delinquencies at the end of the period? | | | |
| | | iii. | credit losses, net of recoveries, during the period? [FASB ASC 860-20-50-4] | | | |
| 2B. | lowii | ng, fo | 2009-16) Has the entity properly disclosed the folreach statement of financial presented, regardless transfer occurred, the following: | | | |
| | a. | trans nanc with cont trans tinue that | litative and quantitative information about the sferor's continuing involvement with transferred ficial assets that provides financial statement users sufficient information to assess the reasons for the inuing involvement and the risks related to the sferred financial assets to which the transferor concess to be exposed after the transfer and the extent the transferor's risk profile has changed as a result the transfer, including the following: | | | |
| | | i. | The total principal amount outstanding? | | | |
| | | ii. | The amount that has been derecognized? | | | |
| | | iii. | The amount that continues to be recognized in the statement of financial position? | | | |
| | | iv. | The terms of any arrangements that could require the transferor to provide financial support to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including (1) a description of any events or circumstances that could expose the transferor to loss and (2) the amount of the maximum exposure to loss? | | | |
| | | v. | Whether the transformer has provided financial or other support during the periods presented that it was not previously contractually required to provide to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including (1) the type and amount of support and (2) the primary reason for providing the support? | | | |
| | | vi. | Although encouraged, but not required, information about any liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments by third parties related to the transferred financial assets that may affect the fair value or risk of the related transferor's interest? | | | |

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----|------------------------|--|------------|-----------|-----|
| | b. | The entity's accounting policies for subsequently measuring assets or liabilities that relate to the continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets? | | | |
| | c. | The key inputs and assumptions used in measuring the fair value of those interests including, at a minimum, quantitative information about (i) discount rates, (ii) expected prepayments including the expected weighted-average life of prepayable financial assets, and (iii) anticipated credit losses, if applicable? (<i>Note</i> : If the entity has aggregated transfers during a period in accordance with FASB ASC 860-10-50-5, it may disclose the range of assumptions.) | | | |
| | d. | A sensitivity analysis or stress test showing the hypothetical effect on the fair value of those interests (including any servicing assets or servicing liabilities) of two or more unfavorable variations from the expected levels for each key assumption that is reported under item (<i>b</i>) independently from any change in another key assumption? | | | |
| | e. | A description of the objectives, methodology, and limitations of the sensitivity analysis or stress test? | | | |
| | f. | Information about the asset quality of transferred financial assets and any other financial assets that it manages together with them? (<i>Note</i> : This information should be separated between assets that have been derecognized and assets that continue to be recognized in the statement of financial position. This information is intended to provide financial statement users with an understanding of the risks inherent in the transferred financial assets as well as in other financial assets and liabilities that it manages together with transferred financial assets.) ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-20-50-4] | | | |
| | intities ivable | Within the Scope of Subtopic—Sales of Loans and Trade | | | |
| 3. | gains ing a cost the n | the entity properly disclosed the aggregate amount of s or losses on sales of loans or trade receivables (includidjustments to record loans held for sale at the lower of or fair value) separately in the financial statements or in lotes to the financial statements? B ASC 860-20-50-5] ³⁸ | | | |

 $^{^{38}}$ "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-20-50-5 will not change the disclosure requirements on FASB ASC 860-20-50-5 and has not been included in this checklist.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|---|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| Publi | ic Entity Disclosures | | | | |
| Publi | ic Entities | | | | |
| 4A. | Entities If specific disclosures are required elsewhere in FASB ASC for a particular form of the transferor's continuing involvement, has the public entity properly disclosed the information required in paragraphs 8(b) and 9(a) of FASB ASC 860-20-50 with a cross reference between the separate notes to the financial statements so that a user can understand the risks retained in the transfer, if, other specific disclosures required by FASB ASC are made elsewhere? (Note: The entity is not required to provide each specific disclosure in FASB ASC 860-20-50-8(a), 860-20-50-8(c), 860-20-50-9(a)(1)-(4), and 860-20-50-9(b)-(e) if the disclosure is not required by other U.S. GAAP and if it is not meaningful to financial statement users.) [FASB ASC 860-20-50-7] Note (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded by ASU No. 2009-16. ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-20-50-7] Entities—Disclosures for Each Income Statement Presented tation Has the public entity properly disclosed, for each income statement presented, the following related to securitization or asset-backed financing arrangements accounted for as sales if the transferor has continuing involvement: a. Its accounting policies for initially measuring the interests that continue to be held by the transferor, if any, and servicing assets or servicing liabilities, if any? b. The characteristics of the transfer including a description of the transferor's continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets and the gain or loss from the sale of transferred assets? c. Cash flows between a transferee and the transferor, including proceeds from new transfers, proceeds from collections reinvested in revolving-period transfers, purchases of previously transferred financial assets (or its underlying collateral), servicing fees, and cash flows received on the interests that continue to be held by the | | | | |
| | by ASU No. 2009-16. | · | | | |
| Publi | ic Entities—Disclosures for Each Income | e Statement Presented | | | |
| Prese | entation | | | | |
| 5A. | statement presented, the following rela asset-backed financing arrangements a | ated to securitization or accounted for as sales if | | | |
| | ests that continue to be held by | the transferor, if any, | | | |
| | tion of the transferor's continuin transferred financial assets and | g involvement with the | | | |
| | cluding proceeds from new tra collections reinvested in revo purchases of previously transfer its underlying collateral), servici | ansfers, proceeds from lving-period transfers, rred financial assets (or ing fees, and cash flows | | | |
| | Note (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraphy ASU No. 2009-16. ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860 | - | | | |

Yes

No

N/A

Public Entities—Disclosures for Each Statement of Financial Position Presented Has the public entity properly disclosed, for each statement of financial position presented, the following related to securitization or asset-backed financing arrangements accounted for as sales if the transferor has continuing involvement: Qualitative and quantitative information about the transferor's continuing involvement with transferred financial assets that provides financial statement users with sufficient information to assess the reasons for the continuing involvement and the risks related to the transferred financial assets to which the transferor continues to be exposed after the transfer and the extent that the transferor's risk profile has changed as a result of the transfer (including, but not limited to, credit risk, interest rate risk, and other risks), including all of the following: The nature, purpose, size, and activities of special-purpose entities used to facilitate a transfer of financial assets, if applicable, including how the special-purpose entities are financed? ii. The total principal amount outstanding, the portion that has been derecognized, and the amount that continues to be recognized in each category reported in the statement of financial position? iii. The terms of any arrangements that could require the transferor to provide financial support (for example, liquidity arrangements and obligations to purchase assets) to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including a description of any events or circumstances that could expose the transferor to loss. All available evidence should be considered, including, but not limited to all of the following: (1) explicit (2) communications written arrangements, between the transferor and the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, and (3) unwritten arrangements customary to similar transfers? Whether the transferor has provided financial or iv other support during the periods presented that it was not previously contractually required to provide to the transferee or its beneficial interest holders, including—when the transferor assisted the transferee or its beneficial interest holders in obtaining support—both the type and amount of support and the primary reasons for the support?

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|----|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | v. Although encouraged, but not required, information about any liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments by third parties related to the transferred financial assets that may affect the fair value or risk of the interest that continues to be held by the transferor? | | | |
| | | b. The accounting policies for subsequently measuring assets or liabilities that relate to the continuing involvement with the transferred financial assets? | | | |
| | | c. The key inputs and assumptions used in measuring the fair value of assets or liabilities that relate to the transferor's continuing involvement including, at a minimum, quantitative information about (i) discount rates, (ii) expected prepayments, including the expected weighted-average life of prepayable financial assets, and (iii) anticipated credit losses, including expected static pool losses? | | | |
| | | d. For interests that continue to be held by the transferor in financial assets, both of the following: i. A sensitivity analysis or stress test showing the hypothetical effect on the fair value of those interests, including any servicing assets or servicing liabilities, of two or more unfavorable variations from the expected levels for each key assumption that is reported under item (c), independently from any change in another key assumption? ii. A description of the objectives, methodology, and limitations of the sensitivity analysis or | | | |
| | | stress test? e. Information about the asset quality of transferred financial assets and any other financial assets that it manages together with them? [FASB ASC 860-20-50-9] | | | |
| | | Note (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded by ASU No. 2009-16. ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-20-50-9] | | | |
| нн. | | ared Borrowing and Collateral (FASB ASC 860-30) ³⁹ | | | |
| | 1. | Has the entity properly presented a collateral asset, which the secured party has the right by contract or custom to sell or repledge, separately from other assets not so encumbered, in its statement of financial position? [FASB ASC 860-30-45-1] | | | |

³⁹ See footnote 36.

| | | Yes | · - | No | | V/A |
|-------|---|-----|----------------|-----|------------|------|
| 2. | Has the entity properly presented liabilities incurred by either the secured party or the obligor in securities borrowing or resale transactions separately? [FASB ASC 860-30-45-2] | | | | . <u>-</u> | |
| Discl | | | | | | |
| | Additional Disclosure Information | | | | | |
| | 80-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public comp sclosures" section for required disclosures specific to public entit | | See | the | follov | ving |
| Non | public Entities—Collateral | | | | | |
| 3A. | Has the entity properly disclosed the following, regarding collateral: | | | | | |
| | a. If the entity has entered into repurchase agreements or securities lending transactions, its policy for requiring collateral or other security? | | | | . <u>-</u> | |
| | b. If the entity has pledged any of its assets as collateral that are not reclassified and separately reported in the statement of financial position pursuant to FASB ASC 860-30-25-5(a), the carrying amount and classification of those assets as of the date of the latest statement of financial position presented? | | _ | | _ | |
| | c. If the entity has accepted collateral that it is permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge, the fair value (as of the date of each statement of financial position presented) of that collateral and of the portion of that collateral that it has sold or repledged, and information about the sources and uses of that collateral? [FASB ASC 860-30-50-1A] | | | | | |
| 3B. | (ASU No. 2009-16) Has the entity properly disclosed the following, regarding collateral: | | | | | |
| | a. If the entity has entered into repurchase agreements or securities lending transactions, its policy for requiring collateral or other security? | | . <u> </u> | | . <u>-</u> | |
| | b. As of the date of the latest statement of financial position presented, the carrying amount and classifications of any assets pledged as collateral that are not reclassified and separately reported in the statement of financial position in accordance with FASB ASC 860-30-25-5(a) and associated liabilities, and qualitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and associated liabilities? | | | | | |
| | c. If the entity has accepted collateral that it is permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge, the fair value (as of the date of each statement of financial position presented) of that collateral and of the portion of that collateral that it has sold or repledged, and information about the sources and uses of that collateral? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-30-50-1A] | | | | · <u>-</u> | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------------|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| Nonp 4A. | Has natur the pobliga | Entities—Restricted Assets the entity properly disclosed the description of the re of restrictions placed on any assets set aside solely for purpose of satisfying scheduled payments of a specific ration? B ASC 860-30-50-2] | | | |
| | by As | (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded SU No. 2009-16. Inding Content" in FASB ASC 860-30-50-2] | | | |
| Publi | c Entit | ty Disclosures | | | |
| | | ties—Collateral | | | |
| 5A. | | the public entity properly disclosed the following, eding collateral: | | | |
| | a. | The policy for requiring collateral or other security disclosed if the reporting entity has entered into repurchase agreements or securities lending transactions? | | | |
| | b. | If the entity has pledged any assets as collateral, the carrying amount, and classification of those assets and associated liabilities as of the date of the latest statement of financial position presented, including qualitative information about the relationship(s) between those assets and associated liabilities? | | | |
| | С. | If the entity has accepted collateral that is permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge, the following: i. The fair value, as of the date of each statement of financial position presented of that collateral? | | | |
| | | ii. The fair value, as of the date of each statement of financial position presented of the portion of that collateral that it has sold or repledged? | | | |
| | | iii. Information about the sources and uses of that collateral? [FASB ASC 860-30-50-4] | | | |
| | by As | (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded SU No. 2009-16. ading Content" in FASB ASC 860-30-50-4] | | | |
| Publi | c Enti | ties—Secured Borrowings | | | |
| 6A. | Has to of find carry liability position quality | the public entity properly disclosed, regarding a transfer nancial assets accounted for as a secured borrowing, the ring amount and classification of assets and associated ities recognized in the transferor's statement of financial ion at the end of each period presented, including tative information about the relationship(s) between assets and associated liabilities? | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|--|-----|-----------|----------|
| | Note (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded by ASU No. 2009-16. ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-30-50-5] | | | |
| II. | Servicing Assets and Liabilities (FASB ASC 860-50) ⁴⁰ Presentation | | | |
| | 1. Has the entity properly presented recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities that are subsequently measured using the fair value measurement method in a manner that separates those carrying amounts on the face of the statement of financial position from the carrying amounts for separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities that are subsequently measured using the amortization method? [FASB ASC 860-50-45-1] | | | |
| | 2. Has the entity properly presented the information, in order to accomplish the separate reporting in FASB ASC 860-40-45-1, either by (a) displaying separate line items for the amounts that are subsequently measured using the fair value measurement method and amounts that are subsequently measured using the amortization method, or (b) presenting the aggregate of those amounts that are subsequently measured at fair value and those amounts that are subsequently measured using the amortization method and by disclosing parenthetically the amount that is subsequently measured at fair value is included in the aggregate amount? [FASB ASC 860-50-45-2] | | | |
| | Disclosure | | | |
| | Additional Disclosure Information C 860-50-50 contains disclosures for both nonpublic and public compatity Disclosures" section for required disclosures specific to public entity | | ee the fo | ollowing |
| | Nonpublic Entities—All Servicing Assets and Servicing Liabilities 3A. Has the public entity properly disclosed the following regarding all servicing assets and servicing liabilities: a. Management's basis for determining its classes of servicing assets and servicing liabilities? b. A description of the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities and, if applicable, the instruments used to mitigate the income statement effect of changes in fair value of the servicing assets and servicing liabilities? (Disclosure of quantitative information about the instruments used to manage the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities, including the fair value of those instruments at the beginning and end of the period, is encouraged but not required.) | | | |

 $^{^{40}}$ See footnote 36.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----------------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| С. | The amount of <i>contractually specified servicing fees</i> (as defined in the FASB ASC glossary), late fees, and ancillary fees earned for each period for which results of operations are presented, including a description of where each amount is reported in the statement of income? [FASB ASC 860-50-50-2] | | | |
| follo | <i>U</i> No. 2009-16) Has the entity properly disclosed the owing regarding all servicing assets and servicing ilities: | | | |
| a. | Management's basis for determining its classes of servicing assets and servicing liabilities? | | | |
| b. | A description of the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities and, if applicable, the instruments used to mitigate the income statement effect of changes in fair value of the servicing assets and servicing liabilities? | | | |
| c. | The amount of <i>contractually specified servicing fees</i> (as defined in the FASB ASC glossary), late fees, and ancillary fees earned for each period for which results of operations are presented, including a description of where each amount is reported in the statement of income? | | | |
| d. | Quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate fair value? | | | |
| e. | Although not required, the entity is encouraged to disclose quantitative information about the instruments used to manage the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities, including the fair value of those instruments at the beginning and the end of the period, and quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of those instruments? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-2] | | | |
| | Entities—Servicing Assets and Servicing Liabilities only Measured at Fair Value | | | |
| 4A. Has serv | the entity properly disclosed the following regarding all icing assets and servicing liabilities subsequently sured at fair value: For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets and the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities (including a description of where changes in fair value are reported in the statement of income for each period for which results of operations are presented), | | | |
| | including, but not limited to, the following: i. The beginning and ending balances? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|------------|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| | ii. | Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumptions of servicing obligations, and servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets)? | | | |
| | iii. | Disposals? | | | |
| | iv. | Changes in the fair value during the period resulting from changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in the valuation model? | | | |
| | v. | Changes in the fair value during the period resulting from other changes in fair value and a description of those changes? | | | |
| | vi. | Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? | | | |
| b. | meth assets used, and quan assur disco provi instruservicencou of the qualitestim | escription of the valuation techniques or other ods used to estimate the fair value of servicing is and servicing liabilities? If a valuation model is the description should include the methodology model validation procedures, as well as titative and qualitative information about the inptions used in the valuation model (for example, untrates and prepayment speeds). (An entity that ides quantitative information about the impense used to manage the risks inherent in the cing assets and servicing liabilities, is also uraged, but not required, to disclose a description is valuation techniques, as well as quantitative and tative information about the assumptions used to late the fair value of those instruments.) B ASC 860-50-50-3 | | | |
| | No. | 2009-16) Has the entity properly disclosed the regarding all servicing assets and servicing | | | |
| | | absequently measured at fair value: | | | |
| <i>a</i> . | liabiliand (incluare reforminclus | each class of servicing assets and servicing ities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities uding a description of where changes in fair value exported in the statement of income for each period which results of operations are presented), ding, but not limited to, the following: | | | |
| | i. | The beginning and ending balances? | | | |
| | ii. | Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumptions of servicing obligations, and recognition of servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets)? | | | |
| | iii. | Disposals? | | | |
| | iv. | Changes in the fair value during the period resulting from changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in the valuation model? | | | |

4B.

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|--------|---|-----|----|-----|
| | | v. Changes in the fair value during the period resulting from other changes in fair value and a description of those changes? | | | |
| | | vi. Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-3] | | | |
| Non | public | Entities—Servicing Assets and Servicing Liabilities | | | |
| - | - | tly Amortized | | | |
| 5A. | _ | the entity properly disclosed the following regarding all | | | |
| | | cing assets and servicing liabilities measured | | | |
| | subse | equently under the amortization method: | | | |
| | a. | For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets and the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities (including a description of where changes in the carrying amount are reported in the statement of | | | |
| | | income for each period for which results of operations | | | |
| | | are presented), including, but not limited to, the | | | |
| | | following: | | | |
| | | i. The beginning and ending balances? | | | |
| | | ii. Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumption of servicing obligations, and servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets)? | | | |
| | | iii. Disposals? | | | |
| | | iv. Amortization? | | | |
| | | v. Application of valuation allowance to adjust carrying value of servicing assets? | | | |
| | | vi. Other-than-temporary impairments? | | | |
| | | vii. Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? | | | |
| | b. | For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the fair value of recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities at the beginning and end of the period if it is practicable to estimate the value? | | | _ |
| | С. | A description of the valuation techniques or other methods used to estimate fair value of the servicing assets and servicing liabilities? If a valuation model is used, the description should include the methodology and model validation procedures, as well as quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used in the valuation model (for example, discount rates and prepayment speeds). (An entity that provides quantitative information about the instrument used to manage the risks inherent in the servicing assets and servicing liabilities, is also encouraged, but not required, to disclose a description of the valuation techniques as well as quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of those instruments.) | | | |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|------|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | d. | The risk characteristics of the underlying financial assets used to stratify recognized servicing assets for purposes of measuring impairment in accordance with FASB ASC 860-50-35-9? | | | |
| | e. | The activity by class in any valuation allowance for impairment of recognized servicing assets—including beginning and ending balances, aggregate additions charged and recoveries credited to operations, and aggregate write-downs charged against the allowance—for each period for which results of operations are presented? [FASB ASC 860-50-50-4] | | | |
| 5B. | serv | the entity properly disclosed the following regarding all icing assets and servicing liabilities subsequently sured under the amortization method: | | | |
| | a. | For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets and the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities (including a description of where changes in the carrying amount are reported in the statement of income for each period for which results of operations are presented), including, but not limited to, the following: | | | |
| | | i. The beginning and ending balances? ii. Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumption of servicing obligations, and recognition of servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets)? | | | |
| | | iii. Disposals? | | | |
| | | iv. Amortization?v. Application of valuation allowance to adjust carrying value of servicing assets? | | | |
| | | vi. Other-than-temporary impairments?vii. Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? | | | |
| | b. | For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the fair value of recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities at the beginning and end of the period? | | | |
| | c. | The risk characteristics of the underlying financial assets used to stratify recognized servicing assets for purposes of measuring impairment in accordance with FASB ASC 860-50-35-9? (<i>Note</i> : If the predominant risk characteristics and resulting stratums are changes, that fact and the reasons for those changes should be included in the disclosures about the risk characteristics of the underlying financial assets used to stratify the recognized servicing assets in accordance with "Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-4.) | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|----------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | d. | The activity by class in any valuation allowance for impairment of recognized servicing assets—including beginning and ending balances, aggregate additions charged and recoveries credited to operations, and aggregate write-downs charged against the allowance—for each period for which results of operations are presented? ["Pending Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-4] | | | |
| Servi | icing | es Within the Scope of Subtopic—Servicing Assets and Liabilities Which Subsequently Measurement at Fair Elected as of the Beginning of the Fiscal Year | | | |
| 6. | Has und clas at t | the entity properly disclosed separately, if it elected ler FASB ASC 860-50-35-3(d) to subsequently measure a s of servicing assets and servicing liabilities at fair value the beginning of the fiscal year, the amount of the nulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings? SB ASC 860-50-50-5] ⁴¹ | | | |
| Publi | _ | ity Disclosures | | | |
| | | tities—All Servicing Assets and Servicing Liabilities | | | |
| 7A. | Has | the public entity properly disclosed the following for all vicing assets and servicing liabilities: ⁴² | | | |
| | a. | Management's basis for determining its classes of servicing assets and servicing liabilities? | | | |
| | b. | A description of the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities? | | | |
| | С. | If applicable, a description of the instruments used to mitigate the income statement effect of changes in fair value of the servicing assets and servicing liabilities? | | | |
| | d. | The amount of contractually specified servicing fees, late fees, and ancillary fees earned for each period for which results of operations are presented, including a description of where each amount is reported in the statement of income? | | | |
| | е. | Quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate the fair value? [FASB ASC 860-50-50-7] | | | |
| | by A | ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded ASU No. 2009-16. ending Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-7] | | | |
| 8A. | serv | the public entity properly disclosed the following for all vicing assets and servicing liabilities subsequently assured at fair value: | | | |

 $^{^{41}}$ Upon the effective date of ASU No. 2009-16, the requirements of FASB ASC 860-50-50-5 will not change; however, the heading will be modified.

⁴² Per FASB ASC 860-50-50-7, disclosure of quantitative information about the instruments used to manage the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities, including the fair value of those instruments at the beginning and end of the period, is encouraged but not required. An entity that provides such quantitative information is also encouraged, but not required, to disclose quantitative and qualitative information about the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of those instruments.

| | | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----------------|--|--|---|-----------|-----|
| a. | liabil and (incl are r for | each class of servicing assets and servicing lities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities uding a description of where changes in fair value eported in the statement of income for each period which results of operations are presented), | | | |
| | | iding, but not limited to, all of the following: | | | |
| | i. | The beginning and ending balances? | d servicing vicing assets in gliabilities in fair value each period presented), owing: vicing assets, itions, and is that result dod resulting inputs or model and (2) escription of annea and a superseded owing for all subsequently of estimated apairment or its displayment or | - | |
| | ii. | Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, assumption of servicing obligations, and recognition of servicing obligations that result from transfers of financial assets)? | | <u>No</u> | |
| | iii. | Disposals? | | | |
| | iv. | Changes in fair value during the period resulting from (1) changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in the valuation model and (2) other changes in fair value and a description of those changes? | | | |
| | v. | Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? [FASB ASC 860-50-50-8] | | | |
| amor net se | tized ervici | assets and servicing liabilities subsequently in proportion to and over the period of estimated ng income or loss and assessed for impairment or obligation: | | | |
| a. | For liabil and (includent carry income are | each class of servicing assets and servicing lities, the activity in the balance of servicing assets the activity in the balance of servicing liabilities uding a description of where changes in the ring amount are reported in the statement of me for each period for which results of operations presented), including, but not limited to, the wing: | | | |
| | i. | The beginning and ending balances? | | | |
| | ii. | Additions (through purchases of servicing assets, | | | |
| | iii. | Disposals? | | | |
| | iv. | Amortization? | | | |
| | v. | Application of valuation allowance to adjust carrying value of servicing assets? | | | |
| | vi. | Other-than-temporary impairments? | | | |
| | vii. | Other changes that affect the balance and a description of those changes? | | | |

9A.

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-------|------|------------|--|-----|----------|-----|
| | | b. | For each class of servicing assets and servicing liabilities, the fair value of recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities at the beginning and end of the period if it is practicable to estimate the value? | | | |
| | | С. | The risk characteristics of the underlying financial assets used to stratify recognized servicing assets for purposes of measuring impairment in accordance with the guidance in paragraphs 9–14 of FASB ASC 860-50-35? | | | |
| | | d. | For each period for which results of operations are presented, the activity by class in any valuation allowance for impairment of recognized servicing assets, including (i) beginning and ending balances, (ii) aggregate additions charged and recoveries credited to operations, and (iii) aggregate write-downs charged against the allowance? [FASB ASC 860-50-50-9] | | | |
| | | by A | e (ASU No. 2009-16): This paragraph has been superseded ASU No. 2009-16. nding Content" in FASB ASC 860-50-50-9] | | | |
| JJ. | | ncial : | Services—Insurance Activities (FASB ASC 944-20) | | | |
| | | | ce Contracts | | | |
| | 1. | Are | the following disclosed in relation to ceded insurance sactions: | | | |
| | | a. | Nature of the transactiuons? | | | |
| | | и. b. | Purpose of the transactions? | | | |
| | | c. | Effect of the transactions? | | | |
| | | d. | The fact that the insurer is not relieved of its primary obligation to the policyholder in a reinsurance transaction? [FASB ASC 944-20-50 par. 3–4] | | | |
| KK | Fina | ncial | Services—Acquisition Costs (FASB ASC 944-30) | | | |
| IXIX. | | entation | | | | |
| | 1. | | the entity properly classified acquisition costs as an | | | |
| | Disc | losure | | | | |
| | Gen | | | | | |
| | 2. | | the following disclosed relating to deferred acquisition s: | | | |
| | | a. | The nature and type of costs capitalized? | | | |
| | | <i>b</i> . | The method of amortizing these costs? | | <u> </u> | |
| | | c. | The amount of these costs amortized for the period? | | | |
| | | | and the period. | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A | | | |
|-----|-------|---|-----|----|-----|--|--|--|
| | | d. The accounting policy applied to internal replacements, including whether or not the entity has availed itself of the alternative application guidance in paragraphs 44–45 of FASB ASC 944-30-35, and if so, for which kinds of internal replacement transactions? [FASB ASC 944-30-50 par. 1 and 4] | | | | | | |
| | Sales | Inducements | | | | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity disclosed its policy for sales inducements, including all of the following: | | | | | | |
| | | a. The nature of the costs deferred? | | | | | | |
| | | <i>b</i> . The method of amortizing those deferred costs? | | | | | | |
| | | c. The amount of costs deferred and amortized for each of the periods presented? | | | | | | |
| | | d. The unamortized balance of deferred costs as of each balance sheet date?[FASB ASC 944-30-50-3] | | | | | | |
| LL. | | ncial Services—Claims Cost and Liabilities for Future Policy efits (FASB ASC 944-40) | | | | | | |
| | Disci | osure | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Is the basis for estimating the liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses disclosed? | | | | | | |
| | 2. | Are the methods and assumptions used in estimating the liability for future policy benefits disclosed? [FASB ASC 944-40-50-6] | | | | | | |
| | 3. | Has the entity disclosed the average rate of assumed investment yields in effect for the current year? (<i>Encouraged, but not required.</i>) [FASB ASC 944-40-50-7] | | | | | | |
| | 4. | Is the carrying amount of liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses relating to short-duration contracts that are presented at present value in the financial statements, and the range of interest rates used to discount those liabilities, disclosed? [FASB ASC 944-40-50-5] | | | | | | |
| | 5. | For each fiscal year for which an income statement is presented, is the following information about the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses disclosed: | | | | | | |
| | | a. The balance in the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the beginning and end of each fiscal year presented and the related amount of reinsurance recoverable? | | | | | | |
| | | b. Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses with separate disclosure of the provision for insured events of the current fiscal year and of increases or decreases in the provision for insured events of prior fiscal years? | | | | | | |

| | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | С. | with claim event of pri | ents of claims and claim adjustment expenses separate disclosure of payments of claims and adjustment expenses attributable to insured s of the current fiscal year and to insured events or fiscal years? 3 ASC 944-40-50-3 | | | |
| 6. | recog insur | gnized ed ev osed in | n incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses in the income statement are attributable to ents of prior fiscal years, are the following the financial statements: easons for the change? | | | |
| | b. | have | her additional premiums or return premiums been accrued as a result of the prior-year effects? 3 ASC 944-40-50-3(d)] | | | |
| 7. | estimadjus as cla and o | nating stment aims fo other re | tity disclosed its policies and methodologies for the liability for unpaid claims and claim expenses for difficult-to-estimate liabilities, such or toxic waste cleanup, asbestos related illnesses, emediation exposures? 944-40-50-4] | | | |
| Finar | - | | ee Insurance Contracts | | | |
| 8. | 7, ha | s the er | e disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 944-20-50- ntity disclosed all of the following for each annual l interim periods with significant changes within | | | |
| | a. | The v | veighted-average risk-free rate used to discount a liability? | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . | liabili accret | ignificant components of the change in the claim ty including the changes in the discount rate, the tion of the discount, the changes in timing, and the tes in the likelihood of default? | | | |
| | С. | The a | amounts relating to the components in item (<i>b</i>) ding? | | | |
| | d. | amou | ine item in the statement of income where the nt or amounts in item (<i>b</i>) are reported (unless ately disclosed)? | | | |
| | е. | obliga | ach interim period, a schedule of insured financial ations at the end of each interim period that is all of the following: The number of issued and outstanding financial | | | |
| | | | guarantee insurance contracts? | | | |
| | | ii. | The remaining weighted-average contract period? | | | |
| | | iii. | Insured contractual payments outstanding, segregating principal, and interest? | | | |
| | | iv. | Gross claim liability? | | | |
| | | v. | Gross potential recoveries? | | | |
| | | vi. | Discount, net (both claim liabilities and potential recoveries)? | | | |

| | | | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|-------|--------------|--------------------------|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | | vii. | Net claim liability? | | | |
| | | | viii. | Reinsurance recoverable? | | | |
| | | | ix. | Unearned premium revenue? | | | |
| | | f. | | scription of the entity's risk management activities to track and monitor all of the following: | | | |
| | | | i. | A description of each grouping or category used for deteriorating insured financial obligations? | | | |
| | | | ii. | Policies for placing an insured obligation and monitoring each grouping or category? | | | |
| | | | iii. | Policies for avoiding or mitigating claim liabilities? | | | |
| | | | iv. | The related expense and liability reported during the period for risk mitigation activities (not including reinsurance)? | | | |
| | | | v. | A description of where the risk mitigation activities expense and liability are reported in the statement of income and the statement of financial position, respectively? [FASB ASC 944-40-50-9] | | | |
| MM. | Fina | ncial S | Service | es—Policyholder Dividends (FASB ASC 944-50) | | | |
| | Discl | | | ` ` ` | | | |
| | 1. | | partici wing: | ipating insurance, do disclosures include the | | | |
| | | a. | _ | relative percentage? | | | |
| | | b. | | method of accounting for policyholders' ends? | | | |
| | | С. | The a | amount of dividends? | | | |
| | | d. | partio | amount of any additional income allocated to cipating policyholders? B ASC 944-50-50-1] | | | |
| NN. | | | Servic 2 944-6 | es—Premium Deficiency and Loss Recognition (1) | | | |
| | Discl | osure | | | | | |
| | 1. | dete dura | rminin ition co | ty considers anticipated investment income in g if a premium deficiency relating to short-ontract exists, is it disclosed? [944-60-50-1] | | | |

FSP Section 17,200

Auditors' Reports Checklist

This section of the checklist has been developed primarily to address the requirements most likely to be encountered when reporting on financial statements of property and liability insurance entities in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) as issued by the Auditing Standards Board (ASB), a senior technical committee of the AICPA. Certain key differences in reporting requirements between audits conducted in accordance with GAAS and audits conducted in accordance with the rules and standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) are identified in bold text throughout this section of the checklist. However, the differences identified are not intended to be all inclusive, and readers should seek appropriate guidance for a comprehensive source of reporting requirements associated with audits conducted in accordance with the rules and standards of the PCAOB.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| 1. | Is each financial statement audited specifically identified in the introductory paragraph of the auditor's report? [AU 508.06] | | | |
| 2. | Do the titles of the financial statements referred to in the introductory paragraph of the auditor's report match the titles of the financial statements presented? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 3. | Do the dates of the financial statements referred to in the introductory paragraph of the auditor's report match the dates of the financial statements presented? [Common Practice] | | | |
| 4. | Is the report appropriately addressed? [AU 508.09] | | | |
| | Practice Tip | | | |
| Financial F ports on Ai vides lange to clarify of the PCAOI of AU sect | Reporting in Accordance With Generally Accepted Auditing Standards adited Financial Statements (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU set age that may be added to the auditor's standard report on the financial differences between a GAAS audit and an audit conducted in accordance and the standards in the Audit fon 508 (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9508 par89–.92) ort if engaged to also follow PCAOB auditing standards in the audit of | s," of AU ec. 9508 p stateme nce with t Report explains | J section par85–.8 nts of a n the stand on a Nor s how the | 508, Research 188), pro- onissuer 1880 onissuer 1890 oniss |
| 5. | Does the independent auditor's report include the following elements: | | | |
| | a. A title that includes the word <i>independent</i> ? [AU 508.08a] | | | |
| | b. The titles of each financial statement in the introductory paragraph of the report?[AU 508.06] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|----|--|-----|----|-----|
| С. | If the financial statements include a separate statement of changes in stockholders' equity accounts, it is identified in the introductory paragraph of the report? [AU 508.06] | | | |
| d. | A statement that the financial statements are the responsibility of management and that the auditor's responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on his or her audit? [AU $508.08c$] | | | |
| e. | For audits conducted in accordance with GAAS in the United States, a statement that the audit was conducted in accordance with GAAS and an identification of the country of origin of those standards (for example, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America or U.S. GAAS)? [AU 508.08 <i>d</i>] | | | |
| f. | (Audits of Issuers Only) A statement that the audit was conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB (United States)? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 1 par. 3 (AU-P app. A par. 3)] | | | |
| g. | A statement that those standards require that the auditor plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement? [AU 508.08e] | | | |
| h. | A statement that an audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation? [AU 508.08f] | | | |
| i. | A statement that the auditor believes that his or her audit provides a reasonable basis for his or her opinion? [AU 508.08g] | | | |
| j. | When the auditor reports on financial statements presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), an opinion concerning whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the reporting entity as of the balance sheet date and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period then ended in conformity with GAAP? The opinion should include an identification of the United States of America as the country of origin of those accounting principles. [AU 508.08 <i>h</i>] | | | |

Notes: Interpretation No. 19, "Financial Statements Prepared in Conformity With International Financial Reporting Standards as Issued by the International Accounting Standards Board," of AU section 508 (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9508 par. .93–.97) provides that, when the (continued)

YesNoN/A

auditor of a nonissuer reports on financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the auditor would refer, in the auditor's report, to the IFRSs rather than U.S. GAAP.

When an auditor of a nonissuer reports on financial statements presented in conformity with both the IFRSs as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and a jurisdictional variation of the IFRSs, the auditor would refer, in the auditor's report, to both the IFRSs and the IFRSs as endorsed by [insert name of endorsing country or economic union].

When an auditor of a nonissuer reports on financial statements presented in conformity with a jurisdictional variation of the IFRSs such that the entity's financial statements do not contain an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the IFRSs as issued by the IASB, Paragraphs .14-.15 of AU section 534, Reporting on Financial Statements Prepared for Use in Other Countries (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), and paragraphs .35-.60 of AU section 508 apply to financial statements prepared for more than limited distribution in the United States.

k. When the auditor reports on financial statements presented in conformity with the IFRSs, an opinion concerning whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the reporting entity as of the balance sheet date and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period then ended in conformity with the IFRSs as issued by the IASB?

[AU 9508.93-.97]

l. When the auditor reports on financial statements presented both in conformity with the IFRSs and a jurisdictional variant of the IFRSs, an opinion concerning whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the reporting entity as of the balance sheet date and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period then ended in conformity with the IFRSs as issued by the IASB and with the IFRSs as endorsed by [insert name of endorsing country or economic union]?

[AU 9508.93-.97]

When the auditor reports on financial statements presented m. in conformity with a jurisdictional variation of the IFRSs such that the entity's financial statements do not contain an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the IFRSs as issued by the IASB, a variation of the standard report that reflects the guidance in paragraphs .14-.15 of AU section 534 and paragraphs .35-.60 of AU section 508 for financial statements prepared for more than limited distribution in the **United States?**

[AU 9508.93-.97]

- The manual or printed signature of the auditor's firm? n. [AU 508.08*i*]
- The date of the audit report? 0. [AU 508.08*j*; AU 530.05]

Yes No N/A

Practice Tip

The independent auditor has two methods available for dating the report when a subsequent event disclosed in the financial statements occurs after the original date of the auditor's report but before the issuance of the related financial statements. The auditor may use "dual dating" (for example, "February 16, 20_, except for Note _, for which the date is March 1, 20_,") or may date the report as of the later date. In the former instance, the responsibility for events occurring subsequent to the original report date is limited to the specific event referred to in the note (or otherwise disclosed). In the latter instance, the independent auditor's responsibility for subsequent events extends to the date of the report, and, accordingly, the procedures outlined in paragraph .12 of AU section 560, Subsequent Events (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), generally should be extended to that date.

| 6. | Does repor | the reporting language conform with the auditor's standard t on | | |
|----|----------------|---|------|--|
| | a. | financial statements of a single year or period? | | |
| | b. | comparative financial statements? [AU 508.08] | | |
| 7. | Does uation | the report include appropriate language for the following sitns: | | |
| | a. | Only one basic financial statement is presented and there are no scope limitations? [AU 508.33–.34] | | |
| | b. | Audited and unaudited financial statements are presented in comparative form? [AU 504.15–.17] | | |
| | С. | Different opinions are expressed on comparative financial statements? | | |

Note: Interpretation No. 14, "Reporting on Audits Conducted in Accordance With Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and in Accordance With International Standards on Auditing," of AU section 508 (AICPA, *Professional Standards*, vol. 1, AU sec. 9508 par. .56–.59) provides that, when the audit of a nonissuer is conducted both in accordance with standards generally accepted in the United States of America and in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), the auditor may so indicate in the auditor's report. To determine whether an audit was conducted in accordance with the ISAs, it is necessary to consider the text of the ISAs in their entirety, including the basic principles and essential procedures together with the related guidance included in the ISAs.

[AU 508.05]

Practice Tip

If the audit of financial statements to be used in the United States was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and ISAs as issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in their entirety, although not required, has the auditor considered indicating in the auditor's report that the audit was also conducted in accordance with ISA as allowed. [AU 9508.57–.59]

| | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|-----|----|-----|
| 8. Is the reporting form, content, and timing of paragraphs .20–.30 of AU section 325, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), followed when communicating matters related to an organization's internal control over financial reporting identified in an audit of financial statements? [AU 325.20–.30] | | | |
| Note: Auditors are required to communicate control deficiencies identified during an audit that are <i>significant deficiencies</i> or <i>material weaknesses</i> as defined by AU section 325, including significant deficiencies or material weaknesses that were communicated in previous audits and have not yet been remediated. Those control deficiencies must be communicated in writing to management and those charged with governance. | | | |
| 9. If a subsequent event disclosed in the financial statements occurs after the original date of the independent auditor's report but before the issuance of the related financial statements, has the auditor followed one of the following two methods available for dating the report: | | | |
| a. Dual dating, in which the independent auditor's responsibility for events occurring subsequent to the original report date is limited to the specific event referred to in an explanatory note in the report (or otherwise disclosed)? | | | |
| Dating the report as of the later date, in which the independent auditor's responsibility for subsequent events extends to the date of the report? [AU 530.03–.05] | | | |
| 10. (<i>Audits of Issuers Only</i>) If the auditor obtains knowledge about a subsequent event that | | | |
| a. materially and adversely affects the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting as of the date specified in the assessment, has the auditor either | | | |
| i. issued an adverse opinion on internal control over financial reporting (and followed the direction in paragraph .C2 of appendix C of PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 5, An Audit of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting That is Integrated with an Audit of Financial Statements (AICPA, PCAOB Standards and Related Rules, Standards, AU-P sec. 320), if management's assessment states that internal control over financial reporting is effective)? | | | |
| ii. disclaimed an opinion if the auditor is unable to determine the effect of the subsequent event on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting? | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---------------|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| | b. | relates to conditions that did not exist at the date specified in the assessment but arose subsequent to that date and before issuance of the auditor's report, and the subsequent event has a material effect on the entity's internal control over financial reporting, has the auditor included in his or her report an explanatory paragraph describing the event and its effects or directed the reader's attention to the event and its effects as disclosed in management's report? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 5 par96–.97 (AU-P 320.96–.97)] | | | |
| 11. | | e accountant is not independent, has he or she followed one of wo reporting alternatives available: | | | |
| | a. | Disclaiming the opinion with respect to the financial statements and specifically stating that he or she is not independent? | | | |
| | b. | Issuing a compilation report in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS) indicating the lack of independence (nonpublic entities only)? [AU 504.05 and .09–.10; AR 100.21 and .48] | | | |
| 9, C !), w | ompila hich r ding t The risk | Accounting and Review Services Committee issued SSARS No. tion and Review Engagements (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. evises the standards for compilation and review engagements, he following: e introduction of new terms, such as review evidence and review to the review literature to harmonize with international review andards | | | |
| • | A i an cati per | discussion of materiality in the context of a review engagement requirement that an accountant document the establishment of understanding with management through a written communition (that is, an engagement letter) regarding the services to be formed | | | |
| • | cor The acc | e establishment of enhanced documentation requirements for impilation and review engagements ability for an accountant to include a general description in the countant's compilation report regarding the reason(s) for an incendence impairment | | | |
| 12. | If the | e opinion is based in part on the report of another auditor, | | | |
| | a. | does the introductory paragraph of the standard report dis- close the fact that the opinion is based, in part, on the report of other auditors? | | | |
| | b. | does the opinion paragraph include a reference to the report of the other auditor? [AU 508.11 <i>a</i> , .12, and .13] | | | |

| | Auditors Reports Checklist | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | Yes | No | N/A |
| 13. | If, to prevent the financial statements from being misleading because of unusual circumstances, the financial statements contain a departure from an accounting principle promulgated by a body designated by the AICPA Council to establish such principles, does the report include, in a separate paragraph or paragraphs, the information required by the rule? [AU 508.11 <i>b</i> and .15] | | | |
| 14. | If the auditor uses the work of a specialist in performing an audit, have they added an optional explanatory paragraph? [AU 336.16] | | | |
| | Note: Reference to and identification of the specialist may be added if the auditor believes such a reference will facilitate an understanding of the reason for the explanatory paragraph. [AU 336.16] | | | |
| 15. | If there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed one year beyond the date of the financial statements being audited, | | | |
| | a. does the report include an explanatory paragraph, following the opinion paragraph, to reflect that conclusion? | | | |
| | b. is that conclusion expressed through the use of the phrase "substantial doubt about its (the entity's) ability to continue as a going concern" or similar wording that includes the terms substantial doubt and going concern? [AU 508.11 <i>c</i> ; AU 341.12] | | | |
| | Practice Tip | | | |
| auditor's e prior to the plans, the | ing whether there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to contine evaluation is based on his or her knowledge of relevant conditions that the date of the auditor's report. If, after considering identified conditions and auditor concludes that substantial doubt about the entity's ability to conable period of time remains, the audit report should include an explanuation. | exist at events a ntinue a | or have on the one of the contract of the cont | occurred gement's concerr |
| concerning paragraph | concern paragraph, the auditor should not use conditional language is the existence of substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continual 1.13 of AU section 341, <i>The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to PA, Professional Standards</i> , vol. 1), for an example. | ie as a g | going cond | cern. See |
| 16. | Is the report dated no earlier than the date on which the auditor has obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the auditor's opinion on the financial statements? | | | |

(Audits of Issuers Only) Is the report dated no earlier than the date on which the auditor has obtained sufficient competent evidence to

support the auditor's opinion on the financial statements? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 5 par. .89 (AU-P 320.89)]

[AU 530.01]

17.

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| 18. | (Audits of Issuers Only) When performing an integrated audit of financial statements and internal control over financial reporting, are the auditor's reports on the entity's financial statements and on internal control over financial reporting dated the same? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 5 par89 (AU-P 320.89)] | | | |
| 19. | (Audits of Issuers Only) Prior to the report release date, among other matters, has the auditor obtained sufficient evidence to support the representations in the auditor's reports? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 3 par15 (AU-P 339.15)] | | | |

Practice Tip

Changes in Accounting Estimates

Paragraph .15 of AU section 420, Consistency of Application of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), clarifies that the change in an accounting estimate that does not include a change in accounting principle does not require an explanatory paragraph in the auditor's report. However, an accounting change of this type having a material effect on the financial statements may require disclosure in a note to the financial statements.

Changes in Classification

Paragraph .17 of AU section 420 clarifies that changes in classification from the prior year's financial statements are usually not of sufficient importance to necessitate disclosure; however, material changes in classification should be indicated and explained in the financial statements or notes.

Error Corrections

Paragraph .16 of AU section 420 states that the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements resulting from mathematical mistakes, oversight, or misuse of facts that existed at the time the financial statements were originally prepared does not involve the consistency standard if no element of accounting principles or their application is included. Accordingly, the independent auditor need not recognize the correction in his report. However, if the independent auditor had previously reported on the financial statements containing the error, the auditor has concluded, based on the considerations in paragraph .05 of AU section 561, Subsequent Discovery of Facts Existing at the Date of the Auditor's Report (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), that action should be taken to prevent future reliance on his report, and the issuance of financial statements accompanied by the auditor's report for a subsequent period is imminent, the auditor should disclose the revision in such statements instead of reissuing the earlier statements.

Notes: For audits of issuers, certain circumstances, although not affecting the auditor's unqualified opinion, may require that the auditor add explanatory language to the standard report as described in paragraphs .11–.19 of AU-P section 508, *Reports on Audited Financial Statements* (AICPA, *PCAOB Standards and Related Rules*, Standards).

Other circumstances may require a departure from an unqualified opinion, either in the form of a qualified opinion, an adverse opinion, or a disclaimed opinion as described in paragraphs .20–.63 of AU-P section 508.

For special reporting situations relating to the auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting, refer to appendix C, "Special Reporting Situations," of Auditing Standard No. 5 (AU-P sec. 320).

PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 6, Evaluating Consistency of Financial Statements (AICPA, PCAOB Standards and Related Rules, Standards, AU-P sec. (continued)

Yes No N/A

420), updated the auditor's responsibilities to evaluate and report on the consistency of an entity's financial statements and align the auditor's responsibilities with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections.

One significant difference in terminology between FASB Statement No. 154 (which is codified in FASB Accounting Standards Codification [ASC] 250, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections) and Auditing Standard No. 6 (AU-P sec. 420) is the use of the term error in the FASB standard whereas the PCAOB standard uses the term misstatement and specifically states that the meaning is the same for purposes of the PCAOB Auditing Standards. Auditing Standard No. 6 (AU-P sec. 420) also establishes that the auditor's report should indicate whether an adjustment to previously issued financial statements results from a change in accounting principle or the correction of a misstatement.

Auditing Standard No. 6 (AU-P sec. 420) contains numerous amendments to AU-P section 508 and other interim PCAOB Auditing Standards. If Auditing Standard No. 6 (AU-P sec. 420) is applicable to issuers' financial statements, answer questions 21–22; otherwise, skip questions 21–22. For more information and for the full text of the auditing standard, refer to the PCAOB website at www.pcaob.org. Also refer to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) website at www.sec.gov.

- 20. If there has been a material change between periods in accounting principles or in the method of their application, including a change from an accounting principle that is not generally accepted to one that is generally accepted and a change in accounting principle that is inseparable from the effect of a change in estimate, that has a material effect on the comparability of the reporting entity's financial statements,
 - a. does the report include an explanatory paragraph, following the opinion paragraph that refers to the change?
 - b. does the explanatory paragraph identify the nature of the change and refer the reader to the note to the financial statements that discusses the change in detail?
 [AU 508.05–.06 and .12–.13]
 - c. if the change in the accounting principle is a change in reporting entity that did not result from a transaction or an event, is an explanatory paragraph included in the auditor's report? (Note: A change in the reporting entity resulting from a transaction or event, such the creation, cessation, or complete or partial purchase or disposition of a subsidiary or other business unit, does not require that an explanatory paragraph about consistency be included in the auditor's report.) [AU 420.08]

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|--|--|-----|----|-----|
| 21. | prin clud ple, ple, acco | dits of Issuers Only) If there has been a change in accounting ciple that has a material effect on the financial statements, inling a change in the method of applying an accounting princial change in estimate effected by a change in accounting princiand a change in classification that represents a change in punting principle, and meets the four criteria established in paraph 7 of PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 6 (AU-P sec. 420 par. | | | |
| | a. | does the report include an explanatory paragraph, following the opinion paragraph, in the year of the change and in sub- sequent years until the new accounting principle is applied in all periods presented? | | | |
| | b. | does the explanatory paragraph identify the nature of the change and include a reference to the note disclosure describing the change? | | | |
| | с. | if the change in the accounting principle is a change in reporting entity that did not result from a transaction or an event, is an explanatory paragraph included in the auditor's report? (<i>Note:</i> A change in the reporting entity resulting from a transaction or event, such the creation, cessation, or complete or partial purchase or disposition of a subsidiary or other business unit, does not require recognition in the auditor's report.) [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 6 par. 4–8 and 11 (AU-P 420.04–.08 and .11)] | | | |
| 22. | miss char to or repr ditor | dits of Issuers Only) If there has been a correction of a material statement in previously issued financial statements, including a neg from an accounting principle that is not generally accepted ne that is generally accepted and a change in classification that resents the correction of a material misstatement, does the aur's report contain an explanatory paragraph, following the nion paragraph, that includes | | | |
| | a. | a statement that the previously issued financial statements have been restated for the correction of a misstatement in the respective period? | | | |
| | b. | a reference to the entity's disclosure of the correction of the misstatement? [PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 6 par. 5 and 9–11 (AU-P 420.05 and .09–.11)] | | | |
| 23. | or m | n updated report on the individual financial statements of one nore prior periods presented on a comparative basis with those ne current period, if the opinion is different from the opinion viously expressed on the financial statements of a prior period, | | | |
| | a. | does the report include an explanatory paragraph, preceding the opinion paragraph that discloses all of the substantive reasons for the different opinion? | | | |
| | b. | does the explanatory paragraph disclose i. the date of the auditor's previous report? | | | |

| | | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----|----|-----|
| | | ii. | the type of opinion previously expressed? | | | |
| | | iii. | the circumstances or events that caused the auditor to express a different opinion? | | | |
| | | iv. | that the auditor's updated opinion on the financial statements of the prior period is different from his or her previous opinion on those statements? [AU 508.11 <i>e</i> and .69] | | | |
| 24. | purp | oses) | I statements of a prior period (presented for comparative have been audited by a predecessor auditor whose report sented, | | | |
| | a. | does | s the introductory paragraph of the report indicate | | | |
| | | i. | that the financial statements of the prior period were audited by another auditor? | | | |
| | | ii. | the date of the predecessor auditor's report? | | | |
| | | iii. | the type of report issued by the predecessor auditor? | | | |
| | | iv. | if the report was other than a standard report, the substantive reasons therefore, including a description of the nature of and reasons for the explanatory paragraph added to the predecessor's report or his or her opinion qualification? | | | |
| | b. | duct port resta | e financial statements have been restated, does the intro- cory paragraph indicate that the predecessor auditor re- ed on the financial statements of the prior period before atement? 508.11e and .74] | | | |
| 25. | | _ | nnatory paragraph (or other explanatory language) added dard auditor's report if | | | |
| | a. | dand and an a Oxle No. | reporting on internal control over financial reporting as audit of an issuer when Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-ey Act is applicable? (<i>Note:</i> Not required—Interpretation 17 of AU section 508 provides an example report.) 9508.85–.88] | | | |
| | b. | PCA No. Inter repo | audit is conducted in accordance with both GAAS and the AOB's Auditing Standards as allowed by Interpretation 18 of AU section 508? (<i>Note</i> : Not required—repretation No. 18 of AU section 508 provides an example ort.) 9508.89–.92] | | | |
| 26. | to th men tions | expla e stan ts are s? | unatory paragraph (or other explanatory language) added dard auditor's report if the prior period's financial state-audited by a predecessor auditor who has ceased opera-60–.75] | | | |

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| 27. | If selected quarterly financial data required by SEC Regulation S-K has been omitted or has not been reviewed, does the report include an additional paragraph stating that fact? [AU 508.11 <i>f</i> ; AU 722.50] | | | |
| forma section | Statement on Auditing Standard (SAS) No. 116, Interim Financial Intion (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 722), amends AU on 722 to accommodate reviews of interim financial information of suers, including companies offering securities pursuant to SEC Rule or participating in private equity exchanges. | | | |
| 28. | If other information in a document containing audited financial statements is materially inconsistent with information appearing in the financial statements, has it been determined whether the financial statements, the auditor's report, or both require revision? [AU 508.11 <i>h</i> ; AU 550.04] | | | |
| Docu dards tion t 1, AU CPA, super dited panyir designing S and t plem ment for p | In February 2010, the ASB issued SAS No. 118, Other Information in ments Containing Audited Financial Statements (AICPA, Professional Stan, vol. 1, AU sec. 550); SAS No. 119, Supplementary Information in Relational Enterprises of the Financial Statements as a Whole (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. J. sec. 551); and SAS No. 120, Required Supplementary Information (AICPA) Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 558). These standards amend or resede AU section 550A, Other Information in Documents Containing Au-Financial Statements; AU section 551A, Reporting on Information Accoming the Basic Financial Statements in Auditor-Submitted Documents; and section 558A, Required Supplementary Information (AICPA Professional Pards, vol. 1), respectively. Collectively, these statements address the cor's responsibilities with respect to information that is required by a gnated standard setter (for example, FASB, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board, the IASB) to accompany an entity's basic financial statements and supentary information that is presented outside the basic financial statements eriods beginning on or after December 15, 2010, and early application emitted. | | | |
| 29. | If the auditor decides to emphasize a matter regarding the financial statements in the report, is the matter being emphasized disclosed in the financial statements' and is the explanatory information presented in a separate paragraph that avoids use of phrases such as "with the foregoing (following) explanation"? [AU 508.11 and .19; AU 9410.18; AU 9342.03] | | | |
| 30. | If it has not been possible to conduct the audit in accordance with GAAS or to apply all of the procedures considered necessary in the circumstances, has consideration been given to the need to issue a qualified opinion or to disclaim an opinion? [AU 508.22] | | | |

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|------------|---|-----|----|-----|
| 31. | If a d | qualified opinion is to be expressed because of a scope limita- | | | |
| | a. | are all of the substantive reasons for the qualification dis- closed in one or more explanatory paragraphs preceding the opinion paragraph? | | | |
| | <i>b</i> . | does the qualified opinion include the word <i>except</i> or <i>exception</i> in a phrase such as <i>except for</i> or <i>with the exception of</i> ? | | | |
| | С. | is the situation described and referred to in both the scope and opinion paragraphs? | | | |
| | d. | does the wording in the opinion paragraph indicate that the qualification pertains to the possible effects on the financial statements and not to the scope limitation itself? [AU 508.22–.32; AU 318.76] | | | |

Practice Tip

Scope limitations can be imposed by the client or by circumstances such as the timing of the auditor's work, the inability to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence, or an inadequacy in the accounting records. Sufficient appropriate audit evidence includes, among other things, management having asserted responsibility for the final financial statements. As provided in Technical Questions and Answers (TIS) section 9100.06, "The Effect of Obtaining the Management Representation Letter on Dating the Auditor's Report" (AICPA, *Technical Practice Aids*), the auditor will need to have the signed management representation letter in hand prior to releasing the auditor's report because management's refusal to furnish written representations constitutes a limitation on the scope of the audit sufficient to preclude an unqualified opinion.

In circumstances in which the auditor is unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support management's assertions about the nature of a matter involving an uncertainty and its presentation or disclosure in the financial statements, the auditor should consider the need to express a qualified opinion or to disclaim an opinion because of a scope limitation.

It also includes situations in which the auditor's only evidence of the existence, valuation, or both, of (a) investments without readily determinable fair value, or (b) interests held in trust by a third-party trustee, is receiving confirmation from a third party for those assets.

In circumstances in which the auditor is unable to audit the existence or measurement of interests in investments in securities and interests in trusts, the auditor should consider whether that scope limitation requires the auditor to either qualify his or her opinion or to disclaim an opinion, as discussed in paragraphs .22–.26 of AU section 508; Interpretation No. 1, "Auditing Interests in Trusts Held by a Third-Party Trustee and Reported at Fair Value," of AU section 328, Auditing Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9328 par. .01–.04); and Interpretation No. 1, "Auditing Investments in Securities Where a Readily Determinable Fair Value Does Not Exist," of AU section 332, Auditing Derivative Instruments, Hedging Activities, and Investments in Securities (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9332 par. .01–.04).

| 32. | Is a qualified opinion or disclaimer of opinion expressed if the au- |
|-----|---|
| | ditor's understanding of internal control raises doubts about the au- |
| | ditability of an entity's financial statements, such as |

| a. | concerns about the integrity of an entity's management cause |
|----|---|
| | the auditor to conclude that the risk of management misrep- |
| | resentation in the financial statements is such that an audit |
| | cannot be conducted? |

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|----------|--|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| | b. | concerns about the condition and reliability of an entity's records cause the auditor to conclude that it is unlikely that sufficient appropriate audit evidence will be available to support an unqualified opinion on the financial statements? [AU 314.109] | | | |
| 33. | section of the sectio | In the auditor's judgment, the two-way communication between auditor and those charged with governance as described in AU ion 380, The Auditor's Communication With Those Charged With ternance (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1), is not adequate the situation cannot be resolved, thereby prohibiting the auditor obtaining all the audit evidence required to form an opinion the financial statements, has the auditor considered the foling: | | | |
| | a. | Modifying the audit opinion on the basis of a scope limitation? | | | |
| | b. | Obtaining legal advice about the consequences of different courses of action? | | | |
| | с. | Communicating with an appropriate third party (for example, a regulator)? | | | |
| | d. | Withdrawing from the engagement? [AU 380.63] | | | |
| 34. | man enco ion | the auditor's judgment, significant difficulties in dealing with agement such as those described in AU section 380, have been buntered, has the auditor considered modifying the audit opinon the basis of a scope limitation? 380.39] | | | |
| 35. | If ar | opinion is disclaimed because of a scope limitation, | | | |
| | a. | are all of the substantive reasons for the disclaimer stated in a separate paragraph or paragraphs? | | | |
| | b. | does the report state that the scope of the audit was not sufficient to warrant the expression of an opinion? | | | |
| | С. | does the report avoid identifying procedures that were performed? | | | |
| | d. | is the scope paragraph omitted? | | | |
| | е. | if there are reservations about fair presentation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, are they described in the report? [AU 508.62–.63] | | | |
| . | | I d T d I d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d | | | |

Note: Consult the Topical Index to AICPA *Professional Standards* under "Scope of Audit—Limitations" for additional references to specific types of scope limitations that could result in either a qualified or disclaimer of opinion.

| | | Yes | No | N/A |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|
| 36. | If the financial statements are materially affected by a departure from GAAP (including, for example, inadequate disclosure, inappropriate accounting principles, and unreasonable accounting estimates), has the auditor issued a qualified opinion or an adverse opinion? [AU 508.35] | | | |
| 37. | If a qualified opinion is to be expressed because of a GAAP departure, | | | |
| | a. are all of the substantive reasons that have led to the conclusion that there is a departure from GAAP disclosed in one or more separate explanatory paragraphs preceding the opinion paragraph? | | | |
| | b. does the qualified opinion include the word <i>except</i> or <i>exception</i> in a phrase such as <i>except for</i> or <i>with the exception of</i> and a reference to the explanatory paragraph? | | | |
| | c. does the explanatory paragraph disclose the principle effects of the departure on financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, if practicable, or state that the effects are not reasonably determinable? [AU 508.21 and AU 508.37–.39] | | | |
| 38. | If an adverse opinion is to be expressed because of a GAAP departure, | | | |
| | a. are all of the substantive reasons for the adverse opinion disclosed in one or more separate explanatory paragraphs preceding the opinion paragraph? | | | |
| | b. does the explanatory paragraph disclose the principle effects of the departure on financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, if practicable, or state that the effects are not reasonably determinable? | | | |
| | c. state that the financial statements do not present fairly the financial position, or results of operations or cash flows in conformity with GAAP? [AU 508.58–.59] | | | |
| 39. | If essential data concerning an impending change in GAAP and the future resulting restatement are not disclosed, has the auditor issued a qualified or adverse opinion? [AU 9410.15] | | | |
| 40. | If the auditor concludes that an illegal act has a material effect on the financial statements and the act has not been properly ac- counted for or disclosed, has the auditor issued a qualified or ad- verse opinion (depending on the materiality effect on the financial statements taken as a whole)? [AU 317.18] | | | |
| T . | | | | |

Note: Consult the Topical Index to AICPA *Professional Standards* under "Departures From Standard Report" for additional information.

Readers may also wish to refer to TIS section 1400.31, "GAAP Departure for FASB ASC 810" (AICPA, *Technical Practice Aids*), for assistance in deter-(continued)

Yes No N/A

mining the implications on the auditors report if the reporting entity does not consolidate a variable interest entity.

Practice Tip

Reporting on financial statements prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting is addressed in AU section 623, *Special Reports* (AICPA, *Professional Standards*, vol. 1). For purposes of that section, a *comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP* is one of the following:

- a. A basis of accounting that the reporting entity uses to comply with the requirements or financial reporting provisions of a governmental regulatory agency to whose jurisdiction the entity is subject. An example is a basis of accounting insurance companies use pursuant to the rules of a state insurance commission.
- *b*. A basis of accounting that the reporting entity uses or expects to use to file its income tax return for the period covered by the financial statements.
- c. The cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting, and modifications of the cash basis having substantial support, such as recording depreciation on fixed assets or accruing income taxes.
- *d.* A definite set of criteria having substantial support that is applied to all material items appearing in financial statements, such as the price-level basis of accounting.

In considering whether the financial statements (including the accompanying notes) include all informative disclosures that are appropriate for the basis of accounting used, paragraph .09 of AU section 623 states that the auditor should apply essentially the same criteria to financial statements prepared on an other comprehensive basis of accounting as he or she does to financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP.

| 41. | with fined ditor | a com in pa 's rep | orting on financial statements prepared in conformity aprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP, as deragraph .04 of AU section 623, does the independent auort include the following elements (for audits prepared ity with GAAS): | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | a. | | le that includes the word <i>independent</i> ? 623.05 <i>a</i>] | | | | | | | | |
| | b. | A pa | ragraph that states that | | | | | | | | |
| | | i. | the financial statements identified in the report were audited? | | | | | | | | |
| | | ii. | the financial statements are the responsibility of the entity's management and that the auditor is responsible for expressing an opinion on the financial statements based on the audit? [AU 623.05 <i>b</i>] | | | | | | | | |
| | С. | A paragraph that states that | | | | | | | | | |
| | | i. | the audit was conducted in accordance with GAAS with specific identification of the United States of America as the country of origin of those standards? | | | | | | | | |
| | | ii. | those standards require that the auditor plan and per- form the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material | | | | | | | | |

misstatement?

| | | | Yes | No | N/A |
|--|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| | iii. | an audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation? | | | |
| | iv. | the auditor believes that his or her audit provides a reasonable basis for the opinion? [AU $623.05c$] | | | |
| d. | A pa | ragraph that states | | | |
| | i. | the basis of presentation and refers to the note to the financial statements that describes the basis? | | | |
| | ii. | that the basis of presentation is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP? [AU 623.05 <i>d</i>] | | | |
| е. | claim prese the b | aragraph that expresses the auditor's opinion (or dis- ns an opinion) on whether the financial statements are ented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with basis of accounting described? 623.05 <i>e</i>] | | | |
| f. | the r ernm of th infor lator is no than | e financial statements are prepared in conformity with requirements or financial reporting provisions of a governental regulatory agency, a separate paragraph at the end report stating that the report is intended solely for the remation and use of those within the entity and the regulation and use jurisdiction the entity is subject, and to intended to be and should not be used by anyone other these specified parties? 623.05f] | | | |
| g. | | manual or printed signature of the auditor's firm? 623.05g] | | | |
| h. | | date of the audit report? 623.05h] | | | |
| requiregular | iremer latory by pa latory tandan e dep addec s are ting? (unting Finance cy Eit AICP ides ar | financial statements are prepared in conformity with the ents or financial reporting provisions of a governmental agency and the financial statements and reports will be arties or distributed by the entity to parties other than the agencies to whose jurisdiction the entity is subject, has an additional paragraphed to express an opinion on whether the financial state-presented in conformity with the regulatory basis of activate. Interpretation 15, "Auditor Reports on Regulatory gor Presentation When the Regulated Entity Distributes that Statements to Parties Other Than the Regulatory ther Voluntarily or Upon Specific Request," of AU section A, <i>Professional Standards</i> , vol. 1, AU sec. 9623 par96–.98] in example report.) | | | |

42.

| | | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|---|---|-----|-----------|-----|
| 43. | requiprep which audi men matifinar does and | rtain other information, including supplementary information ired by GAAP, contained in annual reports and other clientared documents described in paragraph .02 of AU section 550, ch contain audited financial statements has been subjected to ting procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statets, does the auditor express an opinion on whether the inforon is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to those acial statements taken as a whole in the auditor's report and the report describe clearly the character of the auditor's work the degree of responsibility the auditor is taking? 550.07; AU 558.09] | | | |
| 44. | prep that with deter or be | ther information contained in annual reports and other client- ared documents described in AU section 550 paragraph .02 contain audited financial statements is materially inconsistent information appearing in the financial statements, has it been rmined whether the financial statements, the auditor's report, oth require revision? 508.11h; AU 550.04] | | | |
| 45. | prep that with ditor | her information contained in annual reports and other clientared documents described in AU section 550 paragraph .02 contain audited financial statements is materially inconsistent information appearing in the financial statements, and the author's report require revision, has the auditor either | | | |
| | a. | requested that the client revise the other information to eliminate the material consistency? | | | |
| | b. | considered other actions such as revising the audit report to include an explanatory paragraph describing the material inconsistency, withholding the use of the audit report in the document, and withdrawing from the engagement? [AU 550.04] | | | |
| 46. | dito | formation accompanies the basic financial statements and au- r's report in an auditor-submitted document, is it accompanied report that | | | |
| | a. | states that the audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole? | | | |
| | b. | specifically identifies the accompanying information? | | | |
| | С. | states that the accompanying information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements? | | | |
| | d. | includes either an opinion on whether the accompanying information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole or a disclaimer of opinion (depending on whether the information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements)? [AU 551.05–.06] | | | |

| | | Yes | <u>No</u> | N/A |
|-----|--|-----|-----------|-----|
| 47. | If information accompanying the basic financial statements and auditor's report in an auditor-submitted document is materially misstated in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, has the auditor either | | | |
| | <i>a.</i> requested that the client revise the accompanying information to eliminate the material misstatement? | | | |
| | b. considered other actions such as modifying the audit report to describe the misstatement or refusing to include the accompanying information in the auditor-submitted document? [AU 551.09] | | | |
| 48. | When the basic financial statements are accompanied by supplementary information required by GAAP and such supplementary information has not been audited as part of the basic financial statements, does the auditor's report exclude any language that refers to the supplementary information or the limited procedures applied (except in the circumstances described in AU section 558 paragraph .08)? | | | |
| 40 | [AU 558.08] | | | |
| 49. | When the basic financial statements are accompanied by supplementary information required by GAAP and such supplementary information has been audited as part of the basic financial statements, has the audit report been expanded in accordance with AU section 550 paragraph .07? [AU 558.09] | | | |
| 50. | If supplementary information required by GAAP has been omitted, the presentation of such information departs materially from prescribed guidelines, the auditor is unable to complete prescribed procedures with respect to such information, or the auditor is unable to remove substantial doubt about whether the supplementary information conforms to prescribed guidelines, does the report include an additional paragraph stating that fact? [AU 558.08] | | | |

FSP Section 17,300

Supplemental Information for Property and Liability Insurance Entities That are Securities and Exchange Commission Registrants

.01 Regulation S-X is the primary source of requirements for financial statements and related footnotes required to be included in documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In addition to Regulation S-X, preparers and auditors of financial statements should be familiar with the SEC's Financial Reporting Releases (FRR) and Staff Accounting Bulletins (SAB). FRRs communicate the SEC's position on accounting and auditing principles and practices. SABs represent interpretations and practices followed by the Division of Corporation Finance and the Office of the Chief Accountant of the SEC.

.02 When determining compliance with SEC requirements, preparers and auditors should refer to the appropriate SEC pronouncements to ensure compliance with SEC disclosure rules. In particular, the following documents should be consulted:

- Regulation S-X, Article 1, Application of Regulation S-X.
- Regulation S-X, Article 2, Qualifications and Reports of Accountants.
- Regulation S-X, Article 3A, Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements.
- Regulation S-X, Article 3, General Instructions as to Financial Statements.
- Regulation S-X, Article 4, Rules of General Application.
- Regulation S-X, Article 7, Insurance Companies.
- Regulation S-X, Article 10, Interim Financial Statements.
- Regulation S-X, Article 12, Form and Content of Schedules.
- SABs reflect the SEC staff's views regarding accounting-related disclosure practices. They represent interpretations and policies followed by the Division of Corporation Finance and the Office of the Chief Accountant in administering the disclosure requirements of the federal securities laws.
- FRRs adopt, change, or interpret requirements relating to accounting, auditing, and disclosure issues.

FSP Section 17,400

Illustrative Financial Statements and Disclosures

Note: The illustrative financial statements and footnote disclosures included in this checklist have been updated to reflect Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification™ (ASC). FASB's notice to constituents suggests the use of plain English in financial statement footnotes to describe broad FASB ASC topic references. It suggests a reference similar to "as required by the Derivatives and Hedging Topic of FASB Accounting Standards Codification." Entities might consider revising their financial statement references to reflect this plain English referencing, rather than the use of specific FASB ASC references. We have provided certain references in the 2009 editions as a learning tool to familiarize constituents with FASB ASC.

Introduction

.01 This section illustrates financial statements of a nonpublic property and liability insurance entity and the accompanying disclosures that are unique to such entities. Disclosures concerning the entity's pension plans, postretirement benefits other than pensions, stock options, lease commitments, long-term debt, extraordinary items, segments, accounting changes, derivative instruments, hedging activities, and other items that are not unique to property and liability insurance entities have been omitted for purposes of this guide. The format presented and the wording of the accompanying notes are only illustrative and are not necessarily the only possible presentations.

.02 Except for the treatment of gains and losses described in FASB ASC 944-605-25, insurance entities that are Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registrants should follow Article 7 of SEC Regulation S-X, which prescribes the form and content of financial statements. Also, the SEC's Financial Reporting Release No. 20, Rules and Guide for Disclosures Concerning Reserves for Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses of Property-Casualty Underwriters, requires property and liability insurance entities to disclose in financial statements filed with the SEC certain information concerning reserves for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses. The Exchange Act requires certain supplementary information with respect to quarterly financial data. Other SEC regulations also require additional disclosures (for example, details with respect to deferred acquisition costs).

.03 Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, as amended and interpreted by various GASB pronouncements,* requires public entity risk pools to present additional information beyond these illustrative financial statements. This additional information includes reporting assessments receivable from pool participants for premium deficiencies, disclosures about revenues collected in anticipation of future catastrophe losses, the aggregate outstanding amount of claims outstanding that have been settled through the purchase of annuity contracts, and the pool risk transfer agreement. Also, outstanding claims by kind of contract and 10-year claims development information on a policy-year basis should be presented as required supplementary information.

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, provides guidance for the format and content of financial statements for all state and local governmental entities, including public entity risk pools.

.04 Interpretation No. 3, "The Impact on an Auditor's Report of Accounting Guidance Prior to its Effective Date," of AU section 410, Adherence to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (AICPA, Professional Standards, vol. 1, AU sec. 9410 par. .13–.18), addresses the impact on an auditor's report on a FASB statement prior to the statement's effective date. Readers may want to familiarize themselves with the guidance in that interpretation.

.05 Also, preparers and auditors of SEC-registrant financial statements are reminded that as discussed in Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) Topic 11M (SAB No. 74), and Interpretation No. 3 of AU section 410, filings with the SEC that include financial statements for a period ending after the issuance of an accounting standard but before the required date of adoption of that accounting standard should include disclosure of the impact that the recently issued accounting standard will have on the financial position and results of operations of the registrant when such standard is adopted in a future period. The following disclosures should be considered by registrants:

- A brief description of the new standard, the date that adoption is required, and the date that the registrant plans to adopt, if earlier.
- A discussion of the methods of adoption allowed by the standard and the method expected to be utilized by the registrant, if determined.
- A discussion of the impact that adoption of the standard is expected to have on the financial statements of the registrant, unless unknown or not reasonably estimable. In that case, a statement to that effect may be made.
- Disclosure of the potential impact of other significant matters that the registrant believes might result from the adoption of the new standard (such as technical violations of debt covenant agreements, planned or intended changes in business practices).

.06 These illustrative financial statements are not intended to include items that should be accounted for under the requirements of FASB ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, and do not reflect the requirements of FASB ASC 815. Practitioners should refer to FASB ASC 815 for guidance on reporting derivative instruments and hedging activities.

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 20X2 and 20X1 (Dollars in thousands)

| ASSETS | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Investments (notes 1 and 2): | | |
| Trading securities | \$ 11,683 | \$ 11,259 |
| Securities available for sale | 1,006,279 | 953,507 |
| Securities held to maturity | 280,387 | 270,208 |
| Mortgage loans on real estate (less allowance | | |
| for credit losses, 20X2 \$2,300; 20X1 \$2,070) | 472,509 | 398,426 |
| Real estate, net of accumulated depreciation | | |
| (20X2 \$12,921; 20X1 \$12,774) and less | | |
| allowance for impairment of value (20X2 | | |
| \$1,173; 20X1 \$1,150) | 31,905 | 30,028 |
| Total investments | 1,802,763 | 1,663,428 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 31,564 | 28,357 |
| Accrued interest and dividends | 31,358 | 27,568 |
| Premium and agents' balances1 | 55,295 | 56,212 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums | 21,345 | 18,739 |
| Reinsurance receivables, net of uncollectible | | |
| amounts (note 3) | 27,908 | 24,461 |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs (note 1) | 168,974 | 154,941 |
| Property and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$17,837 in 20X2 and \$15,404 in | | |
| 20X1 (note 1) | 34,443 | 27,938 |
| Other assets | 128,577 | 107,378 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$2,302,227 | \$2,109,022 |

¹ FASB ASC 310-10-50 requires, among other things, that the summary of significant accounting policies include the basis for accounting for trade receivables, and the classification and method of accounting for other receivables. Receivables for property and liability entities include, but are not limited to, mortgage loans, agents' balances, premiums receivable, workers' compensation deductible recoveries, reinsurance recoverables, and securities on deposit with state insurance departments (which require financial statement disclosure). FASB ASC 310-10-50-9 requires that a description of the accounting policies and methodology the entity used to estimate its allowance for doubtful accounts be included in the notes to the financial statements. Such a description should identify the factors that influenced management's judgment and may also include discussion of risk elements relevant to particular categories of financial instruments. In addition, FASB ASC 310-10-50-6 requires that the summary of significant accounting policies include the policy for charging off uncollectible trade receivables.

FASB ASC 310, *Receivables*, contains other presentation and disclosure requirements that may apply to the financial statements of insurance entities. Readers should refer to the full text of FASB ASC 310. All of the disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 310 are not presented in these illustrative financial statements.

| LIABILITIES | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Losses and loss-adjustment expenses (notes 1 and | | _ |
| 4) | \$1,183,343 | \$1,030,345 |
| Unearned premiums (note 1) | 493,833 | 482,619 |
| Dividends to policyholders | 3,087 | 4,042 |
| Reinsurance funds withheld and balances payable | 15,727 | 35,584 |
| Accrued expenses | 85,780 | 82,608 |
| Federal income taxes payable (notes 1 and 5) | 3,166 | 7,058 |
| Deferred income taxes (notes 1 and 5) | 34,084 | 35,133 |
| Other liabilities | 56,144 | 43,782 |
| Total liabilities | 1,875,164 | 1,721,171 |
| Commitments and contingencies (note 8) | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (note 7) | | |
| Common stock (\$5 par value authorized 11,500 | | |
| shares; issued 2,500 shares, including 200 shares | | |
| in treasury in 20X2 and 20X1) | 12,500 | 12,500 |
| Paid-in capital | 22,500 | 22,500 |
| Retained earnings (notes 6 and 7) | 390,815 | 351,521 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income: | | |
| Net unrealized appreciation on securities | | |
| available-for-sale, net of deferred income taxes | | |
| (20X2 – \$3,095; 20X1 – \$3,139) | 5,748 | 5,830 |
| Less treasury stock, at cost | (4,500) | (4,500) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 427,063 | 387,851 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' | | |
| EQUITY ² | \$2,302,227 | \$2,109,022 |

² FASB ASC 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, provides guidance for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity and requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). Many of those instruments were previously classified as equity. Paragraphs 1–3 of FASB ASC 480-10-50 provides disclosure requirements, which include, but are not limited to, disclosing the nature and terms of financial instruments and the rights and obligations embodied in those instruments along with settlement information. For additional guidance, see the FASB website at www.fasb.org.

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Income For the Years Ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1 (Dollars in thousands)

| REVENUES | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Premiums earned | \$656,517 | \$603,461 |
| Premiums ceded | (85,632) | (78,715) |
| Net premiums earned (notes 1 and 3) | 570,885 | 524,746 |
| Net investment income | 146,683 | 130,070 |
| Net realized gains and losses on investments and | | |
| other (note 1) | 84,776 | 32,272 |
| Other | 13,288 | 8,784 |
| Total revenues | 815,632 | 695,872 |
| EXPENSE | | |
| Losses and loss-adjustment expenses (notes 1 and | | |
| 3) | 509,568 | 432,413 |
| Policyholder dividends (note 1) | 4,833 | 7,395 |
| Policy acquisition and other underwriting | | |
| expenses (note 1) | 211,239 | 185,834 |
| Other | 8,347 | 2,215 |
| Total expenses | 733,987 | 627,857 |
| Income before income taxes | 81,645 | 68,015 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes (note 5) | | |
| Current | 26,108 | 16,291 |
| Deferred | (1,007) | 881 |
| Total income taxes | 25,101 | 17,172 |
| NET INCOME | \$56,544 | \$50,843 |

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Years Ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1 (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

| | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net income | \$ 56,544 | \$ 50,843 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: | | |
| Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale | | |
| securities, net of tax expense of \$29,627 and | | |
| \$12,312 in 20X2 and 20X1, respectively | 55,022 | 22,865 |
| Reclassification adjustments for amounts | | |
| included in net income, net of tax expense of | | |
| \$(29, 671) and \$(11,295) in 20X2 and 20X1, | | |
| respectively | (55,104) | (20,977) |
| Comprehensive income | \$56,462 | \$52,731 |

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1 (Dollars in thousands)

| | Total Shareholders' | urenotuers Equity | \$ 354,620 | 50,843 | (15,000) | 7 | 1,888 | (4,500) | \$ 387,851 | | 56,544 | (17,250) | | | | | | | | (82) | \$427,063 |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| | Treasuru | | | | | | | (4,500) | \$ (4,500) | | | | | | | | | | | | \$(4,500) |
| | Retained | Earnings Earnings | \$ 315,678 | 50,843 | (15,000) | | | | \$ 351,521 | | 56,544 | (17,250) | | | | | | | | | \$390,815 |
| Accumulated | Other Commehensine | Income (Loss) | \$ 3,942 | | | 600 | 1,888 | | \$ 5,830 | | | | | | | | | | | (82) | \$5,748 |
| | Paid-in | r uu-in Capital | \$ 22,500 | | | | | | \$ 22,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | \$22,500 |
| Stock | | Amount | \$ 12,500 | | | | | | \$ 12,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | \$12,500 |
| Common Stock | | Shares | 2,500 | | | | | | 2,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2,500 |
| | | | Balance at January 1, 20X1 | 20X1 Net income | Dividends (\$6.00 per share) | Other comprehensive income | (10SS) Purchase of 200 shares of | treasury stock | Balance at December 31, 20X1 | 20X2 | Net income | Dividends (\$7.50 per share) | Cumulative effect adjustment | resulting from adoption of | FASB Interpretation No. 48, | Accounting for Uncertainty in | Income Taxes—an interpretation | of FASB Statement No. 109 | Other comprehensive income | (loss) | Balance at December 31, 20X2 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow For the Years Ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1 (Dollars in thousands)

| | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | _ | |
| Premiums collected | \$ 580,862 | \$ 536,532 |
| Losses and loss adjustment expenses paid | (356,570) | (352,411) |
| Underwriting expenses paid | (208,067) | (184,006) |
| Net realized gains on available-for-sale securities | 142,893 | 126,860 |
| Net (increase) decrease in trading securities | (424) | 1,095 |
| Income taxes paid | (30,000) | (21,300) |
| Miscellaneous receipts (payments) | (45,701) | 25,171 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 82,993 | 131,941 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchases of available-for-sale securities | (656,359) | (274,756) |
| Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities | 590,644 | 195,826 |
| Purchases of held-to-maturity securities | (49,826) | (176,871) |
| Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity | | |
| securities | 60,005 | 146,080 |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (7,000) | (2,356) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (62,536) | (112,077) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payment of dividends | (17,250) | (15,000) |
| Purchase of treasury shares | - | (4,500) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (17,250) | (19,500) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | 3,207 | 364 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 28,357 | 27,993 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$31,564 | \$28,357 |
| Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided | | |
| by operating activities | | , , |
| | | (continued) |

| | 20X2 | 20X1 |
|---|----------|-----------|
| Net income | \$56,544 | \$50,843 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash | | |
| provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 2,580 | 2,389 |
| Gains on sales of investment | (84,776) | (32,272) |
| Increase in accrued interest and dividends | (3,790) | (2,983) |
| Increase in premium and agents' balances | 917 | (718) |
| Increase in prepaid reinsurance premiums | (2,606) | (1,953) |
| Increase in reinsurance receivable | (3,447) | (892) |
| Increase in deferred policy acquisition costs | (14,033) | (10,963) |
| Increase in unpaid losses and loss adjustment | | |
| expenses | 152,998 | 112,991 |
| Increase in unearned premiums | 11,214 | 9,816 |
| Decrease in dividends payable | (955) | (820) |
| Decrease in reinsurance funds withheld | (19,857) | (18,152) |
| Increase in accrued expenses | 3,172 | 2,915 |
| Decrease in income taxes | (4,941) | (3,156) |
| Decrease (increase) in other net | (10,027) | 24,896 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$82,993 | \$131,941 |

The Property and Liability Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations. The Property and Liability Insurance Company and subsidiaries (the company) is a nonpublic insurance organization providing property and liability coverage to both domestic and foreign markets. The company is principally involved in writing insurance for domestic commercial lines.

The significant accounting policies followed by the company are summarized as follows:

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts, after intercompany eliminations, of the company and its subsidiaries.

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that differ from statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted for insurance entities by regulatory authorities.

Trading Securities. Bonds, notes, and redeemable and nonredeemable preferred stock held principally for resale in the near term are classified as trading securities and recorded at their fair values. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in other income.

Securities Held to Maturity. Bonds, notes, and redeemable and nonredeemable preferred stock for which the insurance company has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are reported at amortized cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums or discounts and other-than-temporary declines in fair value. Realized gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

Securities Available for Sale. Bonds, notes, common stock, and redeemable preferred stock not classified as either trading or held-to-maturity are reported at fair value, adjusted for other than temporary declines in fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported as a net amount in other comprehensive income. Realized gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

Mortgage Loans on Real Estate. Reported at unpaid balances, adjusted for amortization of premium or discount, less a provision for credit losses.

Real Estate. Reported at cost, less allowances for depreciation and impairment of value.

Cash Equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Recognition of Premium Revenues. Property and liability premiums are generally recognized as revenue on a pro rata basis over the policy term. The portion of premiums that will be earned in the future are deferred and reported as unearned premiums.

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs. Commissions and other costs of acquiring insurance that vary with and are primarily related to the production of new and renewal business are deferred and amortized over the terms of the policies or reinsurance treaties to which they relate. Proceeds from reinsurance transactions that represent recovery of acquisition costs shall reduce applicable unamortized acquisition costs in such a manner that net acquisition costs are capitalized and charged to expense in proportion to net revenue recognized. Amortization in 20X2 and 20X1 was approximately \$58,000,000 and \$55,000,000, respectively.

Note: FASB ASC 944-30 provides guidance on accounting by insurance entities for deferred acquisition costs on internal replacements of insurance and investment contracts other than those specifically described in FASB ASC 944-605, and the FASB ASC glossary defines an internal replacement as a modification in product benefits, features,

rights, or coverages that occurs by the exchange of a contract for a new contract, or by amendment, endorsement, or rider to a contract, or by the election of a feature or coverage within a contract. In reporting disclosures about the accounting policy on internal replacements, entities should comply primarily with the requirements of FASB ASC 944-30, and describe the accounting policy applied to internal replacements.

Property and Equipment. Property and equipment is recorded at cost and is depreciated principally under the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Insurance Liabilities. The liability for losses and loss-adjustment expenses includes an amount determined from loss reports and individual cases and an amount, based on past experience, for losses incurred but not reported. Such liabilities are necessarily based on estimates and, although management believes that the amount is adequate, the ultimate liability may be in excess of or less than the amounts provided. The methods for making such estimates and for establishing the resulting liability are continually reviewed, and any adjustments are reflected in earnings currently. The reserve for losses and loss-adjustment expenses is reported net of receivables for salvage and subrogation of approximately \$17,527,000 and \$16,276,000 at December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, respectively.

In establishing the liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses related to asbestos-related illnesses and toxic waste cleanup, management considers facts currently known and the current state of the law and coverage litigation. Liabilities are recognized for known claims (including the cost of related litigation) when sufficient information has been developed to indicate the involvement of a specific insurance policy, and management can reasonably estimate its liability. In addition, liabilities have been established to cover additional exposures on both known and unasserted claims. Estimates of the liabilities are reviewed and updated continually. Developed case law and adequate claim history do not exist for such claims, especially because significant uncertainty exists about the outcome of coverage litigation and whether past claim experience will be representative of future claim experience.

Participating Policies. Participating business represents 6 percent of total premiums in force and premium income at December 31, 20X2, and 8 percent at December 31, 20X1. The majority of participating business is composed of workers' compensation policies. The amount of dividends to be paid on these policies is determined based on the terms of the individual policies.

Reinsurance. In the normal course of business, the company seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from catastrophes or other events that cause unfavorable underwriting results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with other insurance enterprises or reinsurers. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the reinsured policy. The amount by which the liabilities associated with the reinsured policies exceed the amounts paid for retroactive reinsurance contracts is amortized in income over the estimated remaining settlement period using the interest method. The effects of subsequent changes in estimated or actual cash flows are accounted for by adjusting the previously deferred amount to the balance that would have existed had the revised estimate been available at the inception of the reinsurance transactions, with a corresponding charge or credit to income.

Codification. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) revised the Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual in a process referred to as "codification." Codification became effective on January 1, 2001. The company's state of domicile has adopted the provisions of the revised manual effective January 1, 2001. The revised manual has changed, to some extent, prescribed statutory accounting practices, and has resulted in changes to the company's statutory-basis financial statements. The cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles adopted to conform to the revised Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual of \$_has been reported as an adjustment to increase (decrease) surplus in the company's statutory-basis financial statements as of January 1, 2001.

Income Taxes. The company uses the asset and liability method as identified in FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes. Income tax provisions are based on the asset and liability method. Deferred federal income taxes have been provided for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. Such differences are related principally to the deferral of policy acquisition costs and the recognition of salvage and subrogation on an accrual basis. The company has adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, effective January 1, 20X2.

Income per Share of Common Stock. Income per share of common stock is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each year. The effect of stock options is not material to the computation of earnings per share.

2. Investments

In reporting disclosures about investments in securities, entities should comply primarily with the requirements of FASB ASC 320, *Investments—Debt and Equity Securities*. Other disclosure requirements may also be applicable.

3. Reinsurance Activity

Substantial amounts of reinsurance are assumed, both domestic and foreign. Such reinsurance includes quota share, excess of loss, catastrophe, facultative, and other forms of reinsurance on essentially all property and casualty lines of insurance. The company also cedes insurance to other entities and these reinsurance contracts do not relieve the company from its obligations to policyholders. Failure of reinsurers to honor their obligations could result in losses to the company; consequently, allowances are established for amounts deemed uncollectible. The company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from similar geographic regions, activities, or economic characteristics of the reinsurers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies. At December 31, 20X2, reinsurance receivables with a carrying value of \$8 million and prepaid reinsurance premiums of \$5 million were associated with a single reinsurer. The company holds collateral under related reinsurance agreements in the form of letters of credit totaling \$5 million that can be drawn on for amounts that remain unpaid for more than 120 days.

The company limits the maximum net loss that can arise from large risks or risks in concentrated areas of exposure by reinsuring (ceding) certain levels of risks with other insurers or reinsurers, either on an automatic basis under general reinsurance contracts known as "treaties" or by negotiation on substantial individual risks. Ceded reinsurance is treated as the risk and liability of the assuming entities.

The effect of reinsurance on premiums written and earned for 20X2 and 20X1 are as follows:

| | (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 20X2 | 20X2 | | |
| | Written | Earned | Written | Earned |
| Direct | \$ 477,836 | \$457,828 | \$420,580 | \$415,369 |
| Assumed | 206,814 | 198,689 | 207,328 | 188,092 |
| Ceded | (102,551) | (85,632) | (86,100) | (78,715) |
| Net | <u>\$ 582,099</u> | <u>\$570,885</u> | <u>\$541,808</u> | <u>\$524,746</u> |

The amounts of recoveries pertaining to reinsurance contracts that were deducted from losses incurred during 20X2 and 20X1 were approximately \$4,892,000 and \$3,232,000, respectively.

4. Liability for Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is summarized as follows:

| | (Dollars in thousands) | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | 20X2 | 20X1 |
| Balance at January 1 | \$1,030,345 | \$947,890 |
| Less reinsurance recoverables | 23,728 | 21,275 |
| Net Balance at January 1 | 1,006,617 | 926,615 |
| Incurred related to: | | |
| Current year | 509,843 | 429,294 |
| Prior years | (275) | 3,119 |
| Total incurred | 509,568 | 432,413 |
| Paid related to: | | |
| Current year | 56,015 | 42,315 |
| Prior years | 300,555 | 310,096 |
| Total paid | 356,570 | 352,411 |
| Net Balance at December 31 | 1,159,615 | 1,006,617 |
| Plus reinsurance recoverables | 23,728 | 23,728 |
| Balance at December 31 | <u>\$1,183,343</u> | \$1,030,345 |

As a result of changes in estimates of insured events in prior years, the provision of losses and loss adjustment expenses (net of reinsurance recoveries of \$X and \$X in 20X2 and 20X1, respectively) decreased by \$275 in 20X2 because of lower-than-anticipated losses on Hurricane Howard, and increased by \$3,119 in 20X1 because of higher-than-anticipated losses and related expenses for claims for asbestos-related illnesses, toxic waste cleanup, and workers' compensation.

5. Income Taxes

The U.S. Federal statutory income tax rate applicable to ordinary income is 34 percent for 20X2 and 20X1. The company's effective federal income tax rate is less than the statutory rate due primarily to tax exempt interest, dividends-received deduction, and fresh start adjustments.

The components of the net deferred tax liability are as follows:

| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|--|
| | 20X2 | 20X1 | |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs | \$17,093 | \$17,298 | |
| Salvage and subrogation | 12,901 | 11,734 | |
| Other | 4,090 | 6,101 | |
| Deferred tax liability | \$34,084 | \$35,133 | |

The company has net operating loss carryforwards for tax purposes of \$35,297 and investment tax credit carryforwards of \$49,396. The tax loss carryforwards (if not utilized against taxable income) and investment tax credit carryforwards expire beginning in 20XX and continuing through 20YY.

The company paid income taxes of \$30,000 in 20X2 and \$21,300 in 20X1.

The company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various states and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state, and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 20XX. The IRS commenced an examination of the company's U.S. income tax returns for 20XX through 20YY in the first quarter of 20X2 that is anticipated to be completed by the end of 20X2. As of December 31, 20X2, the IRS has proposed certain significant adjustments to the company's transfer pricing tax positions. Management is currently

evaluating those proposed adjustments to determine if it agrees, but if accepted, the company does not anticipate the adjustments would result in a material change to its financial position. However, the company anticipates that it is reasonably possible that an additional payment in the range of \$XX to \$YY million will be made by the end of 20X2.

The company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48 on January 1, 20X2. As a result of the implementation of FASB Interpretation No. 48, the company recognized approximately a \$2xx million increase in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 20X2, balance of retained earnings. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

| | (in thousands) |
|---|----------------|
| Balance at January 1, 20X2 | \$XX |
| Additions based on tax positions related to the | |
| current year | \$XX |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years | \$XX |
| Reductions for tax positions of prior years | \$(XX) |
| Settlements | \$(XX) |
| Balance at December 31, 20x2 | \$XX |

Included in the balance at December 31, 20X2, are \$XX million of tax positions for which the ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. Because of the impact of deferred tax accounting, other than interest and penalties, the disallowance of the shorter deductibility period would not affect the annual effective tax rate but would accelerate the payment of cash to the taxing authority to an earlier period.

The company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. During the years ended December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, the company recognized approximately \$XX and \$XX million in interest and penalties. The company had approximately \$XX and \$50XX million for the payment of interest and penalties accrued at December 31, 20X2, and 20X1, respectively.

6. Dividends From Subsidiaries

The funding of the cash requirements of the company (parent company) is primarily provided by cash dividends from the company's subsidiaries. Dividends paid by the insurance subsidiaries are restricted by regulatory requirements of the domiciliary states. Generally, the maximum dividend that may be paid without prior regulatory approval is limited to the greater of 10 percent of statutory surplus (shareholders' equity on a statutory basis) or 100 percent of net investment income for the prior year. Dividends exceeding these limitations can generally be made subject to approval by various state insurance departments. The subsidiaries paid cash dividends to the company of \$24,754,000 and \$22,100,000 in 20X2 and 20X1, respectively. At December 31, 20X2, the maximum dividend that may be paid to the company in 20X3 without regulatory approval is approximately \$146,000,000.

7. Statutory Net Income and Shareholders' Equity

The company, which is domiciled in ABC State, prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with accounting principles and practices prescribed or permitted by the ABC state insurance department, which (state of domicile) recognizes for determining solvency under the (state of domicile) Insurance Law. The commissioner of the state of domicile Insurance Department has the right to permit other practices that may deviate from prescribed practices. Prescribed statutory accounting practices are those practices that are incorporated directly or by reference in state laws, regulations, and general administrative rules applicable to all insurance enterprises domiciled in (state of domicile). Permitted statutory accounting practices encompass all accounting practices that are not prescribed; such practices differ from state to state, may differ from entity to entity within a state, and may change in the future.

Note: Although the following statutory financial information is not required to be disclosed in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, insurance entities sometimes include such disclosures to facilitate use of those financial statements for purposes of filing with state regulatory authorities. The second disclosure is required under FASB ASC 944-505-50.

Generally accepted accounting principles differ in certain respects from the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by insurance regulatory authorities (statutory basis). Statutory net income was approximately \$35.7 million and \$52.7 million in 20X2 and 20X1, respectively, and statutory shareholders' equity, including the effects of prescribed and permitted practices was approximately \$347.2 million and \$299.7 million at December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, respectively.

The company's statutory financial statements are presented on the basis of accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the [state of domicile] Insurance Department. [State of domicile] has adopted the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual as the basis of its statutory accounting practices (NAIC statutory accounting principles [SAPs]), except that it has retained the prescribed practice of writing off goodwill immediately to statutory surplus in the year of acquisition.

In addition, the commissioner of [state of domicile] Insurance Department has the right to permit other specific practices that may deviate from prescribed practices. The commissioner has permitted the company to record its home office property at estimated fair value instead of at depreciated cost, as required by NAIC SAPs. This accounting practice increased statutory capital and surplus by \$___ million and \$__ million at December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, respectively, over what it would have been had the permitted practice not been allowed. The company's statutory capital and surplus, including the effects of the permitted practice, was \$__ million and \$__ million at December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, respectively.

Had the company amortized its goodwill over 10 years and recorded its home office property at depreciated cost, in accordance with NAIC SAPs, the company's capital and surplus would have been \$___ million and \$___ million at December 31, 20X2 and 20X1, respectively.

8. Contingencies

In November —, California voters passed Proposition 103, requiring insurers doing business in that state to roll back property/casualty premium prices to November — levels, less an additional 20 percent discount. Insurers challenged the constitutionality of Proposition 103, and in May — the California Supreme Court upheld the proposition in large part. However, the Court also ruled that the rollback provision does not apply to an insurer who demonstrates through rate filings that the rate rollback would not allow a "fair and reasonable return." The company filed for exemption from the rate rollback for all lines affected by Proposition 103. In September —, the California Insurance Commissioner announced that the company would be afforded a hearing and, using different assumptions and methods than prescribed for the original filing, determined that the company should roll back its rates and refund premiums of \$19 million. The company disagrees with the Commissioner's methods and conclusions, and no provision for potential rate rollbacks or premium refunds is reflected in the financial results.

In October —, the Commissioner suspended the individual hearings and began a consolidated hearing, in which the company is participating, intended to define the generic issue of the methods to be used to calculate potential rate rollbacks and analyze future rate filings. Until the generic issues are resolved in the Commissioner's consolidated hearing, there will be uncertainty as to whether the company will ultimately be required to roll back any of its rates or refund any premiums. Management believes such rate rollbacks and premium refunds, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the company's financial position.

9. Concentrations of Credit Risk

At December 31, 20X2, the company held unrated or less-than-investment grade corporate debt securities of \$_____ net of reserves for losses, with an aggregate market value of \$_____. Those holdings amounted to 6 percent of the company's corporate debt securities investments and less than 3 percent of total assets. The holdings of less-than-investment grade securities are widely diversified and of satisfactory quality based on the company's investment policies and credit standards. The company also invests in mortgage loans principally involving commercial real estate. At December 31, 20X2, 20 percent of such mortgages (\$______)

involved properties located in California and Arizona. Such investments consist of first mortgage liens on completed income-producing properties, and mortgages on individual properties do not exceed \$_____.

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments3

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash and Short Term Investments. For those short term instruments, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Investment in Securities. For investments in securities, fair values are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Mortgage Loans on Real Estate and Policy Loans. The fair value of mortgage loans on real estate is estimated using the quoted market prices for securities backed by similar loans, adjusted for differences in loan characteristics. The fair value of policy loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to contract holders with similar credit ratings and the same remaining maturities.

The estimated fair values of the company's financial instruments which are not disclosed on the face of the balance sheet or elsewhere in the notes are as follows:

| | 20X2 | | 20X1 | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| Mortgage on real estate loans Policy loans | \$472,509 19,862 | \$474,163 20,974 | \$398,426 18,623 | \$401,582 19,953 |

 $^{^{3}}$ FASB ASC 825-10-50 provides guidance that makes the disclosures about fair value of financial instruments optional for entities that meet all of the following criteria:

a. The entity is a nonpublic entity.

b. The entity's total assets are less than \$100 million on the date of the financial statements.

c. The entity has no instrument that, in whole or in part, is accounted for as a derivative instrument under FASB Statement No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, other than commitments related to the origination of mortgage loans to be held for sale, during the reporting period.

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes a framework for measuring fair value that applies broadly to financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities and improves the consistency, comparability, and reliability of the measurements.

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